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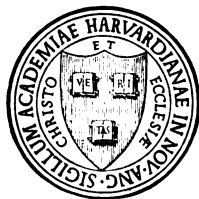


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THE
LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM

Being a Brief Account

OF THE PAST TEN YEARS OF THE EXISTENCE
AND PROGRESS OF THE INSTITUTION ESTABLISHED IN THE HIMALAYAS,

BY THE LATE

Sir H. M. Lawrence R.C.B.

FOR THE ORPHAN AND OTHER CHILDREN
OF EUROPEAN SOLDIERS SERVING
OR HAVING SERVED IN
INDIA.

SANAWUR;

Printed at the Lawrence Military Asylum Press,
by RUTTUN SINGH.

1858.



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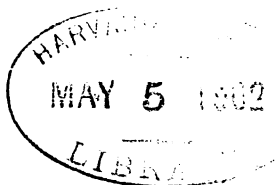
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J. Edward Hall

SOME ACCOUNT
OF THE
LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM.

PREFACE.

THE following pages have been prepared at the desire of the late lamented Founder of the Lawrence Military Asylum; who, contemplating retirement, was anxious to carry with him to England a brief but authentic narrative of the past history of the Institution; the perusal of which might excite an interest in the Asylum, among the wealthier classes at home, and induce them to contribute liberally to its support, and thus to assist in extending its means of usefulness.

Though principally intended by Sir H. Lawrence, for circulation in England; the contents of this little book will be equally new, and perhaps more interesting to many in India. For such is the ever changing character of Indian Society, and such the isolation of its members, that there are yet, in this and the sister presidencies many who never heard of the Lawrence Asylum, and many more who are either wholly or partially uninformed as to its character and objects.

Much has not been said in advocacy of the claims of the Institution. These are self evident. And these pages will effectually urge such claims, if they succeed in shewing, that those connected with its management are honestly and zealously endeavouring to make it worthy of the benevolent designs of its Founder.

SOME ACCOUNT OF THE LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM

CHAPTER I.

The Lawrence Military Asylum owes its existence to the Christian kindness and liberality of Sir Henry and Lady Lawrence; concerning whom, now that both have been removed from the scene of their earthly trial, it is only a tribute of passing justice to say that India never saw two persons more entirely devoted to the welfare of those among whom their lot was cast, or more thoroughly and unostentatiously benevolent, charitable and patriotic.

The pages of the succeeding history will show the carefulness and wisdom with which they endeavoured, under God's blessing, to render the means entrusted to them, and which they dispensed with rare and munificent liberality, available for the greatest possible good, in this, the chief of the many christian works to which they gave up their hearts: and deeply must all who are concerned in the welfare of the noble Institution which bears their name, feel the loss, not alone of the large portion of its outward means and sources of revenue, which has been cut off by their death, but, even still more, of the earnest solicitude and devoted zeal for the best interests of the Institution which they continually manifested, and of the wise and considerate care with which they laboured to promote and secure its permanence and efficiency.

For years, before any step was taken towards the establishment of an Institution, the minds of both Sir Henry and Lady Lawrence were much occupied with the difficulties with which the European Soldier had to

struggle in the education and christian training of his children. They were no strangers to the interior of the barrack room, and they knew well that its atmosphere was often such as must nip virtue in the bud, and render all attempts to instil principles of piety and morality, into the young mind exposed to it, almost nugatory, and this even with the greatest care and attention on the part of their parents and teachers, but where this was wanting, as alas! too often happened, where children had lost their parents, or where parents themselves set the worst example to their children, the almost inevitable consequences were distressing even to think of.

Moreover the climate of the plains has a permanently debilitating influence upon the constitutions of European children, who grow up in it sickly and weakly and never obtain the vigor and strength of their parents.

Since the first efforts for the establishment of an Asylum were made, much has been done on the part of a paternal Government to remove, as much as possible, the evils to which the soldier was exposed; and the danger, and difficulties above alluded to, have consequently been lessened to a certain extent. The increased size of the, now magnificent, Barracks, the separate and spacious quarters provided for married soldiers and their families, the additional domestic advantages supplied to them, and the care which has been evinced even in the minutest details to promote the comfort and health of the soldier, have doubtless had a most beneficial effect.

The regimental schools also have of late been greatly improved in efficiency; Trained masters are being gradually appointed to each regiment; for which purpose the Government has lately established a normal school at Sanawur in connection with the Lawrence Military Asylum. A Superintendent of Regimental Schools has been appointed, and great care and attention are now paid to the proper discipline and education of the children.

Still with all the improvement in the condition of the Soldier which has already been effected, or which may, as it is be hoped, still be in contemplation, it must yet be most desirable to remove children as far as possible from the demoralizing scenes and temptations which must always be found in a Barrack life, and which cannot fail to be injurious to youthful minds, especially the minds of female children, and to secure for them an Asylum in which their youth may be spent free from these disadvantages. In the words of Sir H. Lawrence in the first regulation (*see rules*) "to provide for the orphan and other children of Soldiers serving or having served in India, an asylum from the debilitating effects of a tropical climate, and the demoralizing influence of Barrack-life; wherein they may obtain the benefits of a bracing climate, a healthy moral atmosphere, and a plain, useful, and above all religious education, adapted to fit them for employment suited to their position in life, and with the divine blessing to make them consistent Christians, and intelligent, and useful members of Society."

But how was this object to be effected? Both Sir H. and Lady Lawrence through the medium of the press, set forth the hardships incident to the position of the married Soldier, and the need of aid to secure for him in India the same advantages, as regards the education of his children, which are available to men of his class at home. Many congenial minds partook in the generous impulse and in 1846 after much consultation with private friends, and discussion of the subject, in the newspapers a public meeting was resolved upon. It took place at Lahore on the 10th March 1846, and, from such slight information as the writer recollects having received from various sources, there appears to have been much warm controversy on one subject—that of religious differences.

This might have been expected; men, though willing to give way in matters of ordinary concern, are jealous, and rightly so, in matters affecting religious

principle. Nor can the majority always be expected to distinguish accurately between religious *principles* and religious *opinions*. The supporters of the resolution to establish an Asylum were mostly members of the Church of England, and Kirk of Scotland. Between their belief and that of Evangelical dissenters there was not much to excite antagonism; but between *their* principles and those of the Roman Catholic Church there was a wide difference, and perhaps some amount of prejudice on both sides. After much debate nothing was decided, except, that subscriptions were to be solicited for the erection of buildings for an institution for soldiers' children; An Institution in whose schools the Bible should be read, and in which each child might be at liberty to learn the catechism of the religious community to which its parents might belong. A committee was named to carry out these provisions.

Sir Henry Lawrence fixed on a picturesque site near Kussowlee, the hill of Sanawur; so named from a moderately large Brahminee village on one of its sides. Here was excellent water, some few spots of level ground, and an extent of 115 acres of pasturage lying above the level of the villages and sufficiently removed from them. It was, too, mostly uncultivated, for the waterhead was low down the slope of the hill and there were but two small patches of arable land and these cultivable only during the rains. It was near enough to Kussowlee to obtain supplies easily, and protection from the Garrison if needed; and far enough removed from a Military Station to avoid the inconveniences likely to attend too near proximity.—It may be added for the information of the reader in England that it is situated in North Latitude 31 and East Longitude 77.

Here a small building was erected under the superintendence of Mr. Hodson, of the 1st Europeans, then quartered at Subathoo, who kindly offered his services as architect. It was capable of roughly accommodating about 30 children during the erection of a second and much larger building from plans kindly furnished by Colonel Napier of the Engineers.

Before the first named building was roofed, (about April 1847) Mrs. George Lawrence arrived at Sanawur with 14 children of both sexes, these had been kindly cared for by her on their journey, and were accommodated in tents till the building could be got ready for their reception. Thus a commencement was made; Mr. Healy, an apothecary of the H. E. I. Co.'s Establishment who had taken a diploma as a member of the College of Surgeons, having been appointed by Govt. at the request of Sir Henry Lawrence to the Medical Charge, had just before arrived, and acted, until the arrival of the present Principal in January 1848, in the threefold capacity of Medical Officer, Secretary and Superintendent under the direction of Mrs. Lawrence.

The first struggle with difficulties which generally forms the history of Educational and other Institutions, though interesting to those who were engaged in them, would scarcely prove so to the reader. Such difficulties are surmounted at home more easily than in this country where suitable instruments can seldom be obtained when most wanted. It was a period of severe trial, physical and mental to those concerned in the management. One source of trouble was the incompetency of the assistants to carry out plans and systems to which they were unaccustomed and with which they had little sympathy; they had never seen their results worked out, and doubted the practicability of introducing them in India. Native feelings and habits as regards cleanliness, tidiness, order and punctuality, industry and helpfulness had to be broken through and these duties enforced by example on the pupils—when some of those whose duty it was to enforce them had only learned to regard them as troublesome virtues. There was in truth almost no agency at hand for the great purpose of moral training. Disappointments great and many had to be endured. The case seemed almost hopeless, and the feeling that after all, the struggle must be given up and things left to take their own course would sometimes obtrude itself, and it often required the exertion of an energy superior to one's own

to triumph over such feelings, and to assume a spirit of hopefulness, and determination to conquer.

Up to the end of the second year of its existence there had been no public declaration of the religious principles on which the Institution was to be carried on. As before stated, those who first met publicly to decree its existence, had defined nothing on this head; and many of its supporters, of various opinions, were anxious that some definite position should be taken, which, if it could not satisfy all parties, might at least preserve the Institution from lying under the imputation of unfairness to those who might, under incorrect impressions, be induced to subscribe, or send their children. It was therefore determined in committee, that a code of laws should be at once drawn up. This was an anxious work, requiring great patience, forbearance and judgment. The members of the Committee were not all of the same religious persuasion; and stormy discussions might have in the end defeated the object in view, but for the candour and good sense displayed. Every proposition was thoroughly weighed and canvassed. All kept steadily in mind the great object of religious comprehension, and the necessity of unity: and all were ready to sacrifice opinions, though not acknowledged principles, to the immensely greater importance of a large hearted charity.

The solution of the *religious* difficulty was by no means easy. It was acknowledged in the deliberation, as a fundamental principle, that, in such an Institution, religion ought to be, as it were, the ground-work and basis of all other instruction: that it should enter into domestic arrangements and discipline, and pervade the whole system. So far all were agreed. But how to carry out such religious training without offence to the prejudices and views of Roman Catholics, to which class about one third of our European Soldiers belong, was felt to be a matter requiring the utmost circumspection.

The high Christian character of Sir Henry Lawrence, caused him to approach the discussion of this subject

with much care and anxiety. On the one hand he could not forget the great importance of those distinctive differences of creed to which he held fast as an enlightened member of the Church of England, nor the fact, that, together with himself, the greater part, it might be said almost the whole body, of subscribers were protestants by profession and principle, and therefore that the Institution must be considered, in its fundamental character, as essentially a *Protestant Institution*. On the other hand, in his large and extended charity, knowing that in all probability no similar Institution for the exclusive benefit of Roman Catholics could be, or would be likely to be, founded, he was most desirous that all the children of these, equally with all the children of Protestant soldiers, should be eligible to to the benefits of the Institution.

As a first step towards meeting the difficulty, he addressed a letter to the R. C. Bishop at Agra, proposing to build a Chapel and a house for a Roman Catholic clergyman, in order to provide for the religious instruction of the children of that persuasion. But the Bishop replied by requesting that he would not do so, as nothing would satisfy him short of the employment of Roman Catholic teachers also. This proposition could not of course be listened to, as it involved an entire change in the proposed Religious character of the Institution; while the establishment of an entirely separate school and buildings for the R. C. Children, was rendered impossible, even if there had been no other objections, by the great outlay which it would have occasioned. Had it been otherwise, there was yet another and insuperable objection in the evil of introducing religious differences and animosities within the Institution which all were most anxious, as far as possible, to avoid.

All that remained therefore, was to draw up, in as equitable and liberal a spirit as possible, some regulations by which the R. C. children would be always left at liberty to receive the religious instruction pro-

vided for them by any minister of their church, and would also be protected from any interference with their own belief.

As the Institution was essentially a Protestant one, and almost wholly supported (as before explained) by the contributions of Protestant subscribers, and these mostly members of the united Church of England and Ireland, it was felt that it could only be properly managed by a Principal and teachers of the same persuasion, and that the daily religious services and teaching would be best carried out by them according to the rites and doctrines of this Church. But for all children whose parents were of other persuasions, not only or those of Romanist parents, though these were most considered as forming the great majority of this class, but also for children of Presbyterians, or of any of the various Protestant sects, every facility should be afforded for religious instruction by their own ministers who might desire to visit them regularly for this purpose. The Romanist clergymen for instance in the three neighbouring stations, might possibly determine to visit their children by turns once or twice a week, and every facility and assistance should be afforded to them in securing the uninterrupted attendance of the children during the hours for religious instruction laid down in the general rules of the Institution.

On the other hand it was felt that religious instruction could not, on any account, be neglected in any case: and therefore all children who, from any cause, should be deprived of the teaching of ministers of their own persuasion, must be obliged to attend the regular religious services and teaching of the Institution itself: care being taken here also, that while plain and sound instruction, according to God's Holy word, should be carefully given to all, there should, in the Bible teaching of the school be no attempt on the part of the teachers to prejudice them against their parents creed.

For these reasons it was decided, that "the respective Catechisms of the various Christian

communities might be used in private by the children of each denomination."

And that in "the religious lessons given in open Rule XXXIV. school, all leading truths of Christianity shall be inculcated, but without any unnecessary allusion to disputed points of faith and practice."

Rule 36 provides "that the authorised version of the Bible shall be read in the school"; Rule 37 "for the attendance of Priests of the R. C. Church and accredited Ministers of Evangelical denominations" for the religious instruction of children as before explained and Rule 38: further provides that they shall have free access at all convenient hours to the sick children in the infirmary."

Liberal as these rules are, and admirably qualified as they seem to be to meet the objects for which they were devised, it was perhaps hardly to be expected that they would fully coincide with the wishes or provide for the objections of every one concerned. They have however been very generally approved of by liberal men of all shades of opinion; they received the hearty concurrence and sanction of Sir H. Lawrence and those who then acted with him; and they have always been most carefully and honorably carried out according to the spirit and intention with which they were framed.

This subject has been dwelt on with some minuteness here, because this history of the Institution will probably come into the hands of many Roman Catholic parents, who may be desirous of full information from which to decide whether, or not, they can consistently avail themselves of the benefits of the Institution. It is only fair that they should thus be told, that the Institution although essentially Protestant, and maintained according to the doctrines of the Church of England, is yet, not the less, free and open to children of all Christian denominations to whom every facility is freely afforded for religious instruction by the ministers of their own persuasion who may be willing to visit

them at the regular and appointed times for this purpose: while all children, of whatsoever denomination, who from any cause, are deprived of this benefit, must, in such case, attend the course of general religious and scriptural instruction provided by the Institution itself on the principles before explained.

CHAPTER II.

The present Principal on his arrival found 34 children in the Institution. His first care was to select from among these such as exhibited intellectual promise, and to give them separate instruction in the evenings. Thus, what is called, a Pupil Teachers' class, was formed and the foundation laid of the system which at present obtains. All the children were excessively ignorant. Some could write and read tolerably, but none had been taught to think; and past neglect made it very difficult to draw out the latent power; but patience and perseverance soon effected a change. The young teachers kept a little a head of the children to be taught, and, being well grounded in the lessons to be given, soon became tolerably efficient. Things began slowly, but surely to improve.

As the members increased, a semi-military organization was introduced. Boy non-commissioned officers were appointed; and orderlies, and assistant orderlies amongst the girls. The children were divided into companies, the elder children having charge of the younger as comrades—5 companies constituted a division, superintended by a school Sergeant, in the boys, a matron in the girls department. The children paraded to the sound of the bugle, and were taught the duty of prompt obedience by being made to go through their various duties with military precision. They were taught to be helpful and independent, by requiring from them a considerable share in domestic duties; making their own beds, assisting the younger, and tending the sick. On the little officers was devolved the responsibility of seeing the regulations carried out, and on the adult Sergeants that of seeing that these discharged their duty aright and of reporting to the principal any deviation from the established routine. Thus advantage was taken of the previous associations of the children, to sur-

round those among them disposed to be unruly, with a fence of discipline which they found it difficult to break through.

The Boys were clad in the uniform of the artillery, as a complement to the founder.—A blue coat with red facings, grey trousers, and a leathern helmet. The girls, in a jacket of drab edged with scarlet, and white bonnets and tippets.

Every department was in due time reduced to system.

The school had to surmount the greatest difficulties in attaining efficiency. The masters engaged proved unsuited to their work and there was little choice to be had in the selection of others.—But the good work went on, on the whole, satisfactorily though slowly, and every year saw manifest progress in every department.

The Revd. Dr. Duff well known in India as a competent judge in all that relates to the details of scholastic management,—and who visited the institution in the third year of its career gave the following testimony to the success of the plans adopted, in a letter to the Friend of India.

“Having recently visited the Lawrence Asylum near Kussowlee, and having been greatly delighted with the whole of the arrangements, as well as the general progress of the pupils in improved personal habits, and mental and moral attainments, I deem it a duty which I owe to the cause of humanity, to throw in my humble mite of recommendation, in favor of this admirable Institution.

Looking at the physical regime, I found the accommodation in every way ample and airy—all the apartments being thoroughly ventilated. The attached system of washing and bathing and wardrobe rooms, seemed at once convenient and complete. Every pupil was neatly and warmly clad—and each—had a separate couch, with abundance of clean bedding.

The personal appearance of the pupils, both male and female, really astonished me—suddenly arriving

as I did, from among the languid forms and pale faces of the southern plains. I felt as if I had dropped from the clouds among groups of children on the breezy, heathery slopes of the Grampians. They all looked so tidy and healthy—so hale and stout—so imbued with athletic energy :—while their round and chubby cheeks seemed to vie in glowing blushes with the freshest rose of summer. Ah, thought I, how might the British mothers of Calcutta and elsewhere—encompassed though they be, with all the elegancies of art and all the luxuries and comforts which ingenuity can contrive—how might they envy the sturdy, robust frames, and rosy cheeks of those hill-reared orphans and children of the common British Soldier!

The system of discipline I found to be rigid, yet mellowed by kindness—all persuasive—extending not merely to the school room, but to the bed room, the bathing room, and play-ground diffusing itself through every department of labour, recreation and rest. This is accomplished by means of several gradations of youthful officers selected from the boys themselves—modelled somewhat after the military fashion—but all under the immediate guidance and direction of the Superintendent;—who, in addition to the forth putting of his authority, as the controlling power, is in the habit of easily, naturally and happily applying the sanctions of God's word in his varied instructions and decisions. This system of what may be called "self-management" may be truly reported as having been attended with complete success. The pupils feel that they are under a kind but rigorous, constant and vigilant oversight; the natural tendency to outbreaks of violence is repressed; the ordinary evil propensities are subjected to continual restraint: and habits of regularity and order, neatness, and cleanliness, truth-telling and honesty, straightforward frankness and mutual kindness are gradually formed.

The subjects of study,—consisting of the common branches of reading, writing, arithmetic, history, geog-

raphy—are, from the nature of the case, as yet somewhat elementary. But, in all of these, the pupils have made as much progress as could possibly have been expected, within so short a period; more especially, when we consider the rawness and rudeness of the materials to be operated upon, and the many initial difficulties of every kind that had to be encountered and overcome. Rather, may I truly say, that in this respect also, as in most other, what I witnessed rather exceeded than fell short of my anticipations. The great aim is to awaken the pupils into something like life, and have them thoroughly grounded in whatever they learn. Accordingly, they are no longer mere lumps of sluggish inertness, such as most of them once were and such as their untrained and less favoured fellows in the barrack rooms, still are. Their minds have been aroused from their natural state of indolence and stagnation; gleams of intelligence and right feeling have begun to sparkle in their eyes and animate their countenances; habits of attention and thoughtfulness have visibly begun to supersede the listlessness and ennui of dormant spirits;—in short, a good and sure foundation has already been laid; and nothing but time and perseverance is wanting to rear upon it a noble superstructure.

Their religious duties and habits are also assiduously attended to. Every day is commenced and ended with devotional exercises—consisting of prayers, the singing of hymns, and the reading of selected portions of God's word. On the Lord's day there are two full services of public worship. The holy scriptures are daily read, not as a matter of rote, but carefully, solemnly, as the oracles of the living God. Now, from actual inspection and examination it affords me the sincerest pleasure to testify to the unexaggerated correctness of this very gratifying statement. And I do so the more cheerfully, because I know that one of the fundamental rules has been so worded as to awaken serious doubts and apprehensions in many minds. It is there stated, "that in the religious lessons given in

open school, such leading truths of Christianity as all receive shall be inculcated without allusion to disputed points of faith or practice." This it must be owned, is rather vague and ambiguous; and it is to be hoped, that, in a revised edition, the vagueness and ambiguity will be removed;—since, by due inquiry on the spot I satisfied myself that no essential doctrine of pure evangelica! Christianity was omitted from the course of instruction."

The Committee in their report at this period confirmed the foregoing testimony. They say:—"This system of self-management has been attended with complete success; few offences now occur; and those reported are generally such as in many schools would be very lightly regarded."

The children rise at 5 to 6.
 Breakfast at 7
 Attend school from 9 to 12 & 2 to 4.
 Sup at 5 to 6.
 Retire to rest at 7 to 8.

The daily diet is regulated by a Steward who endeavours, by occasional changes in the mode of preparing the food, to make it agreeable to the children. The quantities allowed for each child are as follows;

Meat 8 oz
 Bread 16 oz
 Rice and Vegetables . . . about 8 oz
 Milk about 16 oz
 Sugar $\frac{1}{4}$ oz
 Puddings extra, twice a week.

Some of the elder children who are engaged in the school or industrial departments, as assistants in carrying out the domestic routine, are indulged with a separate table, on which, besides the ordinary diet some little extra is always to be found.

All these arrangements had the sanction and approval of Sir H. Lawrence who thus records his first visit to the Asylum.

"Last month I had the pleasure of remaining 14 days at Sanawur and observing the working of the system introduced by the Revd. Mr. Parker there, the food, clothing, and lodging of the children are all good, and no where could be seen a healthier, happier set, than on the play-grounds of the Asylum.

The children manifest a satisfactory degree of intelligence, and have made a fair progress in their studies. Their scriptural instruction is conducted with care and simplicity, and it is pleasant to observe the effect their taking a part in the Public worship has in keeping up their attention

Lady Lawrence carefully examined the Girl's dormitories, wardrobes, &c. and was perfectly satisfied with their cleanliness and propriety. She was also highly pleased with the girls progress in *useful* needle-work. The progress of the institution in all points exceeded my expectations."

(Signed) H. M. LAWRENCE.

The progress of the institution towards its present state, will perhaps be best shewn by the extracts from the successive reports and Visitor's Book and by the reports of the official visitors—which follow.

"It is with much pleasure that I now make my first report as visitor for the board of Guardians, the state of the Asylum is very satisfactory. I spent the morning and part of the afternoon in the school and witnessed the admirable system of tuition adopted by the Revd Mr. Parker; the boys are much improved, the girls are improving. I was present with the children at meals. The quality of the food was very good; and the quantity abundant; the general health of the children is good; seven girls only were in hospital. Boys and girls were most cleanly in their persons, &c. &c."

(Signed) J. NORGATE.

Chaplain of Subathoo, Visitor.

The 2nd Report says: "Since the publication of the first report in April 1849, the number of children has been more than doubled and a still larger number would have been received but for the necessity of expending considerable sums in providing additional conveniences, and perfecting existing arrangements.

It affords the Committee much satisfaction to be able to state, as their sincere conviction, derived as well as from personal and frequent inspection of the institution as from the recorded opinions of those who have had opportunities of forming a correct judgment of its state, that the plans on which the management has been conducted, have been attended with the most gratifying success.

The progress of the children in intellectual acquirements has, as they believe, been steady and satisfactory. The object in the scholastic department has been, not to excite attention by the display of precocious intelligence, but to lay a solid foundation of useful knowledge, adapted to the situation in life and future prospects of the pupils. The moral and religious training of the children, as the great, primary object, of the institution, has, however, had the first and most careful attention. This is ever a work requiring much patient labour. The success of which can always be best appreciated by those actually engaged upon it. Much has already been done by that constant exercise of the firm, but gentle discipline of the physical habits to which the children are subjected; and much is hoped for from the constant inculcation of the high and holy motives of christianity based on the word of God. In carrying out plans of physical and moral discipline, a system of mutual responsibility has been established which of itself has been found to form a powerful auxiliary in the formation of character. Much cause for gratitude exists in the improvement visible in many; in the growth of habits of mind and body which it is most desirable to form in children; In increased con-

scientiousness, carefulness, and diligence in the discharge of the little duties of their position. The result, it is hoped, of a more correct appreciation of individual influence and responsibility.

The majority of the children are very young, and, though it is in these that the advantage of the system of training will ultimately be most distinctly visible. Yet this circumstance must necessarily retard the arrival of the institution at the state of maturity, when its working may be said to have been fairly tested.

The Industrial department, which is a prominent feature in the scheme of education proposed to be carried out in the Asylum, has not yet been commenced, although something has been done in the way of preparation. Considerable difficulty has been experienced in securing such assistance in this department, as will render it—what it must be to be efficient—something more than a mere training in handicraft, a part of the all pervading system of moral training to be carried out. Unless the services of assistants of good moral and religious character can be secured in this department, much of the good effected in the school will be undone in the workshop. And whilst the pecuniary interest of the institution might possibly be advanced, what is of infinitely more consequence, its efficiency as a moral Training School will be correspondingly impaired and retarded. This difficulty it is, however hoped, will shortly be overcome.”

During the years 1851-52 the number of pupils had increased to 179.—104 Boys 75 Girls. Only 17 of these were above the age of 14, the rest ranging from $2\frac{1}{2}$ years to that age.

The report for 1851 says; “The difficulties which had to be surmounted—difficulties known only to those who have assisted in the establishment of charitable educational institutions in India, have not been few or slight; but these difficulties are gradually disappearing, and each department of the Institution is assuming a permanent shape,

Since the publication of the last Report, the erection of the Chapel-and-School-hall has been completed. This has added materially to the comfort and convenience of the inmates, and has greatly contributed to the developement of the educational plans of the Institution. Architecturally considered the building forms an elegant addition to the previous erections. Here on the sabbath the little community, with their Officers, meet twice for the celebration of Divine Worship, and it is pleasant to find these services an evident source of enjoyment to the children, who heartily take their part in them, and listen with more than usual attention to the instruction given. On week-days the greater portion of the hall is devoted to educational purposes, the arrangement of seats in classes having been made with special reference to this use. A fair progress has been made by the children in their studies. The superior classes have been frequently examined by Visitors to the Institution, who have unanimously expressed great satisfaction with the proficiency shown in the various subjects in which they are receiving instruction."

On the 17th of September 1851 the date on which the new chapel was finally opened for divine worship, His excellency the Commander-in-Chief and Lady Gomm laid the foundation of a new house to accommodate 250 Girls, to be proceeded with as the means should be afforded of maintaining workmen upon it. The Governor General and the Commander-in-Chief left the following record of their respective visits to the Institution in the Visitor's book.

"I am anxious to express how highly gratified I have been by my visit, made yesterday morning, to the Lawrence Asylum."

All that has met my eye, in a necessarily hasty course of observation, gives me assurance of the value of the Institution, healthiness of its locality and the excellence of its direction.

"I anticipate the most beneficial results generally to society, and especially to that class of it, to which it

is my pride to belong, from the working of the Institution, and I shall watch its progress with a deep interest. In the course of this day Lady Gomm has also visited the Institution, and has derived a satisfaction equal to my own from all that has fixed her attention there. We have directed that a Donation of Rs. 1,500 in aid of the funds of the Institution should be placed at the disposal, of the Secretary in our joint names."

(Signed) W. M. GOMM GENERAL.

1st November, 1851.

"On Sunday last, I attended Divine Service in the Lawrence Asylum, which I had long desired to inspect, but which various circumstances have hitherto prevented my visiting."

The day on which I visited it, and the necessary shortness of my stay, did not admit of my examining minutely the interior economy of the Institution. and the mode of conveying instruction, and of conducting discipline there.

But results were before me. The strong and healthy appearance of both boys and girls in the Asylum, vouches for the excellence of the climate in which they have been placed, and for the treatment they receive. Their lodging, their clothing, their food, are all excellent and abundant; while their orderly demeanour and free cheerful bearing indicate the constant exercise over them of authority combined with kindness.

I beg to offer to Sir Henry Lawrence, whose benevolence founded, and to the Revd. Mr. Parker, who has the high credit of successfully conducting the Asylum, my assurance of the approbation, and the deep gratification with which I have inspected an Institution, whose object and whose success must command the sympathies and the good will of all who feel an interest in the welfare of British Soldiers, or who desire to see the credit of our national character or name sustained among the people of India.

Understanding that further buildings at the Asylum are in progress, I beg leave, in addition to my Annual Subscription, to enclose a Donation of 1,000 Rupees, to the "Building Fund."

(Signed) DALHOUSIE.

The following minute of the Revd. Mr. Becher, Chaplain of Kussowlee, a Guardian and Visitor of the Institution, is valuable as the testimony of an impartial witness to the progress which had been made. .

29th January, 1852.

"Having at the request of the Revd. Mr. Parker, the Superintendent, undertaken the general supervision of the Lawrence Asylum during his absence, a period of nearly six weeks embracing the Christmas Holidays, and having during that time had abundant opportunities of judging of the operation of the System in all its details, I deem it incumbent on me, as it may prove satisfactory to the friends of the Institution, and to those especially whose children are being here maintained, to record the results of my experience and the opinion I have formed of its state and general efficiency.

From all that has come under my own personal observation, I have no hesitation in affirming that it has the strongest possible claim upon every well-wisher of the British Army in India, in as much as it is beyond all comparison the first Institution of the kind in India, and I feel convinced that morally, intellectually, and physically considered it will bear comparison with any other of its standing even in England.

1. As regards moral discipline. Moral discipline though strictly maintained, is not enforced with unnecessary rigour and severity, whilst the religious exercises and services are so conducted as to induce the children to take an active part and feel interest and pleasure in their performance. The primary objects of all sound and useful Education, viz, the formation of a religious character and habits of practical piety are evidently the first things aimed at here, and as far as I could

judge, with surprising success. As an instance of the general good order and discipline, I may mention that whilst I had charge, not a single complaint or instance of misconduct occurred of sufficient importance to require my interference, and this, considering the fact of the absence of the Head of the Institution, and the freedom from usual restraint during the Holidays is in my estimation highly creditable to both Masters and Scholars.

2. With respect to secular Education. Their studies embrace all that is generally included in a useful practical Education; such as is calculated to qualify them for the creditable discharge of the duties which will devolve upon them in their respective stations in life. Instruction is conveyed in so pleasing a manner upon the simultaneous system here adopted, that it is most gratifying to witness the interest the children take, as well as the steady and satisfactory progress they make, in their various studies.

3. As to their Physical condition. The greatest possible attention is paid to their health and comfort in every particular. Their food is of unexceptionable quality, and plentifully supplied, their dormitories are invariably kept clean and thoroughly ventilated, and every facility afforded for, and attention paid to cleanliness of person, and neatness of attire. So admirable is the whole internal economy, that it far more resembles that of a well ordered family than of a large public School, and this much applies equally to both departments; the vigorous healthful appearance, cheerful countenances, cleanliness, and frank open bearing of both girls and boys, is so striking that it is the subject of general remark by all visitors. Indeed so satisfied and delighted am I with the whole arrangement and morale of this Institution that whilst I beg to tender my hearty congratulations to the numerous friend and supporters, and especially to the Revd. Mr. Parker on its present high state of efficiency. My only regret is that there is not another Institution, conducted on precisely the same principles for the higher classes; as I feel satisfied

there are many parents who would be thankful to avail themselves of it for the Education of their Children."

(Signed) J. BECHER.

Chaplain of Kussowlee.

CHAPTER III.

On Founders' day 1853, the Boys' Parade ground was the scene of an interesting ceremony which ought here to be recorded; the presentation of a very handsome pair of colours to the boys, the gift of the Marquis of Dalhousie. The Adjutant General, the late Col. Mountain, presented the colours on behalf of Lady Gomm, who was unable to attend, and addressed the children with much feeling quoting in the course of his remarks the following letter of the Governor General to the Principal of the Institution which accompanied the present.

"Government House 5th May, 1853.

MY DEAR SIR,

In fulfilment of an Intention which was expressed to Sir H. M. Lawrence, when I had the great pleasure of inspecting the Asylum some time ago I have despatched a pair of colours for the use of the boys.

Soldiers sons, they cannot be taught too soon to take pride in colours, such as their fathers served under, and themselves may one day be required to defend.

I remain your faithful servant,
(Signed) DALHOUSIE.

Colonel Mountain thus records his visit.

"Upon the occasion of the presentation of the Colours granted by the Governor General of India to the Lawrence Asylum, I spent a whole day on the premises and was present at the examination of the Boys and Girls in the Chapel.

I was pleased to observe the kind treatment, which the *eleves* evidently experience, not only from the Principal; but from his assistants also, and I was much struck by the Intelligence and readiness displayed by both boys and girls at the examination in replying to all questions, whether put to them by the examiners or by any of the Visitors.

I consider the Lawrence Asylum an admirable Institution and feel assured that, under its present superintendence, it will prove a blessing, by God's providence to the British Soldiery in India."

(Signed) A. S. H. MOUNTAIN.

In the report for 1854 the Guardians say. About 7 years have elapsed, since the question of the establishment of an Asylum in the Hills, was first agitated by Sir Henry Lawrence at Lahore; and nearly six, since the arrival of the first draft of children, in number 14.

In December 1847 this No. had increased to 35

"	1848	50
"	1849	68
"	1850	146
"	1851	154
"	1852	179
"	1853	195

The internal discipline and economy remains very much the same as that detailed in the 1st Report: As however many present Subscribers may be ignorant of the system pursued, it is here again alluded to. It is, of course most difficult to convey in a single page anything like a complete idea of a system, whose ramifications embrace every minutiae of the domestic life, and habits of the children. A very meagre outline of it in its operation, can alone be given. The system carried out is the development of such principles as the following.

"Children are not to be taught by rules which will be always slipping out of their memory; what you think necessary for them to do, settle in them by an indispensable practice."

Education to be complete must be such as to fit a man for the discharge of his duty as a social and responsible being, in that station of life to which providence has called him; it must therefore not be confined to the intellect, but must embrace the formation

of habits of order, industry, self dependance, and helpfulness, combined with the careful training of the moral perceptions.

The great aim is to make the children understand and discharge their responsibilities aright. Each child of sufficiently mature age, has his allotted duties to be performed for himself, or for others, and is made to feel, that of the discharge of these duties a strict account must be rendered to those placed over him by the Almighty. The domestic arrangements are carried out by the Boys and Girls above ten years of age. The economy of the girls' school, is presided over by a Matron; that of the Boys, by a school Sergeant. There will be one such officer to every hundred children. Of native servants there are 4 attached to the boys' and 2 to the girls' department. Each elder girl and boy is charged with the care of one of the younger ones. The boys' school is divided into Companies officered by a Sergeant Major, a Sergeant, Corporal, and Lance Corporal. The Sergeant Major exercises a constant surveillance over the subordinate officers, in the discharge of their allotted duties; and by these last, every operation of the domestic economy is carried out. Each elder lad taking charge of one of the juniors as his comrade, for whose personal cleanliness, and neatness of attire, he is responsible. The inspection of the school sergeant operates as a check over all. Every instance of neglect of duty, and every irregularity in the daily routine, is reported by this Officer in a book kept for the purpose, and this is daily submitted for the inspection of the Principal.

The female department is organized in the same manner; and the discipline is carried out by Head Orderlies, Orderlies and assistant orderlies, under the eye of the matron. Thus each child is practically trained to be thoughtful, considerate to others, and helpful, accustomed to the management of young children, and taught to be tidy and careful. The whole discipline is, in fact, very much that of a well ordered

regiment, modified to meet the peculiarities and imperfections of childhood, by an infusion of the milder sway of the domestic hearth. The utmost punctuality, and regularity is insisted on, in every department; and the attention of the Officers is directed rather to the prevention of offences than to the detection of offenders.

The elder girls make and mend all their clothing, being employed, every afternoon in plain needle-work in their work-room, on the mornings of the week, they attend school. The Boys attend school daily from 9 to 12 and from 2 to 4.

At day-break the early Bugle summons the children to rise. After private prayer they proceed to the Lavatory. When all are washed and dressed, they are inspected, first by the Sergeant Major, or Superintending Head Orderly, and afterwards by the School Sergeant or Matron; they are then dismissed for recreation till half-past 7, when breakfast is served. At 9 School commences with the Institution form of daily morning prayer; at 12 School closes and recreation follows. At half-past 12 orderly-room is held, offences inquired into, and punishments administered. At 1 dinner, at 2, School again; concluding at 4, with evening prayers. Recreation and domestic duties employ the remainder of the evening, interrupted only by supper at 5. At dusk the evening bugle warns the community to their beds again.

Government having decided on establishing its Normal School, for training masters and mistresses for the Regiments of the Bengal Army, in connexion with the Lawrence Military Asylum; The Superintendent of Military Schools in Bengal has taken up his residence at Sanawur for the purpose of organizing the Male Training Institution: and temporary arrangements have been made for the accommodation of a small number of Students until the necessary buildings can be erected by Government. The Female department, will not be commenced until the arrival of the Head Mistress from England. Such of the boys and girls as

exhibit the necessary aptitude will be articulated to the Guardians as pupil teachers, with the view of their continuing their education in the Normal School on attaining the required age. The Asylum Schools will be the model ones, at which the Students of the Normal School will learn to exercise their new vocation. And whilst *they* profit by their connection with a School, whose teaching and discipline are carried on on the approved principles and practice of the best schools at home, the Asylum Schools will likewise benefit by a supply of intelligent teachers, greater than could otherwise be afforded.

The Guardians congratulate themselves and the supporters of the Institution, on the gradual emergence of the Asylum out of the difficulties and trials incident to a state of infancy and imperfection. In a comparatively short time, a degree of completeness will have been achieved in external appliances rarely attempted, and less frequently attained, in India; where difficulties have to be faced in the establishment of such Institutions, which are almost unknown at home. A very inadequate idea as to what has been done can be conveyed by any description; and the Guardians hope, that many of those readers who have the opportunity, will avail themselves of it to visit Sanawur and see for themselves. Nothing short of personal experience can give the power of fully appreciating the advantages it affords to the Soldiers' child, or enable the visitor to carry away a suitable idea of its value. Its quiet influence,—the influence of Christian precept, enforced by training in suitable habits, will, as time rolls on, be felt throughout the length and breadth of this presidency; and will infuse a new spirit into its European population, which will fit them to occupy that important position in the country, which it must one day be their lot to maintain.

The following is the Official report of the Chairman of the Committee of Guardians; on the examination held on Founder's day June 1853.

I have been requested to record, as chairman of the local committee my impressions of the Examination held on Tuesday the 30th June 1853.

This day was rendered memorable in the annals of the Institution by the presentation of two colours bestowed by the Most Noble the Governor General of India. Colonel Mountain C. B. Adjutant General of H. M.'s Forces in India, was deputed by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to present the Colours. A Large assembly of Visitors collected at the Asylum, and after hearing Divine Service, the Colours were presented with a very appropriate speech from the Adjutant General, and an Examination was held of the Pupils, boys and girls, at which all the Visitors attended.

The Examination on Scriptural Subjects was conducted in person by the Revd. W. J. Parker, the Principal. The Revd. Mr. Steel, Chaplain of Kussowlee, also most kindly assisted. In the upper Classes, the boys and girls showed themselves well grounded in Scripture History, they were able to point out from memory, the illustrations of remarkable crimes, with the punishment which overtook the offender, as exemplified in the persons of individuals. They shewed also the application of several of our Lord's Parables, and proved by their replies that their lessons in scripture had been conveyed with a practical purpose to give them rules and principles for guiding their own conduct through life.

In Geography, they evinced a thorough knowledge of the form and construction of the Globe; the relative distribution of sea and land, the names and positions of remarkable rivers, towns, &c. in both hemispheres.

The Examination in Arithmetic was partly by writing down the sum proposed on the slate, and partly by mental process. The pupils had attained great proficiency in each department. Many questions were given to them by the Visitors for which they could not

have been previously prepared. The answers calculated mentally were returned with extraordinary quickness and accuracy.

The History Readings of the Upper Class had extended only to the reign of King Henry the 4th, up to this Era however they were quite familiar with all the leading events in the early History of England. They traced the progress of the Roman and Saxon invasions up to the Battle of Hastings and the Norman conquest. They shewed themselves conversant with all the remarkable events from the time of William the Conqueror to the Battle of Shrewesbury, and the consolidation of Henry's power in the 14th Century.

In Grammar the pupils were not so successful. They were at fault in parsing and explaining the construction of sentences, I have no doubt the Master observed this deficiency and will take care to apply a remedy.

In Vocal Music the pupils were exceedingly well trained, and I am sure I express the sentiments of the whole audience, in stating how pleased we were at the style in which they sang the various hymns and glees.

The Infant Class passed their Examination also with great eclat. Their knowledge of the principal events in the Old Testament, their proficiency in the rudiments of Geography, their Spelling, and Singing, was as creditable to the pupils and their teachers as the result was pleasing to the assembled spectators.

Lastly, their good behaviour throughout a long day was most remarkable. Their personal cleanliness, respectful demeanour, and ruddy health were also subjects of favourable comment.

The company parted at about 4 P. M. we were all most favourably impressed with the utility of the Institution, and with the order and discipline that prevailed; and the best acknowledgements of the Com-

mittee and of the body of subscribers generally, are due to the intelligent, able, and indefatigable Principal and his assistants.

(Signed) G. C. BARNES.

Chairman of the Committee of Guardians.

In the year 1854 the Institution sustained a severe loss by the death of the Lady Honoria Lawrence, wife of the Founder of the Institution.—She died in peace at Mount Aboo on the 15th January after a life spent in doing good in which she had especially laboured with her distinguished husband to ameliorate the condition of the British Soldier in India.—She rests from her labours “and her works do follow her.”

Her memory will be cherished at Sanawur. The children and Officers, aided by a few kind friends, have erected a memorial window in the west gable of the North aisle of the chapel the design is a crimson and blue border with blue centre quarries, a scroll in each of the main lights bearing the words “Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord for they rest from their labours” and, in the lower compartment, the inscription, “sacred to the memory of the Lady Honoria Lawrence, wife of Sir Henry Montgomery Lawrence K. C. B. Founder of this Institution. Who died in the Lord January 15th 1854.

In the sixth report the Guardians say they have reason to believe that satisfactory progress has been made during the past year towards increasing the efficiency of every department of the Institution, and although they hope that the perfecting process will continue till the highest attainable standard is reached, it gives them great pleasure to believe that the present internal condition of the Institution is such, as cannot fail to give the fullest satisfaction to its supporters.

The Scholastic department has made steady progress. Searching half yearly examinations into individual progress have been conducted by the Principal. The visitor reports as follows.

“The duty of furnishing a brief Report of the examination of the children, held on Founder’s Day having devolved on me as Chairman of the Committee of Examiners ; I have much pleasure in bearing testimony to the general proficiency, exhibited by all classes on that occasion.

The examination subjects comprised Bible History, Geography Arithmetic, English History, English Grammar, and Spelling.

In Bible History the questions were proposed by the Principal, assisted by the Revd. Mr. Walker, Chaplain of Dugshai ; and the manner in which this subject was disposed of was highly gratifying and at the same time most satisfactory. The answers were not elicited by means of prompting and aid on the part of the examiner, but were given readily and fluently by the boys, and afforded ample testimony to the importance with which, it is clear, the study of the scriptures is regarded generally in the Institution.

The examination in Geography was diffuse, embracing a particular as well as general, knowledge of the subject, correct answers however were readily found for the questions proposed.

In Arithmetic, (in which examination as well as on Geography Mr. Dunn, School Master, of H. M’s. 32nd Regiment gave very able assistance,) the children were remarkably prompt, and the accurate result of their calculations, mental and on the slate, afforded much satisfaction.

Due attention has not been wanting to the study of English History. The boys evinced a good general knowledge of the periods etc regarding which they were questioned.

I note lastly with much pleasure the satisfactory examination passed by the children in English Grammar and Spelling. The Chairman last year, remarked a deficiency in these subjects, on this occasion there was a marked improvement, and it was evident that

considerable pains had been taken by the masters to remedy the defect complained of.

The foregoing observations apply equally to the Junior, as well as the Senior classes. All acquitted themselves to the entire satisfaction of the examiners; and it is not, by any means, the least pleasing part of my duty, to be enabled to furnish such a favourable Report on this occasion."

T. STEEL,

Visitor and Examiner.

To the Industrial Department another Branch has been added by the erection of an Electric Telegraph the instrument and materials for which have been given by the Government.

It is worked by the pupils daily, under the superintendence of two of the officers of the Institution. Two lads have left for the Telegraphic department during the year, and five more will leave early in next year.

It has been for some time past pretty generally known, that negociations with Government were in progress, for the transfer of the children of the Lower Orphan School, to the Lawrence Asylum. These arrangements have just been completed, and the first draft of 100 children, will, it is hoped, arrive in the hills early in April 1855. All children at present in the Lower Orphan School under 12 years of age, will be shortly transferred; and a certain number of future applicants for the benefit of the Military Orphan Fund, will be maintained in the Asylum, on what will henceforward be called the *Government Foundation*.

Respecting the nature of the agreement entered into with Government much misapprehension is prevalent. This, in some cases which have come to the knowledge of the guardians, has operated to the injury of the Institution.

It has been supposed that Government was about to assume the management of the Asylum and that therefore, private aid would no longer be required. To

place the matter in its true light, the guardians beg to state that the Children sent up by the management of the L. O. S. are to be maintained clothed and educated for the sum of 10 Rupees per mensem.

This sum is somewhat less than the cost of board, clothing, and necessaries in the hills; and the actual cost of the same, *including the Institutional Staff*, in the L. O. S. at Calcutta. Their sleeping accommodation is provided by a grant of Co.'s Rupees 58,000; and the first expense of providing bedding and furniture is defrayed by a final payment, of 10 Rupees per head, for the number maintained.

The charitable foundation with its educational and domestic Staff will have to be, as at present, supported out of the charitable funds. In making this arrangement which may, at first sight, appear somewhat detrimental to the interests of the Asylum, the guardians have not acted without grave consideration.

They considered that the interests of the institution and those of Government are identical; while it appeared to them to be a sacred duty to the army, to extend the advantages of the Institution to as large a number of children as possible. They felt that a great weight of responsibility would rest on them, should they, by insisting on more favourable terms, turn the scale against the interests of the Lower Orphan School Wards; and prevent their removal to a better climate.

They therefore resolved not to demand from Government the average cost per head of the Institutional staff in addition to the cost of food, clothing, and necessaries. The present staff must of course be maintained for the Children on the charitable foundation: and a large addition to the number of children will not involve a corresponding increase of staff. The additional staff required for from 200 to 400 additional children would probably cost about Co.'s Rs. 500 per mensem and as Government subscribes 200 per mensem to the Institution, and gives the services of an apothecary it was considered that these gifts might with propriety

be taken to constitute a set off against the increased outlay. The contributions of Government being thus placed to account of the Government foundation their value will have in future to be made up by charitable contributions.

The following letter from the Supreme Government closed the correspondence relative to the reception of the children of the Lower Orphan School.

No. 724.

*From the Secretary to the Government
Military Department.*

TO THE REVD. W. J. PARKER,
*Principal and Superintendent,
Lawrence Asylum.*

REVD. SIR,

With reference to the correspondence which has passed between you and the Secretary of the Military Orphan Society regarding the transfer of the children of the Lower Orphan School, Males and Females, to the Lawrence Asylum, I am directed to acquaint you, for the information of the Guardians of the Institution, that the favourable decision of the Honorable the Court of Directors having been received by the last Mail, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is anxious to have the proposed measures carried out as early as practicable.

2. The terms on which the Guardians would be prepared to receive the children are stated in your letter No. 1,132, of 1,852, and the enclosure of your letter No. 771, of the 8th September 1853, and the Honorable the Court of Directors, on the recommendation of of Government, have sanctioned :

1st That all actual Orphans shall be placed in the Asylum.

2nd That all children, whether Orphans or not, under 12 years of age, not of irreclaimably vicious character, who are now in the Lower Orphan School

shall be removed to the Asylum. After these have been educated, the Government foundation at the Asylum is to become one exclusively for Orphans.

3rd Ten rupees, per mensem, will be paid for each child, subject to a reduction if the average expense be found ultimately to be less than that sum.

4th An entrance fee of Rupees (10) ten will be paid for each child to defray the expense of bedding, furniture and necessaries.

5th The sum of Rupees (48,000)* forty eight thousand will be placed at the disposal of the Guardians, to enable additional buildings to be erected.

6th Two officers, one to have the extraordinary powers of a visitor will be appointed on the part of Government as members of the Committee of Guardians.

3. The Honorable Court have also authorized the Government allowance to children being continued until they attain the age of 16 years, unless previously provided for, and have sanctioned the abolition of the regulation which required that the boys shall be enlisted as Drummers and Musicians in Native Regiments.

4. The system under which the Female Orphans now at Alipore have been led to consider themselves as Pensioners of Government unless married, is to be revised, and the Honorable Court desire that Female Orphans shall be trained to some employment by which they may maintain themselves in credit and respectability.

5. The improvement about to be made in Regimental Schools by the appointment, of trained Masters and Mistresses, will afford employment for some of the Female Orphans who may be specially trained for the purpose.

* 10,000 Rupees additional were subsequently granted to complete the Buildings.

6. I am desired to request that you will communicate to me for the information of Government, when the children could be received; in order that the General management of the Military Orphan Society may be requested to arrange with you for the despatch, during the present cold season, of any portion of the children for whom accommodation may be ready by the time of their reaching the Hills.

I am,
Reverend Sir,
Your most obedt. Servant,

<i>Council Chamber,</i>	}	R. J. H. BIRCH, COL.
FORT WILLIAM,		<i>Secy. to the Govt. of India,</i>
<i>The 24th Nov. 1854.</i>		<i>in the Military Dept.</i>

CHAPTER IV.

The first draft of the children of the Lower Orphan School arrived in April 1855, and were accommodated in the present school-room until the new quarters could be completed. They were at once completely commingled with the original inmates, and in all respects considered and treated as the rest of the pupils no distinction of dress or of any other kind being allowed to exist.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE

Visitor's General Report for the year 1855.

"It is my duty as Visitor of the Lawrence Military Asylum to furnish for the information of its friends, the following report of the Institution.

I am happy, in the first instance, to speak very favorably of the healthy appearance of the Pupils—as a general rule, the indications of rude health are always to be seen,—and of the comparatively few exceptions, the greater number are to be found among the late arrivals from the Lower Orphan School; but I believe the medical statistics of the Asylum will be found on the whole, to confirm the favorable impressions which I have formed. I have also much satisfaction in bearing testimony to the cleanly and contented aspect of the children.

As regards the progress of their education I have but little to add to what has been on other occasions stated by my predecessors here. However I will observe that having been associated with the Principal for some days last summer, in examining the various classes, I had a favorable opportunity of closely estimating their attainments. In so large a number, uniformity of progress is not to be expected, and the candid result of the examination was that great proficiency had been attained by many, and that a general intelligence

characterized the schools, while in some departments, and in some classes, there was room, as well as hope, for further improvement.

During my visits to the Asylum, I have inspected the food, which seemed to be of a most wholesome, and substantial sort, without any approach to luxury or extravagance of any kind. Extensive additions have been made to the buildings since last report. The following buildings are either now finished, or are in the course of rapid erection, A spacious and airy day-room, 80 by 19, and 15 feet high, and over this a room to be used as a Dormitory.

A refectory consisting of three rooms, one for 350 Boys, and two for the Industrial Department, to contain 50 with a house for the Serjeant of the 2nd Division at the end, the dimensions of the whole being 120 ft. by 30; a Dormitory extends above through the length of the entire range. The walls of these buildings are formed of solid stone plastered with pucca, and an entrance tower containing the stair case has also been added. The Girl's Buildings are also progressing at the other side of the Chapel, and as a temporary arrangement, until they are complete, the female pupils will occupy the rooms opposite their own play ground."

Again The Revd. Mr. Sharkey says.

I have the pleasure, in my capacity of visitor, of offering the following report of the proceedings which took place at the Lawrence Military Asylum, on the 18th of June 1855; being the day appointed as the anniversary of the Institution.

Preparatory to the chief occurrence of the day, the children paraded in the Boy's playground at 9 o'Clock A. M. after which they marched in regular order to the Asylum Chapel. Here divine service was celebrated and a Sermon preached at 10 o'Clock, it having been very properly thought by the Principal, that in no better way could the mercy of God for the past year be

recognized, and that thus an air of devout sobriety would chasten, without extinguishing, the cheerful enjoyment of the occasion. Several visitors from Dugshaie and Kussowlee were present, and a gratifying decorum was observable throughout the congregation, which consisted chiefly of the youthful members of the Asylum.

After a short interval, during which the children refreshed themselves, we re-assembled in the Chapel, (the school room not having been yet finished,) for the purpose of witnessing the examination of the pupils. This was conducted by the Principal, assisted by the Head Master (Mr. Rogers), the School master of H. M.'s 32nd Regt. (Mr. Dunn), and myself. The subjects were Bible History, Christian Doctrine, Geography, Arithmetic, (Slate and Mental), English History, English Grammar and Spelling; with such a wide range of subjects and the necessarily short time that could be allotted to each, a minute investigation into the attainments of each child could not be expected; but a sufficient opportunity, as I believe, was afforded for testing, as well the nature of the instruction imparted, as the success with which it was communicated. From among a large number of children ranged in front of the reading desk any one was promiscuously questioned at the option of the examiner, and the result seemed to shew that, making allowance for inferior answerers, who must be found in every large body of children, much attention had been bestowed on all the branches both by teachers and pupils. The answering in Holy Scripture evinced a knowledge of Divine truth on the part of many of the children, which I feel great satisfaction in recording here, while a wide and searching examination in Geography, English History, and English Grammar, ascertained an intelligent acquaintance with these subjects respectively. However, as was before observed, there was no opportunity of testing *individual* attainment throughout the school, this is done during a slow and patient examination which takes place twice a year, when the status of each pupil is decided by actual answering, and what takes place on the public anniver-

sary is satisfactory to those present, as shewing the nature of the instruction given, rather than the success which in each case may have been attained. A pleasing interruption in this part of the proceedings was at length permitted by the children singing two or three pieces of simple harmony, and after the National Anthem, sung by the whole school, the pupils retired for dinner.

The latter part of the day was devoted to the distribution of prizes. Each child, as its name was called, advanced in front and received prizes of varying value, in the shape of Books for progress in study, or for good conduct, or for both; about 23 prizes of this kind were given, and the first for progress was borne away by one of the girls.

A new set of rewards was then given to distinguish those whose conduct for the last year was not only good but *excellent*. Twenty eight Rosettes were distributed for this purpose among the girls, and eighteen Cheverons among the boys; these badges of their superior's approval, were received with evident tokens of pleasure and satisfaction, and to encourage them in their praiseworthy career, they were told that as they had been won, so they could be retained by good conduct alone.

I will conclude this report by expressing my entire confidence in the routine of discipline, both scholastic and domestic, adopted at the Lawrence Asylum as evidenced by the ceremonies of the above day."

J. SHARKEY,

Chaplain of Kussowlee, Visitor.

One thing had been long wanting to make the School establishment complete and efficient—the oversight of a trained teacher of solid acquirements as Master of the boys' school—to whom the Principal might with confidence delegate the entire management of the school and the education and training of the young teachers for their important duties. This desideratum has been at length supplied by the engagement early

in 1853 of Mr. E. H. Rogers, School-master of H. M.'s 87th Fusiliers, as Master of the Asylum Boys' School. Mr. Rogers was trained at Chelsea Normal College. His services were very handsomely placed at the disposal of the Guardians for the remainder of the term of his engagement (about 7 years). The effect of his zealous labours soon became apparent; and the school under his very able management has continued steadily to improve. Several competent teachers have been trained under his direction, some of whom are now employed under him, while others have found employment elsewhere.

The following Synopsis of the course of instruction drawn up by the Head-master of the Boys' School will convey some idea of the system pursued in the schools.

I.—THE SYSTEM OF ORGANIZATION.

The number of boys attending the school at present is 177. These are divided into 3 *divisions*, each being under the charge of a Master.* Each division is next sub-divided into 2 *classes*, each under charge of a Pupil Teacher; and these classes are again sub-divided into 1, 2, or 3 *drafts* for some lessons, especially reading, each under charge of a Monitor. The Head Master superintends the whole, and instructs the teachers in the methods to be employed. This system of organization is that generally known as "The mixed System" so called on account of its combining the three agencies of masters, pupil-teachers, and monitors. The children sit at four rows of desks and benches, with their faces towards the teacher. These desks and benches are arranged on successive steps of a graduated platform, each step rising six inches. For some lessons, the children stand out in semicircular drafts; and for others,

* The Head Master (in addition to his duties of a general nature) takes special charge of the 1st Division. The 2nd Division is under the charge of the 1st Assistant Master. The 3rd Division is at present under the charge of the Senior Pupil Teacher, as there is no 2nd Assistant Master. The present arrangement of the school staff is shown in the Time Table.

a whole division is taken into a separate class-room. The children being thus formed into a compact group before the teacher, they are taught as one body by the collective system of instruction, every child being actively engaged in each class in the same work at the same time. In order to prevent noise and to separate the classes, thick baize curtains are suspended between each group of desks.

The Pupil Teachers and Monitors are lads varying in age from 13 to 17, and are chosen from the 1st class, care being taken to select such as possess good sound abilities. rather than precocious sharpness, and who have shown from their earliest years a love of teaching, and an orderly, methodical, frame of mind. They are apprenticed for a term of 4 years, to learn the profession of a schoolmaster, and during that period receive special instruction in the evenings from the Head Master. Their training is essentially practical, and the acquisition and application of knowledge go on almost simultaneously. They thus insensibly gain a power of reproducing, and a habit and love of communicating what they know, which eminently fit them for their future laborious duties. This system has been adopted and placed upon a permanent basis in England, Ireland, Holland, and other countries, under the direction of the respective governments; and there can be no doubt that it has largely contributed to the efficiency of their elementary schools.

The number of children in each class is usually 30. A larger number would probably become unmanageable under a pupil-teacher or monitor, unless with very long experience, while a much smaller number would lead to such a multiplication of classes as to make it almost impossible for the master to provide any thing like an efficient staff of assistants, to say nothing of the increased noise which would be occasioned by the additional number of voices. It would be very desirable if a distinct classification could be made in every branch of study—a particular set of classes for reading, another

for geography, &c. But this is generally found difficult to accomplish. It is of course next to impossible to find in any school many boys of exactly the same attainments in all subjects, or even possessing the same degree of aptitude in all the different departments of learning; but it is nevertheless comparatively easy to find, in a large school, thirty children, sufficiently near to each other in their general acquirements to derive a common benefit from any of the teacher's lessons.*

II.—SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION.

The following is the "Syllabus," or graduated course, which is laid down in order to define the particular subjects, and to prescribe the limits within which they are to be taught in each class. This has to be slightly changed according to the varying status of each class after the periodical examinations.

1ST CLASS.—Bible Lessons from Old and New Testament—Church Catechism with analysis, and special religious instruction—Arithmetic; Slate and Mental; Proportion, Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, Interest, Practice—Reading; Sacred History, English History, British India, Ancient History—Grammar; Parsing, Derivation, Easy Composition, Dictation—Geography; Physical and General—Mensuration, Practical Geometry, and (Linear) Model Drawing—Vocal Music, Hullah, 2nd Part—Oordoo Language—Writing in books—Common Things.

2ND CLASS.—Bible Lessons and Church Catechism, (with 1st Class)—Arithmetic as far as Simple Proportion—Reading, Sacred History, History of England Fourth Book of S.P.C.K.—Geography, General, and British—Grammar, Definitions and Etymology, Dictation, Parsing—Vocal Music, 2nd Part (with 1st Class)—Oordoo Language—Writing in books—Common Things (with 1st Class).

* *Vide* Mulhauser's and Richards's Manuals.

3RD CLASS.—Bible Lessons from the Historical Books—Church Catechism—Arithmetic, including Reduction, the Compound Rules, and Tables—Reading, Sacred History, History of England Historical Class Book, Ludlow's class Book—Grammar, Definitions, Parsing, Dictation—Geography, Outlines of General and Indian—Vocal Music, Hullah, to end of 1st Part—Oordoo Language—Writing in books—Common Things.

4TH CLASS.—Bible Lessons and Catechism (with 3rd class).—Arithmetic, to Long Division, and Tables—Outlines of Geography—Easy Definitions of Grammar—Reading, "Instructor" Vols. 1, 2, and 3, and Æsop's Fables. Spelling—Writing in books—Dictation Exercises—Vocal Music, Hullah, (with 3rd Class)—Common Things, (with 3rd Class).

5TH CLASS.—Bible Lessons on Scripture Pictures—Catechism—Natural History Lessons (oral, with pictures)—Arithmetic, Four Elementary Rules, Tables—Reading, Trimmer's Footsteps, Second Book, with Spelling—Writing on Slates—Singing, School Songs.—Object Lessons—Easy Geography.

6TH CLASS.—Bible Lessons on Scripture Pictures (with 5th Class)—Catechism, Lord's Prayer, Decalogue and Creed—Arithmetic, Counting, Notation, Numeration, Addition—Reading, First Book, Spelling—Writing easy words, letters and figures on slates—Singing School Songs—Natural History, (with 5th Class).—Object Lessons (with 5th Class)—Easy Geography.

III.—METHODS OF TEACHING.

The methods of teaching adopted are those peculiar to the *collective* system. These are variously combined and applied to the different subjects of instruction, as each may require, in order to treat each particular subject, as far as possible, so as to lead the pupils gradually from the known to the unknown, on the principles of the celebrated Pestalozzi. The mode of instruction

appropriate to the mixed method of organization develops the collective energy of the class, and enables the teacher to test the individual proficiency of his pupils. The instruction is conveyed to a large extent orally, in the suggestive form. The black-board and other apparatus and expedients are extensively used in nearly every lesson for purposes of illustration and demonstration. The class is interrogated as one body, but, though simultaneous activity is required, the teacher selects the individual who is to reply. When a question is proposed by the teacher, the children prepared with an answer hold up their right hands, and the teacher then points to one of them to give the answer. When the answer given is incorrect, the teacher calls upon another, and so on till the correct and full answer is obtained. The incorrect answers are made useful by being analysed and proved to be ridiculous or imperfect; thus suggesting further explanations on the part of the teacher. This plan of questioning and answering combines individual examination with collective teaching; the class is kept collectively engaged in the work, for the teacher is careful to prevent the inactivity of any individual, whilst he is enabled thus to render the progress of every pupil certain, and completely to ascertain his degree of proficiency in the subject taught.

The object of this Synopsis being merely to give a brief outline of the system adopted, it is quite impossible to enter fully into the details of teaching any particular branch of school instruction: such details would alone require a volume. A full description of the ordinary methods of teaching will be found in a "Manual of Teaching" by the Head Master, published at the Institution Press. The general principles on which all these methods are founded may be learnt from Tate's "Philosophy of Education" which is a well-known and most valuable book on the subject. A few remarks on the mode of treating each subject of instruction are all that can be given here.

(1). The Holy Scriptures, Church Catechism, History. The subject is read; explained and elucidated

by various methods; frequent interrogation and ellipsis used. The books read are the Bible, Sacred History, History of England, the Historical reading books in Gleig's School Series, the Historical Class Book of the C.S.B.S., the 6th and 7th vols. of the "Instructor," and the "Outlines of English History" by the Head Master.

(2). Reading, Spelling, Grammar. While one reads or spells, the others listen. Important passages are read simultaneously by the class. The teacher corrects the pronunciation, indistinct utterance, accent and intonations. Numerous explanations and illustrations are given, with incidental teaching. Catechetical examination. The lowest draft use large cards, the rest of the 6th class use the First Book, and the 5th class use the Second Book, both of these books have been specially prepared by the Head Master for use in the Institution School, with reference to the methods in use. These Reading Lessons are so framed as to prove intelligible and interesting to the children. The main objects throughout are to train them to read with the understanding and to use their intellectual powers, as well as to acquire expertness in Reading. Spelling is taught chiefly by means of Dictation exercises, besides which lessons are learnt in the upper classes as exercises for the memory. The text-books used are Professor Sullivan's "Spelling-book Superseded." and Butter's "Etymological Spelling-Book." Grammar is taught by a synthetical course of lessons, combined with many illustrations and parsing and other exercises. The text-book is McLeod's "Explanatory English Grammar" in Gleig's School Series. The etymology of technical and philosophical terms is given in connection with the reading lessons, as a guide to their meaning.

(3). Arithmetic, Slate and Mental, with Tables &c. The principles are fully explained before any rules are given. Every thing is clearly demonstrated on the black-board, which is conspicuously placed in front of the class. The children work the exercises on their

slates, and take part in the work of investigation by giving simultaneous answers to questions. The lowest classes are taught to count and calculate with the abacus. The whole of the classes are well practised in mental arithmetic, adapted to both English and Indian currency, &c. These exercises do not consist of mere rules and sums, but embrace all the principal properties and relations of numbers; and the child who works an exercise is almost invariably required to give the process of investigation. The text-books used are Tate's, Colenso's, and Hunter's Arithmetics, McLeod's Mental Arithmetic, and an Indian Mental Arithmetic by the Head Master. Tables are taught chiefly by collective repetition combined with mental exercises. Some knowledge of Book-keeping and Commercial accounts is imparted to the first class.

(4). Geography is always taught with large maps conspicuously placed in front of the class. The first lessons in this subject have reference to the use and construction of maps, the direction of the cardinal points, the bearing of well-known places, and the topography of the neighbourhood. Definitions and outlines are learnt in the lower classes by collective repetition, from the "Outlines of Geography" by the Head Master; the repetition being made interesting though the oral instruction, illustrations, anecdotes &c. supplied by the teacher as the lesson proceeds. This subject is also taught by means of the geographical reading-books "General Geography" and "British Empire" in Gleig's School Series. Other *viva voce* instruction is given in Mathematical and Physical Geography to the upper classes, the teachers' text-book being Sullivan's "Geography Generalized."

(5). Writing is taught collectively, every position and motion being performed by word of command. The writing to be copied is written by the teacher on the black-board. The lower 2 classes write on slates, and the upper 4 in copy-books. The teacher goes round the class, rapidly inspecting each child's work, giving hints where required, and occasionally remarks and

directions to the whole class. The children write without lines and are accustomed to a rapid running hand in their numerous dictation exercises. The positions, directions and elementary exercises are taken from Mulhauser's Manual of Writing.

(6). Oordoo Language, in the Persian character, is taught with the aid of a Moonshee, to the 3 upper classes, by means of the black-board and reading-lessons on large sheets. The lessons are first spelled, and read, then translated with a few hints on the grammar of the language where it differs from English. The class then write out the lesson on their slates, as an exercise in writing the Persian character.

(7). Vocal Music on the method of Hullah is taught in the 4 upper classes, by means of the large sheets. The other 2 classes are taught to sing the school songs contained in the Institution Collection. The object of these lessons is to cultivate and refine the taste, and not to make musicians. The lessons therefore are not so much theoretical as practical, having reference only to so much of the theory of music as will enable the children to sing, from written music, the choral services of the Church, and their own school songs.

(8). Natural History is taught in the 2 lowest classes by means of coloured pictures, the instruction being given in the form of familiar lectures, with ellipsis and interrogation. These lessons are given to the younger children in order to cultivate their observing and perceptive faculties and to lead them to take an interest in the wonders of creation. Hence the instruction is divested as much as possible of technicalities, and made interesting by a simple classification of animals according to their peculiarities, illustrated by anecdotes.

(9). Linear Model Drawing after the method of Dupuis, combined with Practical Geometry and Mensuration, is taught in the first class. The object here is not to form artists, but to impart so much knowledge of form and magnitude as will serve to cultivate the eye and hand, and form a test for selecting lads for the

industrial departments of the Institution. Chalk diagrams, and wire and wooden models are used to illustrate the instruction given in this subject.

(10). Object Lessons to the lower classes and familiar Lectures on Science to the upper classes are given once or twice a week in order to impart a knowledge of Common Things ; but a museum and some apparatus for experiments are much wanted.

IV.—ARRANGEMENT OF TIME.

As the successful working of a school depends very much upon the judicious arrangement of the subjects of instruction, and the regularity with which the plans laid down are carried out, it is absolutely essential that some scheme should be drawn up prescribing the order and duration of the lessons in each class. These have to be varied from time to time according to circumstances. The "General Time Table" in use at present in the Boys' School is given on the next page.

NOTES ON THE TIME TABLE. (1) The change of lessons at each hour is made by the signal of ringing a small bell. (2) Wednesday and Saturday afternoons are half holidays. (3) Reading lessons are mostly half an hour each in length, the remainder of the hour being occupied in composition, dictation, or spelling exercises on the lesson read. (4) In all Arithmetic lessons, the first $\frac{1}{4}$ hour is spent in Mental, and the remainder of the hour in Slate Arithmetic. (5) Those lessons which are taught in class-rooms to the whole division are Religion, Music, Common Things, and Natural History. (6) Each class has a separate and more detailed routine of duties. (7) On Sunday mornings, the whole of the boys attend prayers in their school-room at $\frac{1}{2}$ past 8 o'clock. After which for half an hour, from $\frac{1}{4}$ to 9 till $\frac{1}{4}$ past 9, a portion of the elder boys and teachers attend a Lecture by the Chaplain in the chapel ; during which time the remainder of the boys are in school learning Catechism, or the verses of psalms sung in school, under the charge of the remainder of the teachers.

GENERAL TIME TABLE OF THE BOYS' SCHOOL ; FOR JANUARY, 1858.

TIME		1ST DIV. HD, MR. AND 2 P. T. 2ND. DIV. 1ST ASST. MR. & 2 P. T. 3RD DIV. 1 P. T. & 4 MONITORS.					
Hours	Days	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class	6th Class
10 m. before 9.		Sing a verse, read Morning Lesson and Prayers.					
9 to 10	M. & Th. Tu. & F. W. & S.	Arithmetic Religion Arithmetic	Reading Religion Grammar	Arithmetic Arithmetic Religion	Grammar Reading Religion	Religion Arithmetic Arithmetic	Religion Writing Writing
10 to 11	M. & Th. Tu. & F. W. & S.	Reading Arithmetic Grammar	Arithmetic Dictation Arithmetic	Grammar History Geography	Geography Arithmetic Dictation	Arithmetic Geography Writing	Reading Reading Reading
10 minutes.		Interval for relaxation, out-of-doors.					
11 to 12	M. & Th. Tu. & F. W. & S.	Oordoo Dictation Music	Geography Oordoo Music	Dictation Music Oordoo	Arithmetic Music History	Reading Reading Reading	Arithmetic Geography Arithmetic
5 minutes.		Collect books &c. Sing a verse--Dismiss.					
after morn. school.		Investigation and punishment of school offences by the Masters.					
2 to 3	M. & Th. Tu. & F.	Writing Drawing*	History Reading*	Writing* Writing	Reading* Reading	Writing Writing	Reading Reading
3 to 4	M. & Th. Tu. & F.	Geography History	Writing Writing	Reading Reading	Writing Writing	Objects* Nat. History*	Objects* Nat. History*
10 m. after 4.		Collect books &c. Sing a verse, read Evening Lesson and Prayers--Dismiss.					
		* Science of Common Things on Tuesday.	* Science of Common Things on Monday.	* Half hour Singing after each of these Lessons.			

V.-DISCIPLINARY REGULATIONS, &c.

(1). Marching to and from school.—The boys are always marched to school, preceded by their drums and fifes, by one of the School Sergeants, as far as the school-room doors. Each teacher is ready in his place to receive his class, and see that they come in quietly. When the school is dismissed the teachers parade their classes outside, and then march them down under the orders of the senior Pupil Teacher, who hands them over to a School Sergeant on the parade in front of their barracks.

(2). Books and apparatus.—The junior Monitor acts as the school curator, and as such is responsible for the orderly keeping of all the books, pens, pencils, and other school property. He keeps a list of every thing in his charge, and nothing can be lent to any one without his knowledge, and an entry thereof being made. Every class also has an orderly boy, his duties being to bring the articles required for his class, and to return them to their places after use, to clean the black-board, and to keep his class desks in order.

(3). Discipline.—Each teacher is held responsible for the order of his own class. He must be careful never to allow any inattention, playing, talking, practical joking, calling nicknames, quarrelling, fighting, bad language, &c. He must constantly endeavour to keep his class free from all unnecessary noise, so as not to annoy other classes. He must strictly adhere to the routine of his class duties, and see all changes of work and of position in his class performed without delay, noise, or confusion. None but the Masters have the power to inflict any corporal punishment. When any boy misbehaves, he is first checked by his teacher, and a note made of it. If this occurs more than once, he is liable to be reported and punished. If a boy does anything in an improper manner, he is required to do it again and again till he does it correctly; but if he refuses to do so, he is reported for disobedience and punished. By this plan the *habit* of ready obedience

is formed. All cases of lying or theft, (should they occur, as they are not frequent) are reported instantly they are discovered, and always, if proved, meet with corporal punishment. Any boy is at liberty to make a report of ill-treatment (should such occur) first to the Head Master, and subsequently to the Principal, if deemed necessary, but he must obtain permission to do so, and make his charge in the presence of the person accused. The reports of the day are collected from the teachers, and entered in a defaulter's book by one of the first class boys, who acts as school writer. These reports are investigated and punishments awarded by the Masters. The usual punishment for misbehaving or inattention is half an hour's confinement; for being troublesome or disobedient, one hour, for each offence. Obstinacy is generally punished with the cane, the quantity varying from 1 to 12 cuts on the hand, 12 cuts being the maximum allowed by the rules of the Asylum. A flogging is seldom ordered for any thing but stealing or indecency, and is then administered by one of the School Sergeants by the sanction and in the presence of the Principal at a special parade of the whole of the boys. The confinement is administered by one of the Pupil Teachers, who goes on duty in turn each day as orderly teacher for this purpose. The school defaulters book and punishment book are inspected weekly by the Principal, and kept as records.

(4). Letters.—Boys are permitted to come to the school-room for the purpose of writing letters to their friends, after bathing hour on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, on which days from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 2 till prayers at 4 o'clock, the orderly teacher is present to superintend. The letters after being inspected by the Head Master are entered in a register book, and despatched on the following Thursdays and Mondays.

CHAPTER V.

Will be devoted to a few remarks upon one branch of the educational arrangements which it has hitherto been found impossible to carry out to the extent at first proposed. namely Industrial Training.

The late revered founder was at one time impressed with the idea that, in addition to the advantages to be derived by the children, the Institution might, by the employment of the boys in various trades, be rendered to some degree self-supporting.

The experience of educational institutions at home and in India is, however, as the writer believes, against this opinion. Indeed in some instances the industrial department has been found to be a source of expense rather than of profit. The only portion of a boy's time, which can be spent in such occupation (supposing him to remain in the Institution till the age of 16, and supposing also that he is sufficiently advanced in his education to leave the School at the age of 14,) is the two years intervening between those ages. Now it is very well known to those who employ apprentices, that the first years of apprenticeship, in which the pupil is acquiring the first rudiments of his future trade, are almost, if not wholly, unprofitable to his employer; who looks to the later years of labour to remunerate himself for the trouble of teaching, and the expenses of maintenance at first incurred.

In the case of the Asylum the children, as a general rule, when not very young at their admission, were extremely backward in school knowledge, and few could with benefit to themselves, leave school so early as 14; and could they do so, and the whole two years be spent in industrial employment, their labours could not for the reasons given, be made profitable. As the younger classes pass upward to the higher, boys of 14 sufficiently advanced to leave school will be more numerous.

But it may perhaps be doubted whether, in India as regards most trades, it would not, be a waste of a boy's time to employ him in acquiring a two years' knowledge of them. He could only get a mere smattering, which he could not use profitably as a master or overseer, his youth preventing him; and competition with natives as workmen, even were he master of his trade, could not, of course, be thought of for a moment. Besides there are in India so many and good openings for Europeans, in departments of the state and of private enterprise, in which their energy and trustworthiness can always command its reward, and to which they will naturally aspire, that it would seem to be a misdirection of a boy's powers to teach such trades (for instance) as shoemaking, tailoring, &c. A boy cannot attain any degree of proficiency in them in two years; but he may learn to work a telegraph, to level a road, to draw plans, to survey a field, to do rough carpentry and smith's work, with a view to getting an insight into the way in which such work should be done, and thus qualify himself to superintend native workmen: or he may, in an office, learn much that will make him useful as a clerk.

It is to such industrial employments therefore that the attention of the elder children in the Asylum has chiefly been directed.

Some boys have received instruction in the Printing Office—suitable occupation was found for one of them in that trade. The rest mostly found occupation in the Electric Telegraph Department where their knowledge of the art of printing might in some instances be of use. There are now six boys employed in this department.

Some have been trained for the Electric Telegraph department, and are now usefully employed in that branch. Some have received instruction in the secretary's office, and are now doing well as Clerks in Government Offices. The more promising lads after serving an apprenticeship of four years, under the master of the

School, as pupil-teachers are some of them occupying superior positions, with satisfaction to themselves and to others.

A school of Civil Engineering was commenced during the year 1857, and nine boys admitted. They had made some progress in rough carpentry, and in levelling and plan-drawing, when the class was unexpectedly broken up. One lad was offered, and accepted, a good situation in the office of the Commissioner of the district. Another went as a clerk in that of the Chief Commissioner of the Punjab. Two were returned to school as not exhibiting sufficient aptitude for the employment. One insisted on enlisting; and three expressed a wish to enter the Sub-Medical Department, in which they now are.

The class will be re-constructed as soon as possible. It will no doubt in time become the principal feature in the Industrial department. Government has kindly supplied for its use Instruments to the value of Co's. Rs. 1000, and as soon as a sufficient number of lads are ready to enter the new class, efforts will be made to obtain the services of a person qualified to give instruction, theoretical and practical, in the rudiments of Surveying and Civil Engineering.

The Boys' school keeps up a continual demand on the most promising boys for teachers; and, as in this department they receive a much higher class of instruction, adapted to qualify them for superior employment, it is evidently for the interest of such children that they should be allowed to join the monitors' class.

Some will always be found who will prefer a military life; and although it is not the wish of the guardians that any influence should be used to induce boys to enlist it is by no means desirable in all cases to discourage it altogether; especially as the Soldier in India has now, if steady and intelligent, a good prospect of advancement, and of ultimately obtaining remunerative employment in the Regimental School or in the Public Works, and other Departments. At the desire

of the late Sir Henry Lawrence boys are prohibited enlisting under the age of 16 years, except under special circumstances to be decided on by the Local Committee ; after that age they are permitted to follow their inclinations.

In addition to the number of those who have been removed by relatives at the ages of 14 and 15, and provided for by them, 44 boys and 15 girls have been placed by the Institution during the few last years. The tabulated statement in Chapter 6 will show how this has been done.

Those who have gone forth into the world have, for the most part done, and are doing well, some are highly spoken of, and those of them who still maintain correspondence with the Principal give evidence in their letters that they have not forgotten the associations of their early home. They look forward with pleasure to a visit to Sauawur, and think with affection of those to whose care and labours they are so much indebted.

Hitherto the demand for boys to fill various situations has greatly exceeded the supply ; and there seems no reason to fear that there will ever be any difficulty in obtaining suitable situations for them as they attain the proper age. The great difficulty is to convince the children themselves of the advantage to be derived from remaining in the Institution for a short time after they are dismissed from school. Excited by the representations of those of their body who have just entered upon life, they are impatient to be, as they express it, "doing something for themselves" and it is, in many cases, almost impossible to get them to apply themselves steadily to study or labour.

For the girls, marriage seems to be almost the only satisfactory provision which can be made. At home many would be sent out as households servants ; but Indian life and habits are unfavorable to the exercise on the part of superiors of that superintendence and control which are indispensable to young females.

But here again no difficulty has been, up to the present time, experienced. The elder girls are all most usefully employed in the management, and marry advantageously when so disposed.

They learn to do plain needle-work, and in the hours of leisure knitting and crochet. Their domestic employments give them opportunities of learning the proper management of young children, and of the sick; and habits of method and management in other matters cannot but be acquired. Three have been sent into the Female Normal School to qualify for the situation of mistresses of regimental schools. One is now engaged in one of the artillery schools as mistress, one is a salaried assistant to the matron, and one the Institution school mistress.

CHAPTER VI.

Various opinions prevail in India as to the effects of a protracted residence in the Indian Hills on the European constitution, and especially as to the salubrity of the military stations in the vicinity of the Asylum,—Kussowlee, Dugshie, and Subathoo, and it may therefore prove interesting, especially to medical readers in India, to refer briefly to the medical statistics of the Institution during the past ten years:—more particularly as the limited sojourn of troops and other residents in the hill stations (not more than two years) renders it impossible for statistics to be collected extending over a sufficiently lengthened period to give accurate results.

It is true that the diseases of children are of a somewhat different type from those of adults and that the same climate may not be equally suitable to both.—It is also reasonable to suppose that regular and temperate habits,—wholesome food, and that regular exercise of body and mind which can be secured in an institution like this more easily than in a regiment, greatly conduce to the diminution of disease. But allowing for all this, there seems to be sufficient evidence in the statistics of the past 10 years to produce a conviction of the healthiness of the climate, and its adaptation to the European constitution.

From April 1847 to December 1850 only two deaths had occurred, the average number of pupils being 90 and these two children, were new arrivals and came up suffering under the diseases of which they died.

In 1851 the inmates were visited with the epidemic whooping-cough, sixty children were attacked and one case terminated fatally. The only death in the year among 154 children.

In 1852 one among 179 children died suddenly. In 1853 (the number continuing the same) one death occurred from Dysentery. In 1854,

two among 209 children; in 1855 three in 306.

1856 and 1857 were marked by the prevalence of severe Epidemic diseases; the first year by whooping-cough and measles following rapidly on each other;—as many as 135 children at once being prostrated with the disease. The last by Cholera.

These two years will therefore shew results differing from the eight preceding. A large addition too had been made to the strength by the arrival of the children of the Lower Orphan School to the number of 120. And these were undergoing the process of acclimization.

Leaving the ravages of Cholera out of the question as wholly exceptional, the deaths of the children on the Lawrence Military Asylum Foundation were three in each of these years as before; but among the children of the Lower Orphan School in 1856 ten died, unable to bear up against the after effect of the successive ravages of whooping-cough and measles, and in 1857 two died of Dysentery. The Cholera in 1857 was however much more fatal among the children of the Asylum foundation, nine of whom fell victims, while only three of the Lower Orphan School children died. The whole number attacked was thirty-five.

Not reckoning then the exceptional case of Cholera, and allowing for the effect of the sudden removal of children who had spent all their lives in Calcutta, to the climate of the Hills; The health of the children has been wonderfully good.

The large mortality in 1856 among the wards of the Lower Orphan School can be attributed only to the cause assigned, the want of constitutional tone to resist infantile diseases; which are more virulent in the hills than in the plains. There was not at any period any crowding, on the contrary, there was room for many more than the number of inmates: nor was there any other ascertainable cause for so considerable a number of fatal cases.—On the other hand the Cholera attacked the strongest and healthiest; and seemed to run its

fatal course more rapidly with these, than with the weak and debilitated. Some of the finest and healthiest Children were the first victims of the scourge. The total number of deaths from all causes in 1856 was 13, and in 1857—17.—Still, including the extraordinary mortality of these two years, and computing the average number of Children during the 10 years at 203, the 40 deaths give but a percentage of 4 yearly, or about 1.97 per cent. per annum.

The average of sick during these disastrous years was of course very high, amounting in 1856 to 8 per cent, and in 1857 to 6 per cent. The tabulated statement on the next page shews the amount of disease in one of the most favorable years. The average for the 8 years from 1847 to 1855 both inclusive was about 4.5 per cent.

This is believed to be somewhat less than the average of *ordinary* sickness in large Institutions at home, in districts considered particularly healthy, not computing the cases caused by the visits of epidemics. Including these the average is perhaps seldom less than 8, and not unfrequently 10 per cent.

No doubt the climate of Sanawur has much to do with the favourable results shown. It is the temperature of the healthier parts of England without those sudden transitions from extreme heat to severe cold so common at home, and with the exception of the periodical rains, of that constant humidity of atmosphere which in England is so fruitful a cause of disease.

Non-medical readers will perhaps require to be informed that the table on the next page does not represent the actual number of children afflicted with disease,—for every fresh reception being entered as a new case, a child predisposed to a particular disease may make a considerable number of cases in the course of the year. Allowing for this, the average of the year 1854 will probably be about 3 per cent daily—or 6 in hospital out of 209 children.

Since July, when the Cholera ceased, there have been no deaths and the health of the children has been good as usual.

SOME ACCOUNT OF THE
ANNUAL MEDICAL REPORT FOR 1854.

Number of Children 209.	SPECIFIC DISEASES.												Remained 1st January 1854.	Admitted.	Total.	Discharged.	Average days under treatment.	Died.	Daily average number of Sick.
	Accidents.	Catarrh and Influenza.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Epilepsy.	Fever.	Ophthalmia.	Prolapsus Ani.	Rheumatism.	Hysteria.	Ulcer.	Scorbutus.								
Jan....	0	1	5	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	4	10	14	10	13	0	3	11
Feb....	1	1	8	0	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	19	23	17	13	0	2	76
Mar....	0	57	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	73	65	8	0	6	04
April...	0	4	8	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	25	20	14	0	3	32
May....	1	0	6	0	8	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	21	26	18	13	0	3	72
June...	1	0	9	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	14	22	19	19	1	5	40
July....	0	2	18	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	24	26	16	12	0	5	94
Aug....	0	0	8	0	2	2	0	1	0	2	0	0	15	25	16	15	0	4	58
Sept....	0	5	10	1	7	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	26	35	25	16	0	4	83
Oct....	0	0	10	1	8	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	22	32	26	0	0	2	81
Nov....	1	2	11	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	22	28	24	8	0	2	10
Des....	0	1	5	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	15	13	20	1	2	65
Totals..	4	73	104	4	48	21	4	4	2	2	2	4	268	344	269	152	2	3	93

Shewing a daily average number of sick of 3·93 or of sick to strength of 1·88.

CHAPTER VII.

In the preceding Chapters a tolerably comprehensive view has been afforded of the internal economy of the Institution, and it will only be necessary to give in conclusion a slight sketch of the eventful year just ended, and of the present position and prospects of the Asylum. The year 1856 supplies little worthy of record here.—The institution was steadily pursuing the “even tenor of its way.” Every department tolerably perfect; though still capable of improvement; its officers working harmoniously together with their head, each in his station honestly endeavouring to carry out the system laid down; and each doing cheerfully his part towards perfecting the great work so auspiciously begun.

Two extracts, the one from the church record-book at the close of 1856, the other from the Visitors-book at the end of 1857, will be sufficient to shew that no deterioration had taken place.

“The Bishop of Madras visited the Lawrence Asylum at Sanawur for the Bishop of Calcutta, in continuance of his 7th Visitation, on Tuesday and Wednesday January 6th and 7th, 1857. The Bishop cannot help expressing his admiration and thankfulness at the change which has taken place there since he visited it in 1847, both externally and morally.—Its fine buildings for both boys and girls.—Its beautiful Church,—its neat places of residence for the Superintendent and teachers,—but more than all the number of inmates under such beneficial influence and solid instruction, could not be regarded with any other feelings than those of wonder and praise.

* * * * *

On Wednesday the Bishop held a confirmation in the Church of the Institution, and one hundred and thirteen young persons renewed their baptismal obliga-

tions of faith and obedience in the most devout and solemn manner, to whom the Bishop, in his usual manner, gave an address."

The second is from a Gentleman well known to fame in England and India.

"It is about 10 years since I visited the Lawrence Asylum. It consisted then of a large barn; now it is grown into a small parish—School-houses, work-rooms play-rooms, sleeping-rooms, eating-rooms and washing-rooms, for the children, and dwelling houses for the Officers of the Institution, all clustered round the most English Church I have seen in India.

I went through them all, and can only add my own testimony of satisfaction and respect to that of so many other visitors.—The Boys and Girls are real English Children,—well grown,—well filled-out,—rosy-cheeked, and high-spirited. So that their fathers and mothers or friends in the regiments may be sure that they are not only in a fine climate, but well fed and kindly cared for. I have also seen and heard many things during this visit which tell of good religious principle prevailing generally among both boys and girls; and I have little doubt that the next three or four years when those pupils who have been entirely raised here will be going out into the world—will prove; in the practical business of life, what a real blessing the Lawrence Asylum is to the European Soldier in India.

Let the Boys or Girls go where they will, they must surely carry into their future home, order, discipline, cleanliness, and a rightminded sense of duty to God and their neighbour."

(Signed) H. EDWARDES,

Sanawur }
2nd April 1857. }

LIEUT.-COLONEL

Before entering on the main subject of the Chapter, it is due to those kind and generous friends whose liberality has enabled the Founder and Guardians to carry on the work, to say a word in acknowledgement of the

more than liberality with which so large a number of the residents of this presidency have supported the Institution. When it is understood that it has attained its present growth almost entirely by the aid of voluntary efforts, its condition must be regarded as reflecting the highest credit on the European community of Bengal.

It is true that appeals for relief from debt have periodically had to be made. The Institution constantly out-growing the resources placed at its command; but these extraordinary appeals have invariably been met with the most generous liberality. Perhaps the support which it has received from the army has not been so systematic and general as could have been wished, but many regiments have set a noble example in its favour, and the liberality of many of its Officers, and of members of the Civil Service, and other kind friends has been such as would excite astonishment and admiration at home.

It may be truly said that very many have given even "beyond their power" and others have been untiring in their labours to awaken an interest in behalf of the Institution, and to obtain for it support from fresh quarters. Wherever such agents have arisen the result has been most cheering. But in truth the enterprise is becoming too gigantic to depend entirely on eleemosynary efforts. It can hardly be expected that the comparatively limited number of European inhabitants in Bengal can continue to afford it the means of maintaining its position; far less of extending its advantages commensurate with the increasing wants of the army. It must indeed have contracted its efforts long ago but for the munificent annual Subscription of the founder, who is now, alas! lost to it and India. To continue efficient the Asylum must be prepared to receive nearly double its present number of children.

The following tabulated statement shews the entire number of children admitted since the commencement of 1846, and the classes to which they belong.

Sex.	Entire Orphans.	Fatherless.	Motherless.	Having both Parents.	Total.
Girls,	88	88	47	21	244
Boys,	113	92	49	54	308
Total,	201	180	96	75	552

The next shows the number now in the Asylum.

Sex.	Entire Orphans.	Fatherless.	Motherless.	Having both Parents.	Total.
Girls,	49	62	26	6	143
Boys,	82	72	32	12	198
Total,	131	134	58	18	341

The following shews how the remainder have been disposed of.

Sex.	Survey.	Sub-Medical Department.	Electric Telegraph.	Clerkships.	School Masters.	Soldiers.	Married.	Occupying Situations.	Dead.	Removed.	Total.
Girls,....							9	6	13	52	80
Boys.....	1	13	10	7	4	9			27	60	131
Total,....	1	13	10	7	4	9	9	6	40	112	211

Besides the large sum necessarily expended for the maintenance &c. of so considerable a number of children, roads have had to be cut, and buildings erected at an expence of about $2\frac{1}{4}$ lacs of rupees, exclusive of the sum allowed by Government for the accommodation of the Lower Orphan School. A barren hill-top has been converted into the site of a large, and populous village. All this has been done by voluntary aid.

The subscription list appended will show how accurately the value of the Asylum was from the first appreciated, and how nobly its interests have been upheld, and the success with which God has been pleased hitherto to bless the efforts made, may be accepted as an assurance that the benevolent desires and designs of its supporters shall not be disappointed.

In a country like India, where Europeans are so thinly scattered throughout so vast a scene of labour, it must be long before the benefits of the Institution are palpable to ordinary observers, in the quiet influence of the good example, the uprightness and ability, of those who have been trained at Sanawur. Especially as most of them will occupy subordinate positions in society. But as draft after draft of well regulated and disciplined minds, and English energy and heart is thrown off, it is not too much to hope that a steady under-current of social amelioration will, in time, be created, the future effects of which will be clearly appreciable.

However distant the realization of such hopes may be, it is to such objects the attention of those who guide the Institution must be directed, or it will not worthily perform its part in fulfilling the destiny of England in connection with her Indian possessions.

The year 1857 has proved an eventful and melancholy year for India, and for the Lawrence Asylum. A time of trial and of suffering to many, almost unparalleled in the history of nations. The dreadful scenes of outrage and cruelty of which our dear countrymen and countrywomen have been the victims, cannot yet be

thought of with calmness—it sickens the heart to advert to the subject.—The calamities of the past year have left a mournful impression, which one feels can never be entirely obliterated.

The great and good Founder of the Asylum has been laid low, and many warm friends and supporters are now numbered with the dead. Victims to fiendish treachery and barbarity, or to the chance of war.

For a short time the fate of the population of Sanawur seemed to hang upon a thread. The dreadful news from Delhi came like a thunder-bolt upon every heart, and as day after day, tidings were received of fresh outrages, the anxiety of the residents of the Hill-stations became more and more intense.

Between them and the sea, lay a thousand miles of the plains of India, with the sun at 135°, occupied by hordes of ruthless barbarians thirsting for their blood. Behind them the Punjab, with its native army, which might at any moment rise in rebellion, and render all escape hopeless. While in this state of suspense, reports were rife of the mutinous state of the Nusseeree Battalion at Simla. A party from that regiment on duty as guard over the Government Treasury at Kussowlee, robbed the Treasury, and decamped to Harreepore on the road to Simla where they insulted travellers, stopped the Dâks, and committed some depredations.

The adult population of Sanawur prepared for defence. The boys' school-room was converted into a Guard-house. The Officers' wives and children were collected in the girls'-house, the most defensible position; and a night of inexpressible anxiety was spent under arms. But the whole force which could be mustered was but 25 bayonets, and the buildings afforded no position in which so small a number could maintain their ground, with any hope of success, against any number of assailants; nor was there any sufficient place of refuge during a conflict for 400 helpless women and children. Morning came,—and with it a report that a massacre at Simla had commenced,

and that its inhabitants were flying in all directions. The latter statement was fact, the former fiction. Simultaneously with this report, an order was received to concentrate on Kussowlee, and the community of Sanawur were soon seen abandoning their peaceful home and wending their way sadly along the mountain road to Kussowlee. There rough fortifications had been hastily constructed. A couple of barracks were placed at the disposal of the arrivals from Sanawur, and the little people breathed more freely protected by the stout English hearts and strong arms of its garrison of the gallant 75th foot, consisting of a hundred men.—All however remained quiet.—The great Rajahs in and near the hills remained true to their allegiance, and some of them engaged actively in the defence of British Supremacy.

The mutiny seems to have been consummately planned, but the outbreak at Meerut precipitated matters, and many large bodies of rebels in heart, knew not how to act, and either determined to be neutral or to await opportunity for a successful rising.

After a fortnight spent in the fortified square at Kussowlee, the detachment of the Nusseeree Battalion quietly marched down with their Officers to the plains, and the inhabitants of Sanawur returned to their deserted homes in peace.

Greatly as has the confidence which Europeans have been disposed to place in the natives of India, been shaken by the dreadful experience of the past year, it is a pleasing duty to record the excellent conduct of the native servants of the Asylum, during the involuntary absence of the community. They remained behind, formed a police to protect the large amount of property necessarily left in the buildings, sending daily reports to the Principal of the safety of their charge, and on the return, nothing was missing save a few articles of clothing which had been left in an out-house, and had escaped their notice. But the sympathy of the whole Hill population was manifestly on the side of British rule.

Now however, that the first alarm was somewhat allayed, other sources of anxiety arose. Public credit was shaken. The great native factors would not supply articles of food to the Bunneahs, as usual, on credit. They required cash payments, and the treasuries from which the chief supplies were drawn for the Punjab, had been seized by the rebels and no longer existed. The coffers of the Asylum were exhausted, and all communication except with the Punjab being cut off, the channels of public benevolence were thus effectually closed.

The School Bunneahs and contractors did their best to ward off the evil day; and, though creditors to a serious amount already, did not scruple to raise money on their private valuables for the use of the Asylum. There was no grumbling among them, nor any deficiency in prompt attention to the wants of the community. Whilst in garison at Kussowlee the supplies came in as regularly as usual. But their resources soon ran dry.—Money must be had or the many hungry mouths could be no longer fed. In this emergency an urgent application was made to Mr. Barnes, the Commissioner and Superintendent of the Cis-Sutlej States, for 2,000 Rupees to meet present wants. This was promptly granted. A further request was made to the Chief Commissioner of the Punjab for permission to draw monthly from the Simla Treasury, such sums as were periodically receivable from Government before the stoppage of communication. Such as, for instance, the Interest on Government Paper, the allowance for children of the Lower Orphan School of 10 Rupees, and for other children of 2—8 per month, in all about 2,000 Rupees monthly. This request was also immediately sanctioned and the Institution thus delivered from the fear of absolute want.

The children enjoyed from the first their full rations but the Officers had to pinch and contrive a little; for it was only occasionally that a small sum could be spared for them; but all were cheerful and thankful.

The Committee met and decided on publishing an appeal to be circulated in those stations to which postal access could be had, and at the same time resolved to solicit from Government a loan of 2,000 per mensem for six months free of Interest. The following is a copy of the appeal.

LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM,

*Sanawur, near Kussowlee,**August 17th 1857.*

"The present circumstances of the Lawrence Asylum are such, as to leave the Committee of Guardians no other resource than an immediate appeal to the Gentry and Army of this presidency, for temporary aid. This would not otherwise have been made at a time, when the European portion of Indian Society is labouring under peculiar pecuniary difficulties, which will, in most cases, render it difficult for those who are ready to contribute, to do what they would, otherwise, gladly do; and impossible for many to respond, in any way, to the call.

From the commencement of the present troubles, owing to the stoppage of the daks, and to the plunder of the Treasuries, Subscription almost entirely failed, and the Institution was suddenly left without means, and, as nothing was to be had without ready money, there was great cause for anxiety, even as to the supply of food for the children. In this extremity an application was made to the local authorities, for permission to draw monthly from the Treasury the amount of sums, becoming periodically due, on account of Interest of Government paper, and payments for inwards, and outwards of the Lower Orphan School. This application was promptly attended to, and the amount of Co.'s Rs. 2,000 per mensem, thus realized is sufficient to provide food for the children and to supply the native establishment with the means of subsistence.— But the monthly expenses of the Institution are about Rs. 5,800. Two or three kind friends knowing the

urgency of the case have sent in their donations and thus provided the means of paying the contractors for shoes, washing, and necessaries, a portion of their monthly bills. But the preparations for winter clothing and bedding for the children are stopped for want of funds to make the necessary purchases, and the officers of the Institution are dependant on the forbearance of the school bunnahs for the bare necessities of life.

An obvious course of action, justified by this position of the Institution, but, one to which the Guardians would have most unwillingly resorted, was, to require the removal of all children having living parents; but the disturbed state of the country rendered such a measure impossible. By a recent resolution of the Committee the Asylum has, however, been closed for the present to children of living parents. But its doors must not, and shall not be closed, at such a time as this against the Orphans of those who are falling in the defence of the lives and property of their countrymen, whilst there shall remain any hope of obtaining the means of maintenance for them.

An application has been made to the Local Government for temporary relief in the shape of a monthly loan,—and another will be made, without delay, to the supreme Government, for more permanent assistance. But some time must elapse before the result of these appeals can be known : and in the meantime, an amount of debt has already accumulated, and is now rapidly increasing, of which it is feared no mere charitable efforts will afford the means of liquidation, especially, if it be true, (the Guardians still hope that the report is of doubtful authority) that the Institution has, in this time of distress, been deprived of its revered Founder, and has been thus made annually poorer by the amount of his munificent Subscription of Co.'s Rs. 10,000.

The Guardians cannot but feel justified therefore in making this appeal for aid even at a time so unpropitious as the present. They ask the Gentry of India and the Non-Commissioned Officers and men of Euro-

pean Regiments to give, not large sums, for that cannot be expected, but, each his mite. The children on whose behalf this request is made are the offspring of Soldiers, the majority of them the *Orphans* of those who have bled and died on many a well fought field in India. It cannot be needful to say more in commendation of such claims as these to the sympathies of Soldiers, nor indeed to the generous feeling of any class of men in India and the Guardians therefore leave their ease with much confidence with those into whose hands this appeal may fall.

By order of the Committee of Guardians.

W. J. PARKER

Chaplain, Principal & Secretary,

L. M. A.

So universally was the monetary crisis felt that but little was expected from this appeal beyond the benefit which might accrue at a future period from having drawn the attention of the public to the necessities of the Institution.

The sequel however proved this to be a mistake. Hundreds gladly embraced the opportunity of acknowledging the mercy which had spared them and their relatives, amidst the scenes of slaughter and desolation around, by giving what they could to support the Orphans and children of their brave defenders, and though money came slowly in at first, because there was little in the Treasuries, yet as soon as the pecuniary pressure was somewhat lightened, donations poured in from all the stations of the North West. The result of the appeal, most honorable as it is to all classes of the European community, will be seen by reference to the list of donations in the appendix.

The Local Government, pending reference to the Governor General, kindly sanctioned the loan asked for. This intelligence was followed, as soon as the slow process of communication with Calcutta via Bombay would admit, by the still more cheering news that the

Governor General had converted the loan into a grant of 12,000 Rupees. Great was the gratitude of the Guardians for this unexpected good fortune, and not less sincere was the thankfulness of the Principal of the Institution, whose position, full of responsibility and anxiety, had been for some months far from an enviable one,

The monthly sum now received was sufficient for current expences, the outlay being limited to bare necessities, and the payment of the school staff. A heavy burden of debt had however accumulated, sufficient to awaken the anxiety of the Guardians. But the generous and universal sympathy which the peril of the Asylum had by this time awakened soon put an end to all such anxieties. The intelligence of the distinguished Founders' death had been confirmed, and the universal esteem and affection felt for that noble heart, reverted to the Institution which was to him as the child of his affections.

Day after day large sums came in, the produce of the "appeal." The mutiny fund in London remitted 10,000 Rupees.* The Bombay mutiny fund 3,000. A generous, friend and steady supporter of the Institution, of whom a sum of 7,000 had been borrowed some years before at 5 per cent, and neither interest nor principal paid, desired that the whole debt might be regarded as an offering to the memory of the deceased founder; another equally generous transferred Government paper to the value of 5,000 Rupees to the Institution.—The Patriotic fund in Calcutta voted 5,400† Rupees on condition of the reception of 18 children, and most munificent donations were received from private individuals. The result is most cheering.—Every debt has been paid—and a considerable balance remains to commence the year 1858; which God grant may be attended by none of the calamities of that which we have just concluded.

* A Second 10,000 Rupees has been since received.

† Received in February 1858.

Such is the present financial position of the Asylum. Its future prospects have to be considered in the next and concluding Chapter.

CHAPTER VIII.

The cost per head of each child maintained in the Asylum, for food, clothing, education and necessaries, is found to average about 16 Rupees per mensem.

The cost of 369 children is therefore Co.'s Rs. 5,900

To this must be added

For necessary repairs &c.	300	
Principal's Salary,	500	
Sundries about,	300	1,200

Total Co.'s Rs. per mensem.... 6,100

The permanent monthly income is as follows.

1. Subscription of Government.	200
2. Allowance for children of the Lower Orphan School maintained in the Institution @ 10 Rs. per mensem,	1,400
3. Allowance for outwards of the Lower Orphan School @ 2—8 per mensem about	200
4. Payments from parents above the rank of Corporal about,	150
5. Interest of Endowment fund of Rupees 100,000,	330

Total Co.'s Rs. 2,280

Monthly amount for which the Asylum is entirely dependant on Voluntary Subscriptions,

3,820

Of this large sum the late lamented Founder supplied from his private resources about one fourth part. Many too of those who contributed to make up the remainder are no longer numbered with the living. The loss from deaths may perhaps be roughly estimated at about 400 per mensem more, and that arising from the impoverished resources of many subscribers who have escaped with life, may possibly be calcula-

ted at about 200 more. Making a total loss in all of Co.'s Rs. 1,400 per month or nearly one third of the income derived from voluntary Subscriptions.

With the view of making up this loss by a permanent endowment of the Institution, a subscription has been commenced at Calcutta, which already, it is believed amounts to 50,000 Rupees. The sum required fully to accomplish this object is, however about 3 lacs of Rupees or about £*Stg.* 30,000 a sum much too large, of course to be raised in India but which might possibly be raised, if not immediately, yet in a year or two, by the united charity of England and India, and now that public sympathy is aroused in favour of the Asylum, and many kind and influential friends have sprung up to advocate its cause at home, it is perhaps not too much to hope that something effectual may be done towards so desirable an object.

Could this however be fully accomplished it must be borne in mind that it would but place the Institution in the same financial position it held before the mutinies.

The immense permanent increase which must be made to the strength of the European portion of the Indian army, will however seriously affect the relative position towards it of the Institution as an Asylum for its orphans. If with 17 British regiments it has only just been able to meet the demands made upon it, it needs little arithmetic to shew, that with three times that number it will require a very considerable increase to its funds to remain efficient. Some portion of such resources will no doubt be drawn from the regiments which increase the demand; but much more will be required which can scarcely be expected from India. The Indian Government has come forward very liberally in the crisis of the Institution's difficulties to its help, and an application has been made for permanent aid to the extent of the annual gift of the late Founder. Should this be granted and the endowment alluded to be realized, the Institution will be

placed in a position to meet the demands made upon it for some years to come, perhaps permanently.

The great want felt is a permanent source of income. At present 400 mouths have to be fed, and backs clothed from funds supplied by sources which are necessarily fluctuating and uncertain. The anxiety and responsibility of administering the financial affairs of the Asylum, is under such circumstances, painfully felt.

Much might be done by more general and systematic efforts in the army of this Presidency. If each regiment would contribute a day's pay and allowances per annum from officers and men, a large sum would be realized, which, in addition to the contributions of civilian subscribers, would go far towards raising the income of the Institution to a par with the demands which will be made upon it. Such a subscription would have, too, something of permanence in it. At present the burden of supporting it presses in many cases heavily on individuals who having been connected officially with the deceased founder have become deeply interested in the success of his plans for the benefit of the army. They have watched with increasing satisfaction the progress of the Institution for many years, and have liberally dispensed the means at their disposal in its service. Such interest it may be difficult to perpetuate. Nor is it indeed fair that an Institution in whose success all who are interested in the condition of European Society in India, (and who living in India, is not so?) should feel concerned, should be left to the benevolence of a comparatively small number of the community.

Attempts have been made to make the character and claims of the Asylum more generally known by the appointment of Honorary Local Treasurers wherever it was possible to obtain the services of friends of the Institution, and the effects of the generous labours of those who have, at much personal inconvenience, come forward in its aid, have been sensibly

felt in a greater steadiness of the annual income for the last year or two. But here, as in other respects, the peculiar features of Indian Society throw difficulties in the way of the Institution. Every one is on the move continually. It is often impossible to replace an active collector, and local contributions realized by his energy gradually fall off on his departure. Then again India is a country which few Englishmen regard as their home; and year after year witnesses the retirement of some kind friend whose place it may be difficult to fill. Still the objects of the Institution, and as it is hoped, the manner in which those objects have been carried out, must secure for it a place in the hearts of all in this presidency who love their countrymen, and wish well to India. Its claims must be felt by every soldier especially. The manner in which urgent appeals have been met shews the hold it has upon the sympathies of all classes, and though the charitable resources of this presidency may not be equal to its maintenance in due efficiency, if a portion of the finances could be secured, as already suggested, by endowment, the charity of the Indian public would no doubt continue, to the last, cheerfully to supply the rest.

It was the great anxiety of Sir Henry Lawrence to see a fund set on foot for endowing the Institution, and he expressed six years ago a strong wish that, if possible, his own subscription might be set apart for this object; but the Asylum was growing too rapidly to admit of it.—In a communication to the writer some years ago, Sir Henry remarked “I hope to live long enough to give the Asylum a lac of rupees, I wish the whole of that sum could be funded, for I am most anxious to see some element of permanency in it, which there is not at present.” He lived just long enough to complete the lac of rupees; but alas not long enough to see his cherished desire gratified. Perhaps however the universal respect and affection felt for his memory, at home and in India, may accomplish even this also.

The event must be left to him who is the Father of the Fatherless, and the God of the widow. The hearts of all men are in his hand, and he who doubtless inspired those generous resolves which called the Asylum into existence, can and will carry out his own gracious purposes in its establishment, and will never suffer it to languish whilst these remain unfulfilled.

APPENDIX.

RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM.

I.

The object of the Institution is to provide for the orphan and other children of Soldiers serving or having served in India, an Asylum from the debilitating effects of a tropical climate, and the demoralizing influence of barrack-life; wherein they may obtain the benefits of a bracing climate, a healthy moral atmosphere, and a plain, useful, and above all religious education, adapted to fit them for employment suited to their position in life, and, with the divine blessing to make them consistent Christians, and intelligent, and useful members of Society.

II.

Children of pure European parentage, as being more likely to suffer from the climate of the plains than those of mixed parentage, shall take precedence of the latter in the consideration of applications by the Committee,

MANAGEMENT.

III.

The Governor General of India, and the Commander-in Chief for the time being, shall be solicited to become patrons and visitors of the Institution, and the Founder, Sir Henry Montgomery Lawrence K.C.B. shall be, during life, the President, and his brothers Vice-Presidents,

IV.

The General and financial business of the Institution shall be conducted by a Committee of Guardians, to consist of not less than four gentlemen resident at Kussowlee and the adjacent stations, in addition to the Chaplains of Kussowlee, Dugshai, and Subathoo, the Officers appointed by Government to watch the interest of the children of the L. O. S. maintained on the Government Foundation of the Lawrence Asylum, and the Principal of the Institution, who shall officiate as Secretary.

V.

In case of the breaking up of the Committee by the removal of troops from the adjacent stations, the Secretary is empowered to call in the assistance of any gentlemen temporarily resident, or, in default of such aid, to take upon himself the management, until a Committee can be formed.

VI.

Two Visitors shall be appointed, one to be, if possible, a Medical man. These shall have access at all times to every department of the Institution. They will be expected to visit the Institution officially once a fortnight, or oftener, if possible, and to report their impressions to the Local Committee. Of which the visitors shall be members ex-officio.

VII.

The President shall have a veto in the appointment of all the superior officers of the Institution. He may vote by the Secretary, or any other selected member, at the meetings of the Local Committee of Guardians and has a casting vote as President of the Committee of reference.

VIII.

It shall be competent for the Local Committee, in communication with the President of the Institution, to fill up vacancies occurring in the Committee of Re-

ference, and to add to its numbers, from time to time, as may be deemed expedient.

IX.

The Local Committee shall meet at the Asylum for dispatch of business, and to inspect the Institution on the first Wednesday in each month.

X.

A Majority of the Members present shall decide all controverted points. Such majority may be caused by the casting vote of the Chairman. The opinions of the Members of the Committee of reference shall however, be obtained on all questions of importance, affecting the constitution or prospects of the Institution, and a majority of the united committees shall determine such questions.

XI.

The name of any member of the Local Committee habitually neglecting to attend is to be struck off the list of Guardians, and another Guardian selected in his place, absence for four consecutive meetings without satisfactory reason assigned, to constitute habitual neglect, a member so struck off is, however, eligible to be re-elected.

XII.

The educational and domestic department shall be left to the management of the Principal. The instruction given in the Schools being regulated by the course laid down in Rule 34.

ADMISSION OF CHILDREN.

XIII.

Applications for the admission of children must be addressed to the Secretary, who will furnish printed forms of application and nomination and a descriptive roll to be filled up by applicant.

XIV.

The Secretary in directing candidates to join, will fix a reasonable limit to the time during which the

summons shall be available; those who do not join by the date specified will be regarded as having forfeited their election, and will be struck off the list of candidates; subject however to appeal to the Local Committee of Guardians.

XV.

In the month of January in each year, the Guardians shall decide upon the number of children to be maintained in the Institution during the current year, and applicants up to that number are to be received by the Secretary according to date of application without further reference to the Committee.

XIV.

Children having living Fathers above the rank of Corporal; or step-fathers above the rank of Sergeant; will be charged for according to the scale laid down in Rule 18 in addition to the Government allowance.

XVII.

Orphans and fatherless children possessed of property, or having relatives in good circumstances, to whom they may naturally look for support, shall be admitted at the discretion of the Committee, who shall decide on the composition or monthly payment, to be made in each particular case.

XVIII.

The following is the scale of payments to be demanded of parents, according to the rank of the parties.

	1st Child.	2nd Child.	3rd Child.
Private Soldiers,	0	0	0
Corporals,	0	0	0
Serjeants,	3	0	0
Serjeants Major,	4	0	8
Retired Soldiers and Soldiers on Staff employ possessing an ag- gregate income of 60 and less than 80 Rs. per mensem,	5	0	3
Do. 80 and less than 120 Rs...	9	0	6
Do. 120 and less than 150 Rs.	12	0	9

XIX.

In all cases where private Soldiers or Non-Commissioned Officers hold appointments by which their income is increased, they shall pay the rate of that rank, the allowances of which, most nearly approximate to their actual incomes from all sources.

XX.

From pensioned Soldiers whose allowances are not equal to those of a private Soldier or Corporal, no payment shall be demanded. Other pensioners will pay according to the foregoing rule.

XXI.

These payments will be drawn through Commanding Officers of Corps *in addition to* the Government allowance which will be drawn direct from the Military Orphan Fund.

XXII.

No child shall be admitted under three years, nor above ten years of age, except in special cases, to be decided on by the Committee.

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF CHILDREN.

XXIII.

On attaining the age of 16 years, children of living fathers must, if the Guardians so desire, be removed from the Asylum; but destitute orphans will be maintained until provided for in life.

XXIV.

The consent of the Principal and of the Guardians for the time being, shall be considered necessary to the marriage of any female orphan ward of the Asylum.

XXV.

Parents and guardians wishing to remove children from the Asylum, must give fourteen days' notice of their intention, in writing, to the Secretary accompanied by a remittance of the amount due on account of the child, to the date of removal.

NOMINATION.

XXVI.

All candidates must be nominated by a subscriber ; where difficulty is experienced in obtaining a nomination, application must be made to the Secretary who will endeavour to assist the applicant.

XXVII.

Four years annual subscription of 60 Rupees, or a final gift of 300 Rupees entitle to nominate a child to the Institution.

XXVIII.

A Benefaction of 2,000 Rupees entitles the donor to an annual nomination during residence in India.

XXIX.

A Benefaction of 4,000 Rupees shall entitle the donor to a transferable annual nomination during life.

XXX.

Regiments Subscribing to the Institution funds are entitled to nominate one child for every 300 Rupees subscribed.

XXXI.

Subscriptions of 100 Rupees per annum continued for ten years and Benefactions of 1,000 Rupees and upwards entitle the donor to a vote on the Committee of reference.

XXXII.

When the nominee does not avail himself of the nomination the subscriber may nominate another. Should a subscriber nominate a candidate ineligible by the rules or for whose rejection the Guardians consider there is sufficient reason, he must be requested to nominate another candidate. Such new nomination will rank last on the list and not in the same position as the original nominee.

GROUNDS OF INELIGIBILITY.

XXXIII.

The grounds of ineligibility are.

1. Illegitimacy.
2. Being under the age of 3 or beyond 10 years.
3. Being idiotic or subject to some disease or infirmity which will render education impossible or very difficult.
4. Not being the child of a Soldier serving or having served in India.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

XXXIV.

In the religious lessons given in open School all the leading truths of Christianity shall be inculcated, but without unnecessary allusion to disputed points of faith or practice.

XXXV.

The respective catechisms of the various Protestant denominations may be taught in private to the children of each denomination.

XXXVI.

The authorized version of the Bible shall be read in the School.

XXXVII.

At the hours in which religious instruction is given in the School, Priests of the Roman Catholic Church, and accredited Ministers of Evangelical denominations, may attend and give instruction to the children of their respective persuasions, in places set apart for that purpose, on giving previous notice of their wish to do so to the Secretary.

XXXVIII.

Roman Catholic Priests and accredited Ministers of other denominations shall have free access to the sick of their Communities in the Infirmary at all reasonable times.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

XXXIX.

Divine Service in accordance with the usage of the Church of England, shall be celebrated twice on each Sunday in the Chapel of the Institution. All the inmates of the establishment being required to attend, subject, however, to the provisions of Rule 40.

XL.

On the applications of a Clergyman of the Roman Catholic Church, or accredited Minister of an Evangelical denomination of Christians requesting permission to celebrate Divine Service on a Sunday with the members of his communion, a place shall be set apart for the purpose, and such members shall have permission to attend. Such application must however be made in writing on the previous Saturday.

XLI.

The form of prayers sanctioned for use in the Asylum shall be read every Morning and Evening throughout the year by the Principal or such Officer as he may appoint for the purpose.

GENERAL EDUCATION.

XLII.

The following subject shall be taught in the School.

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| 1.—The doctrines and motives of Christianity in accordance with Rule 34. | 6.—Geography. |
| 2.—Reading. | 7.—Elements of Histy. |
| 3.—Writing. | 8.—Vocal Music. |
| 4.—Arithmetic. | 9.—Linear Drawing. |
| 5.—English Grammar. | 10.—Land Surveying. |
| | 11.—Merchants' Accounts |
| | 12.—Oordoo. |

XLIII.

A half yearly examination of each class shall be made by the Headmaster when the position of each child in his class in each subject of instruction, shall be noted and the result notified to parents together

with a statement of the pupils health and general conduct.

XLIV.

Every opportunity shall be embraced of affording industrial and scientific information to the elder pupils ; efforts are to be made to form and maintain departments within the walls of the Institution in which suitable instruction may be found to qualify the lads for employment in the various departments of the Government ;—especially the Department Public Works, Survey, Sub-Medical department, Electric Telegraph department, &c. &c. In connection with these department shall be taught when practicable, Printing, Book-binding, Practical building, Carpentry, Turning, Plan Drawing, Mapping, &c. The girls are to be employed in such occupation as will tend to qualify them for becoming the wives of working men. Plain needle work, Housewifery, attention to the sick, management of children, &c. &c.

XLV.

A public annual examination shall be held on Waterloo day to which due publicity shall be given.

XLVI.

The only vacations shall be the anniversary of the Institution which shall be celebrated on the 28th June ; one week from the 18th to the 25th June inclusive ; and three weeks following the 17th day of December in each year. The Queen's Birth day, Good Friday, Easter Monday and Tuesday, and Whit Monday.

XLVII.

An annual report shall be published as early in each year as possible and circulated gratuitously for the information of the subscribers ; this shall contain a list of the Officers for the time being and such statistics as may be likely to prove interesting to the friends of the Institution.

NORMAL SCHOOL.

XLVIII.

A limited number of the most promising Boys shall be trained as pupil teachers with the view of their qualifying themselves to enter the Normal School for Masters of Regimental Schools for the Bengal Presidency, established by Government in connection with the Lawrence Military Asylum.

XLIX.

These will be selected at the age of 14 or 15 from the first class of the School, and will receive special instruction from the Head Master. They will be expected to enter the training School at the age of 18 or 19.

L.

These normal pupils will be maintained and clothed in the Institution, and will for the second year receive an allowance of 4 Rs. for the third Rs. 6 and for the fourth Rs. 10 per mensem, if recommended by the Head Master as deserving.

LI.

Such pupils will be required to sign an engagement with the guardians for the period of four years.

LII.

The curriculum of study prescribed for them is to be arranged so as to meet the highest requirements of the matriculation examination for the Government Training School. Special attention being paid to Mathematics, Composition, and the Science and practice of teaching.

ADDITIONAL RULES.

ENLISTMENT.

LIII.

Except under special circumstances, to be judged of by the Local Committee, no boy shall be enlisted till he have attained the age of 16 years.

NOMINATION.

LIV.

A subscriber having nominated, and the nominee having resided six months on the Asylum no new nomination can be made should the children after that period be removed ; but if the child be removed at any time within six months of admission another may be sent in its room on the same nomination.

LOWER ORPHAN SCHOOL FOUNDATION.

The following particulars are intended for the information of officers and others wishing to secure the admission of orphans on this Foundation

All orphan Children who are entitled to reception as inwards of the Lower Orphan School, will in conformity with an arrangement made with the Guardians be sent in future to the Lawrence Military Asylum.

Officers Commanding Corps, or in charge of departments, desirous of procuring admission for children into the Lawrence Military Asylum on this foundation, must address the Secretary Military Orphan School Kidderpore enclosing descriptive roll and all necessary particulars. A copy of the descriptive roll should also be forwarded to the Principal and Secretary Lawrence Military Asylum.

The Station Staff is the recognized medium of communication.

On receiving the sanction of the General Management of the Lower Orphan School, the Secretary will order such children to be forwarded to the Lawrence Military Asylum and will communicate with the Secretary of the latter Institution.

An allowance is made by the Management Lower Orphan School at the rate of 12 rupees per mensem for travelling expenses to the Asylum of children inwards of the Lower Orphan School for the number of days employed in the journey. This allowance is drawn by the Station Staff.

The following form of Descriptive Roll shows the particulars which are required.

*Descriptive Roll of
Orphan School into the Lawrence Military Asylum.*

a candidate for admission as an In-ward of the Lower

APPENDIX.

Name of Child.		Date of Birth.			Orphan, Motherless or having both parents. Wholly European or of Mixed Parentage?	Legitimate or not.	Religion.	Christian Name.	Surname.	Rank Corps and Residence.	Whether Father on Pension Establish-ment. If so, when Transferred?	Whether Father in receipt of Co.'s Rs. 75 per mensem from all sources?	Mother Drawing the usual Government Allowance or not?	Government Allowance drawn for Child or not?	Has Child been Vaccinated?	Is child subject to any particular Disease?	Name of next of Kin.
		Year.	Month.	Day.													
Christian.	Surname.																

LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM OFFICERS.

Patrons and Visitors.

THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF
INDIA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN
INDIA.

PRESIDENT

SIR JOHN LUARD MAIR LAWRENCE K. C. B. C. S.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

THE BROTHERS OF THE PRESIDENTS IN INDIA.

Local Committee (for 1858.)

Barnes, G. C. Esq. C. S.

Blackall, Capt. H. M. 75th Regt.

Chaplain of Rissowlee.

Chaplain of Dugshai.

Chaplain of Subathoo.

Chaplain of the Asylum.

Farrer, The Revd. F. Simla.

Maxwell, Capt. Asst. Commr.

Nicolls, Capt. Ex. Eng. Dugshai.

Committee of Reference.

Abbott, Lieut.-Colonel.

Atherton, H. Esq. C. S.

Becher, Major J. Deputy Comr.

Birch, Colonel C. B.

Chamberlain, Brigadier N. C. B.

Davidson, Major C.

Edmonstone, G. F. Esq. C. S.

Edwardes, Colonel H. B. C. B.

Eyre, Colonel V. C. B.

Gubbins, M. R. Esq. C. S.

Hathaway, C. Esq. M. D.

Hodgson, Captain 9th N. I.

Lake, Major.

Login Sir J. C. M. D.

MacGregor, Colonel C. B.

Martin, Colonel.

Montgomery, R. Esq. C. S.

Parsons, Brigadier General C. B.

Patrons and Visitors, The

President, and Vice The

Reade, E. A. Esq. C. S.

Shakespeare, Sir R.

Van-Courtlandt, General.

Wheler, Brigadier General.

CHAPLAIN, PRINCIPAL AND SECRETARY,
THE REV. W. J. PARKER.

MEDICAL OFFICER AND ASSISTANT SECRETARY,
MR. GEO. OLIVER APOTHECARY, H.E.I.C.S.

HEAD-MASTER OF BOYS' SCHOOL,
MR. E. H. ROGERS.

THE MOST CONVENIENT FORM OF REMITTANCE is by draft on the Simla Bank, or Simla Treasury. But drafts on Umballa, Lahore, Meerut, Agra, and Delhi, can be negociated without difficulty. The Delhi, Simla, and Agra and United Service Banks will also receive contributions for account of the Asylum. Amounts under five rupees can be sent in postage stamps if more convenient to the Donor.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST FROM 1846 TO 1857 INCLUSIVE.

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		TOTAL.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Abbott, Colonel ..	Deputy Commissioner ..	600				300		900	
Adams, Captain, R. ..	"					11		11	
Addington, The Hon'ble, ..	"	4						21	
Allen, C. Esq.	Horse Artillery ..	900		17				900	
Alexander, Captain, ..	C. S. ..	7				58		58	
Alexander, R. Esq. ..	10th Light Cavalry ..			100				107	
Allgood, A. Captain ..	C. S. ..	51		63		52		166	
Anderson, Dr. ..	Quarter Master General ..	18		12		12		42	
Anderson, Captain G. G. ..	43rd Native Infantry ..	28		40				68	
Anderson, Dr. J. ..	15th Native Infantry ..					12		12	
Andrews, C. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	10th Light Cavalry ..	100						200	
Angelo, Revd. F. ..	72nd Native Infantry ..	36		60		18		151	
Anson, Captain O. H. St. Geo. ..	H. M.'s 9th Lancers ..			100		55		100	
Apthorpe, Major, ..	41st Native Infantry ..	330		200		200		730	
Arnold, W. D. Esq. ..	Director, Punjab I. ..	2500		256		250		3006	
Atherton, H. Esq. ..	C. S. ..			10		411		15	
Artillery Bengal (Horse,) ..	1st Troop, 1st Brigade ..					44		44	
	2nd " 1st " ..			64		41		106	
	3rd " 1st " ..	29	3	36		52		117	
	1st " 2nd " ..	32	8	83		35		151	
	3rd " 2nd " ..	9	9	32		16		58	
	1st " 3rd " ..			28		5		33	
	3rd " 3rd " ..			56		24		80	
	3rd " 3rd " ..					1		9	

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		TOTAL.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Artillery Bengal Horse, Artillery Bengal Foot.	3rd N.C.O.								
	4th Brigade								
	1st Company, 1st Battn.	51	5	37		32	4	69	4
	2nd " 1st "	17	11					51	5
	3rd " 1st "	65		24	6	44	6	86	1
	4th " 1st "			31	10	42		138	10
	1st " 2nd "			105		107	4	212	4
	2nd " 2nd "	23	12			9	10	9	10
	3rd " 2nd "	28	12	22	8	9	4	55	8
	4th " 2nd "	47		19	9	2	10	50	15
B. Bacon, Capt. B. E. Bacon, Capt. C. B. G. Baird, A. F. Esq. Lieutenant Baker, Major W. E. Engineers Baker, Captain W. T.	2nd " 2nd "	20		107	4	51	12	206	
	2nd N.C.O.			3	11	17	2	40	13
	3rd Battn.	5	2	32	11	27	10	65	8
	3rd " 3rd "			14	4	17	13	32	1
	4th Battn.	10	6	52	5	19	6	82	1
	1st " 4th "			36	5	10	15	47	14
	2nd " 4th "			66	7	7	11	74	2
	3rd " 4th "			15	6	6	5	21	11
	4th " 4th "			22	1	1	14	23	15
	4th Battn. 4th N.C.O.	51	5	91	15	16	12	16	
	1st Co. 6th Battn.			21	4	19		40	4
	3rd " 6th "			11	15	11	13	15	12
	Qr. Mr. Genl. Dept.	700						700	
	Assistant Commissioner.			200				200	
	18th Native Infantry	12		8				20	
	Nusseeree Battalion ..	800				22		800	
		200						222	

Barnes, G. C. Esq. Commissioner..	..	Artillery	..	300	200	27	100	700
Barr, Major W. ..	..	..	..	60	27	11	135	135
Barter, R. Esq. Lieut. and Adj. ..	..	..	..	3	11	12	14	14
Bartlett, Captain H. S. ..	..	..	..	..	12	2	18	18
Barnell, W. B. Esq. Ensign ..	..	18th Native Infantry	..	..	2	..	2	2
Baldwin, Major ..	..	Artillery	..	400	180	9	580	580
Bamfield, A. H. Esq. Lieutenant ..	..	Irregular Cavalry	..	15	12	4	24	24
Bassevi, J. P. Esq. Lieut. Engineers	..	..	..	12	12	16	20	20
Barchard, C. H. Esq. Lieutenant ..	..	20th Native Infantry	..	24	12	1	36	36
Beatson, Major T. T. B. ..	..	10th Light Cavalry	..	7	30	60	38	38
Beatson, Captain W... ..	..	1st Light Cavalry	..	16	16	..	32	32
Beatson, W. B. Esq. Asst. Surgeon	..	..	..	60	14	..	120	120
Becher, The Revd. J. Y. Chaplain	..	..	..	3	200	12	17	17
Becher, Col. A. M. Qr. Mr. Genl....	..	C. S. ..	..	100	12	..	300	300
Begbie, A. W. Esq. ..	..	..	..	3	12	..	15	15
Bell, R. Esq. Asst. G. T. Survey ..	..	3rd Irregular Cavalry	..	180	12	..	180	180
Biddulph, Major E. ..	..	..	..	..	10	4	10	10
Birch, Mrs. ..	..	7th Native Infantry	..	..	25	12	25	25
Birch, Major W. ....	..	41st Native Infantry	..	..	12	11	14	14
Birch, Colonel W. J... ..	..	H. M.'s 75th Regiment.	..	3	200	6	200	200
Bishop, H. P. Esq. Lieutenant	..	..	..	..	100	280	100	100
Blackhall, Captain R. ..	..	51st Native Infantry	..	8	24	9	58	58
Blair, Colonel C. B. ....	..	C. S. ..	..	..	12	12	9	9
Blair, E. R. Esq. Lieutenant	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	24
Blunt, G. Esq. ..	..	4th Battalion Artillery	..	..	..	..	330	330
Boileau, Colonel A. H. E. Engre. ..	..	57th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boileau, Colonel Commanding	..	Assistant Commissioner	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bond, E. E. B. Esq. Lieutenant ..	..	A. D. C. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boulton, S. S. Esq. Lieutenant	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bowie Captain C. V. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		Total.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Bradford, Colonel J. T. C. B.	1st Light Cavalry	8		10				18	
Bradshaw Colonel J. C. B. .	H. M.'s 60th Rifles..	200						200	
Bramley, W. J. Esq C. .	C. S. .	400						400	
Branfill, B. R. Esq. Lieutenant	5th Light Cavalry			12		55	12	67	12
Brandreth, L. Esq. .	C. S. .	400						400	3
Briggs, Capt. G. .	Supdt. Hill roads			240				240	
Brookes, Captain J. H.	1st Light Cavalry	2		12		1		15	
Brougham, Captain .	Artillery .	257		52				309	
Brind, Major J. .	Artillery .	494						494	
Brownlow, Captain J. H.	Artillery .	52						52	
Browne, Major C. .	Deputy Commissioner..	120						120	
Browne G. Esq. Lieutenant..	Artillery .					4		4	
Browne, Captain T. .	Artillery .					50		50	
Browne, J. C. Esq. Asst. Surgn.	15th Native Infantry					10		10	
Browne, Esq. Ensign	Artillery .	4		6				10	
Browne, W. Esq. Lieutenant	Artillery .	2		6		11		19	
Browne, G. R. Esq. .	Artillery .	8		8		2		18	
Browne, Dr. .	Irregular Cavalry	7		21		11		39	
Bryce, J. H. Esq. Lieutenant	Artillery .	20		8				28	
Buckle, H. B. Esq. Asst. Surgn.	Artillery .	3		12		11		26	
Bush, Major J. C. .	Native Infantry			12		4		16	
Butt. H. B. Esq. Assistant Surgeon	2nd Native Infantry	2		12		10		24	
Burne, H. K. Esq. Lieutenant	..			1				1	
Bunny, A. Esq. Lieut. and Adjt. ....	..					4		4	

Officer	Rank	Regiment	Pay	Allowance	Total
Cadell, A. Esq. Lieutenant ..	24	600	..	..	600
Campbell, Genl. Sir Colin, K.C.B.	600	..	..	..	600
Cavenagh, Major O. ..	16	50	..	..	50
Chapman, C. Esq. ..	32	16	..	..	16
Chester, C. Esq. ..	500	300	..	..	300
Christian, C. J. ..	400	400	..	..	400
Clarke, and Davidge, Messrs.	24	..	..	..	24
Cocks, A. H. Esq. ..	200	1100	..	..	1100
Coke, Major ..	100	612	..	..	612
Collar, Commissariat Sergeant	100	..	..	..	100
Colledge, G. W. Esq. ..	100	..	..	..	100
Colledge, Mrs. ..	40	..	..	..	40
Collis, Captain R. S. ..	7	..	..	..	7
Connelly, F. H. Esq. Lieutenant	5	..	..	..	5
Cooper, Mr. Sub-Conductor	8	..	..	..	8
Cordner, J. E. Esq. Lieutenant	12	..	..	..	12
Cotton, C. Esq. Lieutenant	6	..	..	..	6
Cox, Dr. ..	..	..	..	..	..
Craigie, F. J. Esq. Lieutenant	..	..	..	..	..
Cracroft, B. Esq. Lieutenant	..	..	..	..	..
Cripps, A. W. Esq. ..	..	..	..	..	..
Cunliffe, C. W. Esq. ..	..	..	..	..	..
Cutling, Esq. M. D. Supg. Surg.	100	..	..	..	100
Currie, C. Esq. ..	50	..	..	..	50
Currie, M. E. Esq. Lieutenant	50	..	..	..	50
D					
D'Aguilar, G. Esq. Lieutenant ..	12	..	..	..	12
Daindridge, C. C. Esq. Lieutenant	5	..	..	..	5
Daley, Captain	50	..	..	..	50

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		Total.
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
Dalhousie, The Most Noble The } Marquis K. T. G. G. of India.. }	..	5000						Rs. A. P. 5000
Darling, A. Esq. Lieutenant	Horse Artillery ..	36						36
Darnell, Captain T. C.	51st Native Infantry			8		6		14
Darrah, H. Z. Esq.	41st Native Infantry			8	8 10			8
Dartnell, Dr. ..	H. M.'s 53rd Regiment..	12						12
Davidson, H. Esq.	C. S. ..	200						200
Davidson, Captain	Nizam Cavalry..	200						200
Davidson, Dr. Superintending Surg.	..	40		16		8		64
Davidson, E. Esq. Lieut. Engineer	..	56				5		61
Davie, E. Esq. Lieut. Engineers	..			12		12		12
Davis, Captain F. G...	..					12		24
Davis, Mr. J. ..	58th Native Infantry	4						4
Davis, Captain ..	..	6						6
Davis, Captain ..	51st Native Infantry	12						12
Davis, Captain ..	58th Native Infantry	12						12
Davis, — Esq. Lieutenant	71st Native Infantry							
Dawes, Major ..	Horse Artillery...	550		57		100		707
Day, Major General E. F. ..	..	450						450
Dayrell, Captain	60th Native Infantry	3		13		6		22
Deane, r. J. R.	3rd Punjab Infantry	6						6
DeBude, Mrs. ..	..						
DeBrett, H. Esq. Lieutenant	58th Native Infantry			3				3
Delamaine, Captain ..	Artillery..	57		15				72
DeKantzow, C. A. Esq. Lieutenant	9th Native Infantry	12						12
Denniss, A. D. Esq. Lieutenant	Horse Artillery ..	5		22		12		39
Dennis, s, Captain	38th Native Infantry	12						12

[illegible]

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 185...	1856.		1857.		TOTAL.
			Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
Elliot, Sir H. M. K. C. B. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rs. A. P.
Ellis, C. H. Esq. Lieutenant	..	24	300	..	..	..	300
Fuslie, W. Sergeant D. P. W.	..	..	60	..	80	6	170
Fyfe, Mr. J. Resildar, ..	14th Irregular Cavalry	14	5	..	..	..	19
Ewart, Major. R. S. ..	13th Native Infantry	19	2	..	..	..	21
Eyre, Major Vincent, C. B. ..	..	172	8	..	..	..	172
F							
Faddy, Captain L. P. ..	20th Native Infantry	44	56	..	12	..	112
Farquharson, Captain L. J.	..	48	..	..	..	..	48
Ferguson, Major Asst. Adjt.-Genl	..	152	..	..	3	..	152
Fernie.—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	Bombay Lancers	..	20	..	..	..	3
Forbes, Esq. Lieut. F. and Mrs.	..	..	..	..	1	..	20
Forbes, Captain, ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Fordyce, Lieutenant Colonel,	Horse Artillery ..	86	..	..	120	..	990
Franks, R. R. Esq. Lieutenant	Artillery ..	..	13	..	2	..	20
Fraser, Captain C. R. Esq. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	96
Frith, J. S. Esq. Lieutenant ..	H. A. ..	89	6	5	24	..	113
G							
Ganan, Sergeant ..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3
Gardiner, Captain H. C. ..	39th Native Infantry	12	12	..	..	..	24
Gardiner, P. H. Lieutenant	29th Native Infantry	50	29	..	..	..	78
Garrett, A. W. Esq. Lieutenant	..	12	..	..	..	..	12
Garrett, S. Esq. Lieutenant Engr. ..	..	12	..	..	..	..	12
Garrett, T. Esq. P. Mr. Umballa	..	24	..	..	..	..	24

Garstin, Captain, E. S.	...	5th Native Infantry	8	13	11	32
Gerson, Sergeant R.	...		50			50
Gibson, Dr.	...	Artillery	300			300
Gilmore, Esq. Lieutenant	...	49th Native Infantry	60		5	60
Goad, J. S. Esq. Ensign.	...		...			5
Godby, Brigadier C. C. B.	...	Guides	300	12		300
Godby, R. S. Esq. Lieutenant.	...		12			24
Gomm, Sir W. M. Comd-in-Chief	...		2000			2000
Gonne, H. Esq.	...	C. S.	100			100
Goolab Singh, His Highness	...	Maharajah	25000			25000
Gordin, Esq. Lieutenant	...	65th Native Infantry	5	6		5
Gordon, G. H. Esq. Lieutenant	...	39th Native Infantry	200	50		250
Gordon, C. P. E. Captain	...	75th Regiment	2	12	9	23
Gowan, Major General	...		100	108	21	229
Gowan, J. Y. Esq. Lieutenant	...	18th Native Infantry	...			50
Graham, Coll. J.	...	29th Native Infantry	...			12
Graham, R. B. Esq. Ensign	...	29th Native Infantry	...			13
Graham, G. F. Esq. Lieutenant	...	5th Native Infantry	...	13		12
Graham, T. C. Esq. Lieutenant	...	10th Light Cavalry	...	12		800
Grant, Major General J. H. C. B.	...	H. M.'s 9th Lancers	400	200	200	35
Grant, Dr.	...	H. M.'s 9th Lancers	30	5		6
Grant, N. Esq. Assistant Surgeon	...	5th Irregular Cavalry	...	6		8
Graves, J. H. Esq. Lieutenant	...	41st Native Infantry	...	8		12
Graydon, J. Esq. Lieutenant	...	2nd Oude Infantry	...	12	50	50
Greathed, W. H. Esq. Lieut. Engr.	...		...	50		250
Greathed, W. W. Esq.	...		...			12
Green, Captain	...	C. S.	200			11
Green, Captain, H. C.	...	2nd Punjab Cavalry	12	6	8	6
Greer, W. Staff Sergeant	...	60th Native Infantry	3		2	2
Greenwood, — Sergeant	...	61st Native Infantry	...			...

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		Total.	
		Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.
Griffin, R. D. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	64th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grindall, Captain Ex. O. G. T. R., ..	6th Light Cavalry	3	..	4	..	1	..	5	..
Grindlay—Captain, ..	C. S. ..	600	..	13	..	10	..	26	..
Gubbins M. R. Esq. ..	..	40	..	200	..	24	..	24	..
Gully, E. J. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	..	4	..	50	..	..	..	800	..
Gurnell,—Captain, ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90	..
Haley, H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	69th Regiment	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
Halford,—Colonel, ..	4th Native Infantry	8	..	16	..	..	..	16	..
Halkett, Colonel J. C. C. B. ..	64th Native Infantry	..	..	28	..	60	..	8	..
Hall,—Captain, ..	Artillery	46	..	16	..	..	..	88	..
Hamilton, W. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	10th Light Cavalry	11	..	12	..	6	..	46	..
Hamilton, R. A. Esq. Lieutenant ..	H. M.'s 75th Regiment, ..	10	..	..	..	8	..	27	..
Hamilton, Sir W. ..	C. S. ..	600	..	200	..	..	..	18	..
Hamilton,—Captain, ..	A. D. C. ..	..	..	60	..	15	..	8	..
Hammer, Captain, W. ..	4th Sikh Infantry	7	8	45	..	37	8	10	..
Hankin, G. C. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	800	..
Hancock, Mr. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	75	..
Harrington, H. E. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	17th Native Infantry	4	..	60	..	..	..	90	..
Hannington, Lieut.-Colonel ..	P. C. ..	480	..	12	..	..	..	3	..
Harding, Captain G. W. Comg. ..	..	22	..	12	..	..	..	4	..
Harrington, Lieut.-Colonel, ..	..	6	..	12	..	..	..	540	..
Harris, The Revd. J. P. ..	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	34	..
Hathaway, C. Esq. Civil Surgeon, ..	..	500	..	..	..	4	..	18	..
Hathorn, Captain H. V. ..	18th Native Infantry	..	..	2	..	..	..	28	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	500	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..

Houghton, J. C. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	180	A. A. G. ..	2	180
Haavelock, C. W. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	32	66th Native Infantry	50	32
Haviland, Mr. R. H. ..	500	Artillery ..	12	550
Hawkins, Captain, A. W. ..	3	8th Light Cavalry	11	13
Hay, G. J. D. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	4	60th Native Infantry	30	3
Hay, S. M. Esq. ..	16	57th Regiment ..	6	11
Hay, — Captain, ..	4	20th Native Infantry	3	4
Healy, Dr. ..	120	H. M.'s 75th Regiment..	9	52
Heath, A. H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	96	1st Light Cavalry	60	3
Heathcoat, H. M. Esq. Ensign, ..	8	60th Native Infantry	22	9
Hearsey, A. W. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	200	1st Brigade Horse Arty..	12	18
Henderson, H. D. Esq. Lieutenant	10		2	240
Henderson, — Esq. Lieutenant Engr.	3		3	96
Henderson, Dr.	450		10	30
Herbert, C. Colonel, ..	100		9	200
Herbert, Major C. B. ..	849		716	22
Hewett, General, ..	172		353	2
Hill, Sir J. Lieutenant, ..	19		12	1
Hill, — Captain, ..	1465		6	21
Hill, R. B. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	964		217	7
Hill, J. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	278		10	450
H. E. I. Co.'s 1st European B. F.	100		1	100
ditto 2nd European Bengal F...	849		4	716
ditto 3rd Regiment ..	172		10	849
H. M.'s 3rd Light Dragoons, ..	19		6	744
ditto 8th King's Regiment, ..	1465		12	19
ditto (Officers), ..	964		11	2094
ditto 9th Lancers (Officers), ..	278		5	1646
ditto (N. C. O. and Men), ..				816
ditto 10th Foot ..				6

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		TOTAL.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
H. M.'s 14th Light Dragoons,	..	150	14	..	..	..	..	150	14
ditto 22nd Regiment,	..	2469	4 11	..	..	..	..	2469	4 11
ditto 24th Foot (Officers)	..	309	14	..	..	..	..	1135	1
ditto 22nd Regiment, ..	..	1961	9 6	402	3	223	..	2164	6 6
ditto 53rd ditto ..	..	10	..	202	13	..	..	10	..
ditto 60th ditto ..	..	1049	4 3	..	..	..	..	1049	4 3
ditto 61st ditto ..	..	781	..	355	..	436	7	1572	7
ditto 70th Regiment (Officers),	..	..	..	241	..	181	..	522	..
ditto (N. C. O. and Men),	..	..	..	52	9 6	142	10 6	195	4
ditto 75th Regiment ..	..	113	8	305	6	59	6	478	4
ditto 81st Foot (Officers),	..	238	4	361	3	154	15	754	6
ditto 87th (Officers),	..	300	..	150	10 10	..	..	450	10 10
ditto (N. C. O. and Men).	..	..	..	144	12	..	..	144	12
Hodgson, C. J. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	..	650	..	..	..	..	..	650	..
Hodgson, H. N. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	16	..
Hodson, Miss.	..	32	..	..	..	..	..	32	..
Hodson, Captain W. R. S. ..	9th Native Infantry	75.	..	75	..	250	..	400	..
Hoey, J. R. Esq. Veterinary Surgeon,	..	..	..	18	..	12	..	30	..
Hogge, C. Major, ..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..
Hogg, Captain, ..	Artillery ..	..	..	11	..	..	..	36	..
Hoggan, J. W. Esq. Lieutenant,	41st Native Infantry	25	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
Holland, Captain G.	45th Native Infantry	..	..	2	..	..	..	75	..
Holland, T. W. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery ..	75	..	..	..	..	..	12	..
Holmes, Captain G. J. ..	38th Native Infantry	300	..	12	312	..
Hood, J. Esq.	11th Irregular Cavalry	12	16	..
Horne, C. Esq.	C. S. ..	7	..	7	..	9	..	7	..

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Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		TOTAL.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
James, J. O. Esq. G. T. S.	..	15		60				75	
Jay, The Revd. W. J.	..	20						20	
Jeffery, S. W. Esq. Vety. Surgeon.	..			5				5	
Jenkins, Captain,	..	36						36	
Jennings, The Revd. J. M.	..	100						100	
Jervois, J. P. Esq. Lieutenant,	..			1				1	
J. H. L.	..			12				12	
Johnson, C. C. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	3		20				23	
Johnson, Captain C. P.	..	24		24				48	
Johnson, C. B. Esq. A. A. Genl.	..	5		48				23	
Johnstone, Captain H. C. R.	..	18		36		36		90	
Johnston, J. H. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	12		7				19	
Johnstone, Brigadier C. B.	..	128		192		64		403	
Jones, A. S. Esq. Cornet,	..	30		60		50		140	
Jones, Colonel N.	..			9		8		17	
Jones W. B. Esq.	..					60		60	
K									
Kaye, Major E.	..			25				25	
Keates, W. Esq. Surgeon,	..	3		1				4	
Keatinge, R. Captain,	..	50		50				100	
Keiler, Major P. J. C.	..	150						150	
Keir, G. L. Esq. Lieutenant,	..			6	12			6	12
Kemble, Captain, M. T.	..			13	13			13	13
Kemp, Captain D.	..			19	19			29	
Kemp, Dr.	..	18		19		10		37	

	No.	Pay	Rank	Service	Age	Height	Weight	Complexion	Eyes	Hair	Build	Strength	Endurance	Intelligence	Morale	Character	Notes
Kendall, B. Esq. Asst. Surgeon,	..	3	7	5th Native Infantry	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Kennedy, Lieutenant Colonel,	..	62	50	Native Infantry	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Keyes, Esq. Lieutenant, Madras	..	62	50	Scind Rifle Corps	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Keyes, C. B. Esq. Lieut.	..	50	50	Irregular Cavalry	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Keyes, C. P. Esq. Lieut. Comdg.,	..	6	6	9th Lancers ..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Kidd, R. C. Esq. Cornet,	..	6	6	39th Native Infantry	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
King, H. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	6	50	9th Lancers ..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
King, —Esq. Lieutenant,	..	300	60	Horse Artillery	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Kinleside, Lieutenant Colonel R. R.	..	60	300	Artillery ..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Kirkby, Captain C.	300	24	10th Light Cavalry	8	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Kirwan, The Revd. H.	24	8	4th Native Infantry	8	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Kitson, Captain,	24	8	52nd Native Infantry	12	50	50	39	12	24	30	12	24	30	1250	50	300
Knyvett, F. A. C. Esq. Lieutenant.	..	24	8	Artillery ..	50	50	50	39	12	24	30	12	24	30	1250	50	300
Lake, Major Deputy Commissioner.	..	540	60	74th Native Infantry	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lake, Esq. Lieutenant Engineers,	60	120	5th Light Cavalry	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lamb, G. C. Esq. Lieut. & Adjnt.	120	60	6th Light Cavalry	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lamb, J. H. Esq. Lieutenant	..	60	60	49th Native Infantry	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lamb, Captain J. C.	60	6	Survey	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lance, W. H. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	6	6	and Mrs.	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lane, Captain C. P.	6	6	Lawrence, Misses Letitia & Isabella	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lane, Captain,	6	6	Lawrence, Miss,	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Larkins, Captain R.	6	6	Lawrence, Sir J. K.C.B.,	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lawes, G. Esq. Lieutenant, Survey,	..	6	6	..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lawrence, Major Genl. St. P. C. B. }	..	5	250	..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
and Mrs.	..	1250	50	..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lawrence, Misses Letitia & Isabella	..	50	10	..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lawrence, Miss,	..	300	100	..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300
Lawrence, Sir J. K.C.B.,	..	300	1000	..	6	50	12	540	60	120	60	6	6	5	1250	50	300

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		TOTAL.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Lawrence, G. H. Esq.	60	..	..	..	60	..
Lawrence, Sir H. M. K.C.B.	..	62000	..	10000	..	3000	..	75000	..
Lawrence, Brigadier H.	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	12	..
Lawrence, Captain R. C.	..	100	..	100	..	100	..	300	..
Lawrence, Lieutenant Colonel A.	..	400	..	..	..	..	..	400	..
Lawrence, A. J. Esq.	50	..	50	..
LeBas, C. F. Esq.	128	..	128	..
Lennox, Lieutenant Colonel,	..	6	..	12	..	..	..	18	..
Lewis, Captain, H.	45	..	31	..	76	..
Lewis, E. D. F. Esq. Lieutenant.	1	..	..	..	1	..
Light, A. Esq. Lieutenant,	12	..	..	..	12	..
Light, Cavalry 1st	233	..	..	..	..	..	233	..
do. do. 3rd	179	..	..	..	..	..	179	..
do. do. 5th	24	..	..	..	..	..	24	..
do. do. 10th	96	..	..	..	..	..	96	..
Little, Major General K.C.B.	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	50	..
Little, Major,	250	..	..	..	..	..	250	..
Lloyd, Captain B. P.	200	..	100	..	..	..	300	..
Lockwood, J. C. Esq. Lieutenant,	10	..	..	..	10	..
Lodge, Jullundur,	25	..	..	..	25	..
Login, Sir J. S. Esq. Surgeon,	..	1050	..	..	..	..	..	1050	..
Longfield, Brigadier,	5	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
Low, Captain J.	12	..	12	..	24	..
Luard, P. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	12	..	2	..	1	..	15	..
Ludlow, --Major,	300	..	..	..	..	..	300	..
Ludlow, Captain P. Agent,	..	120	..	..	..	..	..	120	..

Rank	Name	Regiment	Pay	Gratuity	Allowance	Total
600	Logard, Lieutenant Colonel C. B.	1st Punjab Cavalry	65	12	40	117
65	Lumsden, A. H. Qr. Mr. General,	60th Native Infantry	12	20	20	52
12	Lumsden, Esq. Lieutenant,	43rd Native Infantry	40	20	20	80
40	Lumsden, P. S. Esq. Lieutenant,	19th Native Infantry	12	20	20	52
20	Lumsden, Captain,	C. S.	100	13	6	119
56	Lyell, Major H.	19th Native Infantry	153	12	20	185
6	MacAndrew, J. T. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	700	100	100	900
23	Macansh, J. Esq. Surgeon,	C. S.	650	80	46	776
91	MacBean, Captain C. S.	Artillery	50	64	6	120
14	MacDonald, A. J. Esq.	15th Native Infantry	4	20	8	32
6	Macdonald, J. B. Esq. Surgeon,	10th Light Cavalry	12	12	16	40
12	Macdonald, H. Esq. Lieutenant,	31st Native Infantry	12	20	20	52
100	Macdonald, Captain J. D.		100	13	6	119
13	Macdonnell, Major R.		173	24	20	217
13	Macgregor, Colonel G. H. C. B.		1000	100	100	1200
6	Macgregor, A. Esq.		100	100	100	300
24	MacLagan, Captain R.		750	100	100	950
100	Macleod, D. F. Esq.		900	24	126	1050
100	Mackinnon, Captain W. A.		24	80	2	106
750	MacPherson, H. M. Esq. Surgeon,		80	50	64	194
900	MacNaghten, W. H. Esq. Lieut.		50	4	8	62
24	Madden, Captain E.		4	20	12	36
126	Maddock, The Revd. R. N.		12	20	16	48
2	Magniac, H. D. Esq. Lieutenant,		12	20	20	52
50	Maidman, G. E. J. Esq. Lieutenant,		12	20	20	52
64	Master, Captain G.		12	20	20	52
30	Mallock, Sergeant Major,		12	20	20	52
8	Malby, The Revd R. R.		12	20	20	52

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		TOTAL.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Manderson, G. R. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	..	..	7	..	..	..	7	..
Mann, Sergeant,	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..
Martin, Major T.	..	36	..	..	..	18	..	54	..
Martin, Captain J. R.	..	25	..	18	..	..	..	43	..
Martin, Captain C.	10th Light Cavalry	..	..	25	..	36	..	25	..
Martin, Colonel Retired Lieut.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	..
Master, Colonel R. A.	7th Light Cavalry	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..
Martin, Captain H.	4th Irregular Cavalry	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
Marshall Captain W. B.	Artillery	32	..	..	..	..	..	32	..
Matthews, Major H. W.	..	48	..	24	..	..	..	72	..
Maxwell, T. Esq. M. D. Surgeon.	..	272	..	50	..	50	..	372	..
Maynard C. H. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	12	..	12	..	..	..	24	..
Mayne, A. D. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	12	..	..	..	..	..	12	..
Mayne, F. O. Esq.	C. S.	..	..	100	..	100	..	200	..
Mayne, T. C. O. Esq. Lieutenant,	15th Native Infantry	..	..	2	..	2	..	2	..
Master, C. Esq. Lieutenant,	Light Cavalry	..	..	2	..	..	7	4	7
Marriot, S. S. Sergeant,	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
McBarnet, Captain G. G.	55th Native Infantry	24	..	6	..	..	..	30	..
McDougall, C. A. Esq. Lieutenant,	9th Native Infantry	66	..	..	..	..	..	66	..
McKenzie, O. Esq.	9th Native Infantry	18	..	..	..	..	..	18	..
McKenzie, Brigadier Colin,	9th Native Infantry	200	..	13	..	8	..	200	..
McRae, J. Esq. M. D. Surgeon,	..	3	..	7	..	..	..	24	..
Melville, H. Esq. Lieutenant,	7th Light Cavalry	180	..	..	..	..	..	180	..
Melville, P. Esq.	C. S.	22	..	..	..	..	..	22	..
M. G.	..	60	..	..	..	24	..	84	..
Miles, Captain Pte. Secy. Lt. Govt.	N. W. P.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Miller, Captain Police Battalion, ..	27th Native Infantry	24	8	28	23
Miller, J. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	75th Regiment	4	3	25	23
Miller, Lieutenant Bombay Fusrs... ..	Artillery	34			7
Milles, T. Esq. Lieutenant, ..					34
Milligan, Captain G. ..				6	6
Milne, Major, ..	21st Native Infantry		12		12
Milne, Captain H. ..					100
Miles, Captain C. E. G. ..		100			400
Monckton, H. Esq. ..	C. S.	306	150		36
Monkman, Captain, ..	74th Native Infantry	12	200	24	1700
Montgomery, R. Esq. ..	C. S.	1400	12	100	12
Moore, T. Esq. M. D. B. A. As- } sistant Surgeon, ..					20
Moravia, C. Esq. ..		20			600
Morrieson, Major R. ..		600			24
Moule, Brigadier G. ..		14	10		600
Mountain, Colonel A. H. S. C. B. ..		600			2
Mountain Train, Sergeants of, ..		2			200
Muir, Esq. Lieutenant, ..	C. S.	100	100	4	12
Mulcaster, Colonel W. E. ..			8		4
Mundy, Captain C. T. M. ..	34th Native Infantry		4		12
Murry, H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	Artillery		7		7
Murphy, Sergeant. ..				12	12
Muriel, H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	75th Regiment		3		3
N					
Napier, Colonel R, Engineers, ..		150			150
Neale & Bell, Messrs. ..				2	2
Nelson, V. Esq. Vety. Surgeon, ..			12	6	18
Nelson, Esq. Lieutenant, ..	65th Native Infantry	100	50		150

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		Total.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Newall, D. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	16						16	
Newmarch, H. T. Esq. Lieutenant,	24th Native Infantry			10				10	
Nicholletts, Captain C. H.	1st Light Cavalry			2		1		3	
Nicholson, J. Esq. General,		850		203				1050	
Nicholson, C. J. Esq. Lieutenant,	2nd Punjab Cavalry	100		100		50		250	
Norman, H. W. Esq. Lieutenant,	A. A. G.	12		15				27	
Nott, Captain R. M.	64th Native Infantry			12		1		13	
Nuttall, Captain,	Punjab Cavalry	100						100	
Nuttall, Colonel J. Comy. Genl.		48		192		112		312	
O'Brien, J. F. Esq.	H. M.'s 24th Regiment.			4				4	
Obbard, Captain.	61st Native Infantry	5		13		157		175	
Officers, 9th Native Infantry,		502	9	7		15		502	9
ditto 18th ditto,		7						22	
ditto 19th ditto,		27						27	
ditto 39th ditto,								18	
ditto 49th ditto,		11		18				21	
ditto 55th ditto,		54	3	10				54	3
ditto 58th ditto,		52						52	
ditto 71st ditto,		150						150	
ditto 4th Punjab Rifles,		106	13			30		30	
ditto Jullundur,								106	13
ditto at Benares,				72	14			72	14
ditto Sirhind Division,				45	5			45	5
ditto Punjab Division,				5	7			5	7
Opherts, Major W.	Artillery	130		24				154	

APPENDIX.

XXIV

Rank	Name	Regiment	Age	Service	Pay	Gratuity	Total
290	Oldfield, J. Esq. Lieutenant,	45th Native Infantry	4	..	290	4	294
60	Osborne, Captain A. E.	41st Native Infantry	25	..	60	60	120
13	Ousely, Colonel,	61st Native Infantry	13	..	13	13	26
10	Ouslow, Captain,	H. M.'s 9th Lancers	10	..	10	10	20
4	Overseers, 5th or Lahore & P. Roads,		4	..	4	4	8
115	Owen, W. Esq. Lieutenant,		115	..	115	115	230
55	Ouvrey Colonel, ..		55	..	55	55	110
1	Page, T. P. Esq. Vety. Surgeon,		1	..	1	1	2
12	Page, Mr. D. Agra,		12	..	12	12	24
24	Palmer, Major H. M. B.		24	..	24	24	48
6	Panting, The Revd. R.		6	..	6	6	12
32	Parker, Captain Sir G. Bart.		32	..	32	32	64
1207	Parsons, Major Genl. Sir J. K. C. B.		1207	..	1207	1207	2414
60	Paton, Captain R. M.	20th Native Infantry	60	..	60	60	120
4	Patterson Esq. Lieutenant,	20th Native Infantry	4	..	4	4	8
12	Patterson, W. H. Esq. M. D.	20th Native Infantry	12	..	12	12	24
3	Pattle W. Esq. Lieutenant,	7th Native Infantry	3	..	3	3	6
6	Paul, W. Esq. Lieutenant,	18th Native Infantry	6	..	6	6	12
17	Pearson, Major, E. H.		17	..	17	17	34
240	Pearson, Captain A. Gwalior Cont.		240	..	240	240	480
440	Pearson, F. B. Esq.		440	..	440	440	880
8	Pelly, Captain,	C. S.	8	..	8	8	16
12	Pendergast, G. A. Esq. Lieutenant,	H. M. 75th Regiment	12	..	12	12	24
50	Pepper, G. A. Esq.	5th Light Cavalry	50	..	50	50	100
24	Perkins, H. G. Esq. Lieutenant,	C. S.	24	..	24	24	48
3	Petrie, M. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	3	..	3	3	6
100	Phayre, Captain,	Artillery	100	..	100	100	200
18	Phelps, The Revd. W. W.		18	..	18	18	36

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		Total.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Phillips, W. H. Esq. Lieutenant,	59th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Philpotts, Captain J. S. ..	66th Native Infantry	..	4	40	..	12	..	52	4
Philps, Mr. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Piercy, Captain J. H. ..	49th Native Infantry	..	..	1	..	..	..	16	..
Pixley, A. W. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	..	32	7	..	9	..	32	..
Plumbe, Sergeant Major,	27th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	8	..	8	..
Plunkett, Captain, J. ..	6th Regiment N. I.	..	120	..	..	..	..	120	..
Pollock, Captain F. R. ..	..	..	450	100	..	..	..	550	..
Potter, Mr. R. ..	..	..	20	..	..	..	..	20	..
Pownall, Captain S. ..	39th Native Infantry	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..
P. Q. ..	..	..	50	..	..	..	..	50	..
Prendergast, M. M. Esq. Lieut.	..	..	12	12	..	12	..	36	..
Present, T. Esq. Lieutenant	Artillery	..	..	..	..	11	..	15	..
Price, The Revd. R. M. ..	..	..	50	..	..	50	..	100	..
Price, G. S. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	..	12	8	..	..	..	20	..
Prince, Mr. J. ..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	12	..
Prior, Major C. ..	..	..	2	..	..	9	..	23	..
Pardon, W. Esq. ...	C. S.	..	66	..	..	..	..	66	..
Pym, C. M. Esq. Lieutenant,	75th Regiment	..	4	3	..	..	..	7	..
Q	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Quin, T. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	..	12	12	..	..	..	24	..
R	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Raikes, C. Esq. ..	C. S.	..	100	..	..	..	..	100	..
Rainier, Colonel, ..	98th Regiment	..	100	..	..	..	..	100	..
Ransford Dr. ..	Artillery	..	6	8	..	4	..	18	..

Rawson, Sergeant Mr. ..	11th Native Infantry	6	4	96	12	18	150	24	7	15	1152	12	120	30	12	50	250	100	600	14	35	7	100	25	4	3	100	50	180	50	200
Raynsford, C. E. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reed, Major General T. C. B. ..	Artillery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reid, A. Esq. Surgeon, ..	20th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reid, C. A. Esq. Lieutenant	39th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reid, Captain B. T. Asst. Comr. ..	Artillery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Penny, G. A. Esq. Lieutenant ..	6th Cavalry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rich, C. D. Esq. Cornet, ..	18th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Richards, Major G. Sir W. K. C. B.	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Richards, W. J. S. Esq. Lieut. ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Richardson, Capt. Comy. of Ordee.	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Richardson, Major, ..	60th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Richardson, Captain, ..	H. M.'s 75th Regiment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ricketts, Miss. E. ..	H. M.'s 98th Regiment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ricketts, M. H. Esq. ..	Artillery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ricketts, J. R. Esq. ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ricketts, M. Esq. ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Riddle, Colonel, ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ritchie, Mr. Overseer, ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rivers, C. B. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Roberts, Colonel, ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Roberts F. S. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robertson, A. Esq. ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robertson, Captain A. C. of Ordee.	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robinson, W. Le. F. Esq. ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robinson, H. H. Esq. ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robinson, Captain D. G. Engineers,	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ross, A. Esq. ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ross, Dr. Delhi, ..	C. S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		Total.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Ross, Captain,	61st Native Infantry	108	..	..	..	..	..	10	..
Ross, Major D. Deputy Comr.	..	400	..	..	..	..	..	500	..
Rotton, A. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	40	..	100	..	1	..	43	..
Rouse, Dr. Scinde Rifle Corps,	..	12	..	2	..	..	..	12	..
Row, J. Esq. M. D. Supt. Surgn.	..	..	..	45	..	..	..	45	..
Rowcroft, G. C. Esq. Lieutenant,	41st Native Infantry	6	..	12	..	24	..	36	..
Rowcroft, T. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	6	..
Russell, Sergeant Major,	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	20	..
Russell, H. Esq.	C. S.	8	..	..	..	..	..	30	..
Russell, W. C. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	100	..	100	..	..	..	200	..
Russell, L. Esq. Lieut. Engineers,	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..
Ruxton, W. S. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..
Ryan, Mr. C. E.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..
Rybot, G. O. Esq. Lieutenant,	73rd Native Infantry	6	..	1	..	..	..	1	..
Rynd, P. C. Lieutenant,	61st Native Infantry	8	..	..	..	5	..	8	..
Ryves, Captain W. H.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
Ryves, Major W. H.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
S									
Sadler, F. H. Esq. Lieutenant,	19th Native Infantry	42	..	3	..	..	..	3	..
Sale, Captain Engineers,	..	62	..	..	..	..	..	42	..
Sale, Captain R. H. Gwalior Cont.	..	20	..	9	..	3	..	62	..
Salt, J. H. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	10	..	8	..	4	..	32	..
Salway, E. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	3	..	13	..	7	..	22	..
Sanctuary P. J. Esq. Lieutenant,	5th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	..
Sandham, Captain G. H.	1st Light Cavalry	1	..

Sandford, C. A. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	3rd Light Cavalry	18																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
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Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		TOTAL.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Simeon, Captain R. G.	10th Light Cavalry	10	..	6	..	16	..
Simeon, E. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	..
Simons, F. C. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	32	..	..	..	..	..	32	..
Simpson, Captain R. S. A. C. Genl.	..	350	..	..	..	..	..	350	..
Simpson, A. Esq. A. M. Lieutenant,	Artillery	48	..	6	12 2	..	..	48	12 2
Skinner, Captain,	14th Irregular Cavalry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Skinner, R. M. Esq. Engineers,	29th Native Infantry	..	..	12	..	12	..	12	..
Sleight, A. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sloggett, The Revd. C.	..	150	..	..	..	..	..	150	..
Smalley, R. S. Esq. Lieutenant,	41st Native Infantry	63 15	..	6	..	..	..	6	..
Small sums,	..	12	..	38 5	..	..	..	102 4	..
Smith, C. M. Esq. M. D. Surgeon,	H. M.'s 75th Regiment	7	..	..	..	..	..	7	..
Smith, Captain,	C. S.	200	..	..	..	..	..	200	..
Smith, G. H. Esq...	51st Native Infantry	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
Smith, Captain J.	39th Native Infantry	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..
Smith, Captain C. F.	Artillery	28	..	13	..	3	..	44	..
Smith, R. A. Esq. Lieutenant,	8th Oude Irregular I.	15	..	..	..	..	..	15	..
Smith, W. Esq. ..	3rd Punjab Infantry	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
Smith, Sergeant Mr.	3rd Light Cavalry	48	..	18	..	..	..	66	..
Smyth, Colonel M. G.	Artillery	500	..	100	..	..	..	600	..
Smyth, Major J. H.	..	62	..	9	..	6	..	71	..
Sneyd, Captain R. R.	21st Native Infantry	..	..	12	..	..	..	12	..
Sparkes, J. G. Esq. Lieutenant,	5th Light Cavalry	..	..	12	..	..	..	12	..
Spencer, R. Esq. Lieutenant,	55th Native Infantry	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..
Spottiswood, Colonel,	..	100	..	25	..	..	..	125	..
Spy, The Revd. A. B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Spry, H. W. Esq. Asst. Surgeon,	6					6
Stafford, B. T. Esq. Lieutenant,	..					18
Staff of 7th Light Cavalry, and	..					56
Stainforth, G. Esq. Lieutenant,	..					13
St. George, Major T. C.	..					38
Stallard, Captain S.	..					12
Stallard, Captain and N. C. Staff,	..					14
Stannus, Captain R. T.	..					20
Staples, Captain G.	..					7
Stapleton, R. T. P. Esq. Lieutenant	..					3
Starkey, Captain,	..					100
Stevenson, J. Esq. Lieutenant,	..					24
Stewart, H. R. Esq. Lieutenant,	..					3
Steward, --Esq. Lieutenant, ..	..					15
Stewart, W. Esq. Lieutenant,	..					128
Stokes, H. Esq. Asst. Commissioner	..					14
Stubbs, F. W. Esq. Lieutenant,	..					32
Subaltern, of	..					6
Sundries,	..					5
Swallow, Sergeant Mr.	..					1
Swatman, Colonel W.	..					303
Swinton, A. A. Esq,	..					440
T						
Talbot, --Esq. Lieutenant. ..	..					2
Taylor, C. C. Esq. Lieutenant,	..					4
Taylor, F. S. Esq. Lieutenant, Engr.	..					180
Taylor, H. A. Esq. Lieutenant,	..					12
Taylor, J. Esq. E. A. Comr.	..					48
Taylor, Brigadier J. S.	..					40

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1855.		1856.		1857.		Total.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Taylor, Major R. G. ..	10th Light Cavalry	180				60		240	
Tear, Gr. Mr. Sergeant, ..				5		1		6	
Tebbs, Captain. ..		100						100	
Temple, A. B. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	49th Native Infantry			7		7		14	
Temple, R. Esq. ..	C. S.	200		200				400	
Templeton, Mr. H. ..		3						3	
Theobald, W. Esq. Geo. Survey, ..		230							
Thellison, Captain T. G. ..	39th Native Infantry			18		150		380	
Thomas, Captain E. ..	1st Native Infantry			12		12		30	
Thomas, Captain J. N. ..	39th Native Infantry			6				12	
Thompson, --Esq. Lieutenant, ..	16th Native Infantry	16						16	
Thompson, Messrs. C. R. & Co. ..	London	42						42	
Thompson, Captain F. J. ..		6		26		18		50	
Thornton, J. Esq. ..	C. S.	700						700	
Thornie, E. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	Artillery	20		9				29	
Timins, Colonel Comg. Malwa Cont.		15		20				35	
Todd, Mr. W. ..	Artillery					1		1	
Tombs, Major C. B. ..				40		15		55	
Topographical, Survey, Officers of.						139		139	
Townsend, S. C. Esq. Asst. Surgn.				5		16		21	
Travers, E. J. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	1st Punjab Rifles	6						6	
Travers, Colonel Comg. Bhopal, ..	Artillery	16						16	
Trotter, --Esq. Lieutenant		14						14	
Trotter, W. L. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	45th Native Infantry	12						12	
Trower, Captain. ..	23rd Native Infantry	60						60	
Tudor, J. B. Esq. Ensign, ..	60th Native Infantry	3		12		9		24	

Tulloch, A. Esq. Lieutenant,	28th Native Infantry	10	11					21
Tulloch, J. Esq.	C. S.	180						180
Tullock, Mrs.	..	180						180
Tullock, Brigadier C. B.	..	60						60
Tulloch, A. Esq. Lieutenant,	20th Native Infantry	60						60
Tulloch, J. S. Esq. Lieutenant,	41st Artillery	8						8
Turnbull, T. H. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	12				24		36
Turner, Major, F.	Horse Artillery	120	30			20		170
Turton, Colonel J.	ditto	12	16			8		20
Tuson, J. E. Esq. Asst. Surgeon,	..	12	12			24		24
Tyrwhitt, E. Esq. Lieutenant,	14th Irregular Cavalry	12						24
U								
Univin, H. Esq.	C. S.	120	50			60		120
Urmstone, H. B. Esq. Asst. Comr.	..	90						200
V								
Vandergucht, G. E. Esq. Lieutenant	51h Native Infantry	3	13			8		24
Vivian, A. Esq. Lieutenant,	24th Native Infantry	..	6			2		8
W								
Waddilove, Esq. Lieutenant,	12th Native Infantry	28	10			14		52
Wake, A. J. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	2	4					2
Wake, E. B. Esq. Lieutenant,	1st Light Cavalry	..	2			4		4
Walcott E. F. Esq. Lieutenant,	57th Native Infantry	..	12			4		16
Wale, Captain,	..	30	16			8		54
Walker, Captain J. S.	71st Rifles Infantry	..	18					18
Walker, E. W. E. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	..	6					6
Walker, R. J. Esq. Lieutenant,	61st Native Infantry	..	6					6
Walker, Esq. Lieutenant Engineers,	..	10	25					35

Names.	Corps &c.	Up to 1856.		1856.		1857.		TOTAL.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Walker, J. A. Esq. Lieutenant,	60th Native Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	..
Wallace, Captain R. N. ..	51st Native Infantry	..	3	12	..	9	..	14	..
Wallich, Dr. ..	4th Punjab Cavalry	..	12	8	..	6	..	72	..
Wanuhope, R. Esq. Lieutenant,	57th Native Infantry	..	..	60	..	..	..	6	..
Warburton, Captain, ..	Artillery	144	..	6	..	..	..	144	..
Warde, C. Esq. Lieutenant	27th Native Infantry	6	..	..	..	..	..	6	..
Waterfield, H. A. A. Esq. Lieut.	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	..
Watkins, J. Esq. Asst. Surgeon,	..	..	..	12	..	1	..	13	..
Watson, Captain A. D. C.	2nd Punjab Cavalry	20	..	12	..	..	..	20	..
Watson J. Esq. Lieut. & Adj.	Artillery	12	..	16	..	16	..	24	..
Watson J. Esq. Lieut. & Adj.	5th Irregulars	..	..	18	..	..	..	32	..
Watson, Captain, ..	..	12	..	12	..	..	..	18	..
Welsh, D. J. Esq. Lieutenant H. A.	..	300	..	150	..	..	..	24	..
Wheeler, Brigadier Sir H. K. C. B.	4th Sikh Infantry	2	..	10	..	..	..	450	..
Wheeler, W. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	12	..
Wheeler, G. Esq. Lieutenant,	39th Native Infantry	..	..	6	..	..	..	10	..
Wheeler, F. Esq. Ensign, ..	15th Native Infantry	..	..	20	..	..	..	6	..
Wheeler, P. Esq. Ensign, ..	60th Native Infantry	..	..	9	..	..	..	20	..
Whish, Major P. G. ..	59th Native Infantry	200	..	..	..	..	..	9	..
White, J. D. Esq. Ensign,	..	124	..	..	..	18	8	200	..
Whiting, Captain F. Engineers,	..	60	..	..	..	..	..	142	8
Whiting, The Revd. J. ..	4th Punjab Cavalry	4	..	24	..	..	..	60	..
Wilde, Captain ..	4th Regt. Native Infantry	12	..	6	..	..	..	4	..
Wilkie, Major, ..	..	4	..	100	..	..	..	36	..
Wilkinson, Mr. ..	10th Light Cavalry	312	..	..	..	..	..	10	..
Wilkinson, O. Esq. Lieutenant,	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	412	..

Wilkinson, A. E. Esq. Lieutenant..	9th Lancers	6				6
Wilson, Dr. ..	9th Regt. Native Infantry	6				6
Wilson, Brigadier, A. ..	..		45			45
Wilson, T. Esq. ..	..		6			6
Winson, W. Esq. Lieutenant,	Troop	6				6
Wintle, Captain A. ..	1st 3rd B. H. A.	20				20
Winterbourn, Esq. ..	C. S.	200				200
Woollaston, E. Esq. Lieut. & Adj.	M. B. C.	200				200
Woollen, Captain W. R. ..	..	12	12			24
Wood, —t sq. Vety. Surgeon,	..	40	8			52
Wood, — Lieutenant Colonel,	Artillery	50				50
Woodcock, S. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	60	18			78
Woodcock, W. H. Esq. ..	C. S.	100				100
Woodcock, E. H. Esq. Lieutenant	55th Native Infantry	6	6			6
Wrench, Captain, ..	5th Light Cavalry	3	12			12
Wylde, Captain, ..	4th Light Cavalry	800	41			44
Wynyard, W. Esq. ..	C. S.					800
Y						
Young, C. M. Esq. Lieutenant,	Artillery	200				200
Young, J. Esq. A-st. Surgeon,	..	100				300
Yule, G. U. Esq. ..	C. S.	250	100			250
Yule, H. Esq. Lieut. Engineers,	..	44	80			161
Yule, R. A. Major,	9th Lancers			37		

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A. B.	250			
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Abbott, Colonel S. A. Commissioner, ..	250			
A Christmas Present,	60			
Adams, Captain R. 11th Native Infantry			11	
Adley, W. H. Esq. M. D. Surgcon, ..	4		17	
A Friend in South of India, ..	100			
A Friend to the Orphan, through Capt. } T. P. French Town Major Bombay, }	5000			
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A Friend from England per Mrs. Grant,	192			
A Friend, (per Captain Simeon), ..			16	
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A Friend, per C. H. Hall Esq. ..			8	
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A Friend, to the Orphans,			3	
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A Friend, (per Colonel Davidson,) ..			1000	
A Friend, (per Captain Currie,) ..			500	
A Friend,	330			
A Friend,			212	
A Friend,	500			
A Friend,			30	
A Friend,			25	
A Friend,			3	
A Friend,			24	8
A Friend,			5	
Agnew P. A. Vans Esq. C. S. ..	1000			
Agrief offering for 10th July 1855, ..	50			
Airey Thos. Esq. Qr. Mr. H. M.'s 24th } Regiment,			5	
A Lady,			5	
A Lady,			5	
Albert, Mr.			5	
Aldridge, Mr. S.			5	
Aldridge, Mr. E.			5	
Alexander, Captain 56th Native Infantry,	24			
Alexander Esq. Lieutenant 7th L. C. ..	10			
Alexander, Major General,	50			
Alexander, Captain,			3	
Alexander, Captain W. C. 10th L. C. ..			16	
Allgood, G. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	50			
Allen, C. Esq. C. S.	100			
Allen, Staff Sergeant,.. ..	10			

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Alston, Capt. G. S. 27th Native Infantry,	50					
A Missionary, ..				10		
Amateurs, H. M.'s 96th Regiment, ..				324		
Amicus, ..	1000					
Anderson, A. J. Esq. C. S. ..	23					
Anderson, —Esq. Lieutenant, ..	5					
Anderson, Captain J. Artillery, ..				200		
Anderson, P. Esq. M. D. ..	50			16		
Anderson, Mr. T. R. ..				5		
Anderson, Mr. R. B. ..				3		
Anderson, —Esq. Lieutenant, ..						
Anderson, Qr. Mr. Sergeant 3rd P. I. ..	2					
Anderson, Major Joudhpore Leogion, ..	50					
Andrews, Mr. J. ..				4		
Andrews, Mr. B. ..	5			10		
Angelo, The Revd. F. ..	6					
Angelo, T. C. Esq. Lieutenant 16th G. ..	6					
Angus, Captain. ..	30					
A N. C. O. H. M.'s. 10th Regiment, ..				1		
Anonymous, (per Captain Simeon), ..	8					
Anonymous (from England), ..	4752					
Anonymous, ..	350					
Anonymous, ..	5	2	9			
Anonymous, Lucknow, ..	45					
Anonymous, ..	6					
Anonymous, ..	6					
Anonymous, ..						
An old Soldier, ..	10					
Anson, Major O. H. St. George, ..	21			5		
Anson, Captain 28th Bombay N. I. ..	10					
Apthorpe, Major 41st Native Infantry, ..	13	13	9			
Arbot, Gunner W. ..	2					
Archery, Club Fund balance of, ..	19					
Aikman, J. R. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	18					
Armstrong, T. W. Esq. ..	5					
Armstrong H. H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	10					
Arnold, W. D. Esq. and Mrs. ..	650			100		
Artillery, N. C. O. and Men Mooltan. ..				27		
Artillery, N. C. O. & Men 4th T. 3rd						
Brigade and 4th Company 3rd Battn. ..				55		
Artillery, 4th Company 1st Battalion, ..	19					
A Soldier's son, ..	10					
A Soldier, ..	1					
Astell, H. G. Esq. C. S. ..	100					
Atherton, H. Esq. C. S. ..	750			250		
Atkinson, Dr. A. R. ..	10					
Atley, E. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	60					

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	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Austen, Major A. G. Artillery, ..	50					
A Widow, (per Captain Hathorne,) ..	64					
B						
Bachman, Mr. ..	10					
Backhouse, D. Esq. Ensign H. M.'s } ..	5					
75th Regiment, ..						
Backhouse T. D. Esq. Lieut. H. M.'s } ..				10		
10th Regiment, ..						
Bacon, Capt. C. B. G. 3d European Regt. ..	25					
Baddeley, Dr.	264					
Bagott, Mrs.				5		
Baillie,--Esq. Ensign 35th N. N. ..	10					
Baillie--Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..				25		
Baily,--Staff Sergeant, ..	6					
Baily,--Esq. Lieutenant, ..	16					
Baily,--Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	50					
Baird, A. F. Esq. Lieut. 18th N. I. ..	12					
Baker, Major 9th Light Cavalry, ..	12					
Baker, Esq. Lieutenant, ..	8					
Baker, Major W. J. Engineers, ..	250					
Baker, Mrs.				5		
Baker, Captain,				20		
Balance of Collection at Sonepore per } ..				124		
Revd. Burge,						
Baldwin, Captain R. H. H. A. ..	50					
Balfour, J. Esq. C. S.	300					
Balfour, J. Esq. M. D.				150		
Bamfield, A. H. Esq. Lieut. 7th I. C. ..	24			55	12	3
Banister, Gunner W. H. A.	1					
Barber, Dr. J.	2					
Barchard, C. A. Esq. Lieut. 21st N. I. ..	4					
Barker,--Esq. Lieutenant 20th N. I. ..	2					
Barker, The Revd. M.				35		
Barker,--Esq. Lieut. & Intr. 10th L. C. ..	8					
Barnard, Dr. G. 15th Native Infantry. ..	9					
Barnes, Captain H. M.'s 27th Regiment, ..	10					
Barr, Major Artillery,	32					
Bartlett, Gunner J. H. A.	15					
Bartlett, Captain H. T. 1st N. I. ..	12					
Bartlemy, Mr. V. G.				2		
Bartlemy, Mrs. F.				5		
Bates, Captain,	50					
Barton, Mrs. proceeds of work sold, ..	80			600		
Barton, Colonel 6th Light Cavalry, ..	550			500		
Barton,--Esq. C. G. and Mrs.				5		
Basden, Captain 51st Native Infantry, ..	10			50		
Bassevi, J. P. Esq. Lieut. Engineers, ..				50		
Battine, W. A. Esq. Ensign 16th I. C. ..	12					

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	Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
Battye, H. D. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	68			
Bazeley, Major,			5	
B. B... ..	39			
Beadle, J. P. Esq. C. S., ..	10			
Bean, W. J. Esq. Lieut. Cont. Jt. Majl.				
Beatson, Captain T. 10th Light Cavalry,	12		5	
Beatson, W. Esq. Lt. 1st Light Cavalry,	45			
Beatson, Major J. F. B. 10th L. C. ..			20	
Beatson, Mrs.			20	
Becher, Captain A. A. 40th N. I. ..	40			
Becher, Major J. R.	1100		450	
Becher, The Revd. J. Y.	20			
Beck, J. Esq. C. S.	5			
B. E.			800	
Beharee Lall,			5	
Belson, R. H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	10			
Benares Subscription,	653			
Berkely, R. Esq. C. S.	25			
Berlan, Mr.			5	
Berry, Captain 60th Royal Rifles, ..	20			
Bewsy, Corporal J. Horse Artillery, ..	5			
Biddulph, Major 3rd Irregular Cavalry,	56			
Bingham, Major H. M.'s Rifles, ..	15			
Birch, Colonel C. B. J. A. G.	200			
Birch,--Esq. Lieutenant 31st N. I. ..	98			
Birch, Captain T. C.	20			
Birch, Mrs.	10			
Birch, Major,	10		25	
Bird, Sergeant T. Horse Artillery, ..	1			
Bird, Captain 11th Native Infantry, ..	10			
Bird, R. W. Esq. Lieutenant 4th N. I. ..	150			
Birt, Colonel 24th Native Infantry, ..	82			
Bishop, A. P. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery,			50	
Bishop's letter and Offertorial Collns. ..				
Futtygurr per Revd. F. Fisher, ..	122	4		
Kusowlee, per Revd. J. Sharkey, ..	302	8		
Barreilly per Revd. L. Poynder, ..	584			
Shahjehanpore, per Revd. J. Macallum,	110			
Mynpoorie. per Revd. Kellener, ..	212			
Agra, per Revd. W. J. Jay,	520			
Umritsur per Revd. Fitzpatrick, ..	110	8		
St. J's. Church per Revd. H. S. Fisher,	436			
Murree, per Revd. R. B. Maltby, ..	353			
Rawul Pindee, per Revd. Shaw, ..	335	4		
Sealkote, per Revd. W. Boyle,	100			
Jullundhur, per Revd. R. M. Price, ..	200			
Wuzerabad, per Revd. J. Cave Brown,	98			
Hamilton, J. D. The Revd.	260			

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	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Ferozepore, per Revd. Godfrey, ..	100					
Simla, per Revd. C. Sloggett, ..	450	8				
Meean Meer, per Revd. J. Farrer, ..	200					
Meerut, per Revd. H. Tuson, ..	100					
Benares, per Revd. B. L. C. Viret, ..	250					
Kirwan, The Revd. H. ..	100					
Blackburn, Mrs. ..				2		
Blanchard, Major. ..				50		
Blanchford, Sergeant Artillery, ..				5		
Blackwood, Captain 4th Irregular Cavalry	30					
Blair, E. R. Esq. Lieutenant 51st N. I. ..	6					
Blewitt, Mr. and Mrs. ..				10		
Blood, Lieutenant Colonel, ..	10					
Bloomfield, Captain G. C. 45th N. I. ..				10		
Blue,—Esq. Lieutenant 4th P. C. ..	4					
Blunt, C. H. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	20			25		
Blyth, W. E. Esq. ..				50		
Boilard, Mr. ..	10					
Boileau, Colonel, A. H. E. Engineers, ..	300					
Boileau, Captain, G. N. ..				5		
Boileau, Colonel, H. M's. 22nd Regt. ..	50					
Boddam, W. Esq. ..				25		
Boswell, Captain, ..				10		
Bond, E. E. Esq. Lieutenant 57th N. I. ..				5		
Boucher, Mr. Riding Master 4th L. C. ..	10					
Boulderson, S. S. Esq. Lieutenant, ..				12		
Bourke,—Sergeant Asst. Overseer, ..	5					
Bourdellon, A. Esq. C. S. ..	50					
Bow, J. Dr. C. ..	20					
Bowring, L. Esq. C. S. ..	100					
Boyd, Gunner Writer J. ..	63					
Boyd, Major, ..				10		
Boyle, The Revd. W. ..	10			90		
Boyle, A. D. Esq. C. S. ..	5					
Boyle, Colonel, Umritsur, ..				50		
Bradford, W. Esq. Lieutenant 63rd N. I. ..				10		
Bradford, Colonel 1st Light Cavalry, ..	100					
Bradford Colonel C. B. 2nd L. C. ..	10					
Bradley, Mr. B. ..				1		
Bradshaw, Colonel J. C. B. ..	300					
Bradshaw T. Esq. 9th Light Cavalry, ..	25					
Brereton, H. Esq. C. S. ..	25					
Brett, Sergeant Master W. 5th N. I. ..	3					
Bridgman, Mr. ..	50					
Brien, Mr. C. ..				5		
Briggs,—Sergeant, ..	2			18		
Briggs, H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..				7	13	
Brind, Captain J. ..	10					

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	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Brind, Major Horse Artillery, ..	100					
Brind, Colonel F. Horse Artillery, ..	268					
Brind, Mrs. ..				10		
Brind,—Quarter Master Sergeant, ..	3					
Brooks, Lieutenant Colonel C. B. ..	100					
Brooks, Esq. Lieutenant, ..	50					
Brooks, Mrs. ..				10		
Brooks, Captain J. H. 1st L. C. ..	2			18		
Brougham,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	50					
Brownlow,—Esq. Lieutenant 1st L. C. ..	19					
Brown, P. Esq. Inspector of Schools ..				50		
Brown, Major C. Deputy Commissioner, ..	50			60		
Brown, Colonel H. M.'s 24th Regt. ..				10		
Brown, J. C. Esq. Surgeon Artillery, ..	21			32		
Brown, Lord, ..	100					
Brown, Lord J. De. B. ..	50					
Brown, Corporal J. R. R. H. A. ..	5					
Brown, Colonel C. Artillery, ..	68					
Brown, Dr. G. G. ..	113					
Brown, S. J. Esq. Lieut. P. C. ..	250					
Brown, L. G. Esq. Lieut. 55th N. I. ..	6					
Brown, Mrs. ..				2		
Brownlow,—Esq. Lieut. ..	25					
Bruce, H. L. G. Esq. Lieut. Artillery, ..	4					
Bruce, Captain Artillery, ..	12					
Bryant, Major, ..				30		
Buck —Esq. Lieut. ..	1					
Buckle, Captain A. ..	250					
Buddree Nauth, ..				1		
Buller, Sir A. ..				25		
Baness, Mr. S. Madhopore, ..				5		
Bunny, A. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..				10		
Bunsee Lall, A Native Visitor, ..	4					
Burke,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	5					
Burn, Colonel H. P. ..	170					
Burn, Mrs. ..				5		
Burney, The Revd, ..	25					
Burton,—Esq. 62nd N. I. ..	5					
Bush, Major, ..				50		
Butter,—Esq. Civil Surgeon, ..	136					
Butt,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..				10		
C						
Cabell, W. Esq. Lieutenant 62nd N. I. ..				30		
Cabul, Reserve Fund per Revd. C. Garbett ..	5000					
Cadell,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..				25		
Cafe, H. M. Esq. Lieutenant 56th N. I. ..	50					
Calcutta the Right Revd. Lord Bishop of ..	1000					

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	Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
Caley, Major General H. T. ..			36	
Callander, Esq. Lieutenant, ..	50			
Campbell General Sir C. K. C. B. ..	100			
Campbell, Captain Bengal Artillery, ..	200			
Campbell, Major H. A. ..	100			
Campbell, J. P. W. Esq. Lieut. 74th N. I. ..	3			
Campbell, A. J. Esq. Lieut. 15th N. I. ..	4			
Campbell, A. Esq. Lieut. 19th N. I. ..	16			
Campbell, J. A. Esq. Lieut. 9th I. C. ..			25	
Campbell, Capt. J. B. H. M.'s 27th Re. t, ..			9	
Campbell, Sir Edward, ..			10	
Campoell Dr. 16th Irregular Cavalry, ..			16	
Campbell, Captain J. P. W. 3rd S. L. I. ..			14	
Campbell, Captain, ..			25	
Campbell Mr. J. S. ..			20	
Campoell, T. W. Esq. Lieut. 51st N. I. ..			25	
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Cannon, H. M. Esq. Assistant Surgeon, ..			6	
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Carey, Qr. Mr. Sergeant J. 5th N. I. ..	10			
Cargill, W. Esq. C. S. ..	50			
Carle on, Sergeant, ..				
Carmack, Captain, ..	48	5 7		
Carnac, J. R. Esq. C. S. ..	5			
Carnigie, G. F. Captain 44th N. I. ..	2		12	
Carnegie, J. W. Captain 15th N. I. ..	2			
Carpenter, Major A. G. G. ..	50			
Carte, W. B. Esq. M. D. and B. A. ..			16	
Carter, C. Esq. Lieut. & Adj. 58th N. I. ..			15	
Carter, A. H. Esq. Lieut. 73rd N. I. ..			1	
Carter, Esq. Lieut. 66th Native Infantry ..	60			
Case, Colonel, ..			50	
Catholic, A. ..	50			
Cattley, H. C. Esq. Lieut. 62nd N. I. ..	0			
Canter, J. E. Esq. Lieut. 15th N. I. ..	4			
Cave, Captain 16th Punjab Infantry, ..			25	
Cavenagh, Colonel O. ..	50			
Cawood, Mr. A. W. Madhopore, ..			3	
C. D. ..	200			
C. H. B. ..	50			
Chalmers, Esq. Lieut. Punjab Cavalry, ..	12		12	
Chalwin, Esq. Veterinary Surgeon, ..			5	
Chamberlain, Brigadier General C. B. ..			1200	
Chamberlain, Major 1st Light Cavalry, ..	100		20	
Chamberlain, Esq. Lieut. 28th N. I. ..	50			
Chamberlain, Esq. Lieutenant, ..			25	5 4
Chamerette, A. Esq. ..			2	

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Chesney, G. T. Esq. Lieutenant Engrs.	21					
Chester, E. H. R. Esq. Ensign, ..	3					
Chester, Colonel C. Adjutant General,	100					
Chester, C. Esq. C. S. ..				200		
Chester, H. D. E. W. Esq. Lt. 36th N. I.				2		
Ch-iwynd, Right Hon'ble Lieut. W. R. }	25					
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Chichester, The Hon'ble Lieut. 8th L. C.				12		
Chillot, Captain J. ..	50					
Chiphani, - Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..				12		
Cholmely Mrs. ..				25		
Christian, G. J. Esq. C. S. ..	50					
Christie, Major P. Artillery, ..	110			112		
Christie, A. Esq. Asst. Commissioner, ..				21		
Clarke, The Revd. R. ..				10		
Clarke, W. S. C. Esq. Lieut. 4th L. C. ..				13		
Clarke, H. Esq. Surgeon, ..	100					
Clarke and Davidge Messrs. ..	12					
Clay, - Esq. Lieutenant, ..				5		
Clayton, Colonel H. ..	34			300		
Cliff, W. Esq. Ensign, H. A. ..	16			11		
Clifford, R. Esq. Lieutenant 29th N. I.				4		
Clifford, W. H. Esq. C. S. ..				2		
Clifford, Mrs. H. M. 60th Regiment,				2		
Clifford, F. M. Esq. Assistant Surgeon,	12					
Clifford, G. H. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery	50					
Clifford, W. R. Esq. Lieut. 10th L. C. ..	0					
Clifton, Mr. Jullundur. ..				2		
Clogston, E. S. Esq. Lieutenant,	19					
Coare, Captain G. 60th Native Infantry				7		
Codrington, Major J. Qr. Mr. General.	10					
Cockrell, J. Esq. Lieutenant 4th L. C.						
Cockburn, Mrs. ..						
Coke, Brigadier J. ..	110			200		
Cole, J. J. Esq. ..	50					
Collected at Prome by The Revd. H. B. }	50					
Burney on Christmas day.						
do. Meerut per Revd. J. B. D'Aguilar	66					
do. Lahore and Mean Meer by the }	51					
Venble the Arch Deacon,						
Collected at Roorkee on Peace Thanks- }				200		
giving day,						
ditto Nynee Tal do. ..				42		
ditto Umritsur do. ..				43		

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	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Collected at Fort William on Peace						
Thanks giving day. ..				75		
ditto Murree do. ..				330		
ditto Madhopore do. ..				124		
ditto Panang do. ..				229		
ditto St. Paul's (Calcutta) ..				479	12	
ditto Saugor do. ..				100		
ditto in England by Lieut. O. Wilkinson, ..				266	15	
ditto Barreilly per Revd. L. Poynder, ..				340		
Collection St. John's Church Calcutta, ..				344	3	9
Collection from Presbyterian congregation Landour, ..				19	4	
Coley, Revd. J. ..	515					
Colley, Captain, ..	16					
Collett, H. Esq. Lieutenant 51st N. I. ..				8		
Collier, Mr. Overseer, ..	30					
Collingwood, Mr. Dehra Ismal Khan, ..				3		
Colville, Sir J. Kt. Judge Supreme Court	300					
Committee of Bombay Relief Fund, ..				3500		
" Company Drill " Sale of per Colonel Shuldham, 15th Native Infantry, ..	93	3	3			
Compton, Captain 29th Bombay N. I. ..	15					
Congreve, Colonel G. C. B. ..	60					
Connoily, Sergeant Major 8th N. I. ..					7	
Connolly, A. Esq. C. S. ..				1000		
Connor, Mr. W. ..				3		
Conran, H. Esq. Lieutenant H. A. ..	168					
Cooke, Captain, ..	100					
Cookes, - Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	32					
Cookworthy, A. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery				7		
Cooper, Captain 49th Native Infantry, ..	16					
Cooper, Capt. W. H. H. M.'s 70th Regt.				25		
Copeland, - Esq. Lieutenant 10th L. C. ..	24					
Copeland, Mrs. Abbotabad, ..				5		
Corbet, J. Esq. C. S. ..	20					
Corbet, Brigadier S. C. B. ..				100		
Corbyne, F. Esq. Supdg. Surgeon, ..	120					
Cordell, Mr. ..				1		
Corfield, Colonel 31st Native Infantry, ..	32					
Cornwall, Sergeant Major E. 4th L. C. ..				7		
Cortland, General Van, ..	1000					
Cotton, Brigadier, ..				24		
Cotton, C. Esq. Lieutenant 10th L. C. ..				38		
Couchman, W. D. Esq. Lieutenant H. A. ..	28					
Courteney, - Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	200					
Courteney, F. F. Esq. Pte. Secy. to G. G., ..	200					

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
Cowan, T. Esq. M. D. Surgeon, ..	40		50	
Cowsley, Mr. Cond. J. ..			12	
Cox, Captain J. H. 75th Regiment, ..	2			
Cox, W. S. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	22			
Cox, General, ..			20	
Cox, Major C. V. H, A. ...	80		50	
Cox, Captain, ..			50	
Cox, Dr. ..			4	
Cox, Mrs. ..			10	
C. R. ..	500			
Cracroft, Captain Deputy Commissioner, ..			100	
Craigie, Colonel 20th Native Infantry, ..	1			
Crane, Sergeant R. R. H. A. ..	1			
Crawford, J. D. Esq. Surgeon, ..	20			
Crawly, C. Esq. Lt. H. M.'s 70th Regt. ..			10	
Cray, Mr. Thaneysur, ..			2	
C. R. C. ..	200			
Criglington, Pt. H. M.'s 61st Regt. ..			5	
Cripps, Mrs. ..			10	
Cripps, Captain Assistant Commissioner, ..	5			
Crommelin, W. A. Esq. Lieut Engrs. ...	30			
Crommelin. ... C. Esq. Umritsur, ..			34	
Crommin. Mr. Dehra Ismal Khan, ..			5	
Crozier, W. Esq. Lt. H. M.'s 70th Regt. ..			5	
Crozier, W. Esq. Surgeon, ..	12			
Cubitt, — Esq. Ensign 49th N. I. ..	10			
Cumberlege, — Esq. Lieutenant, ..			5	
Cuppage, H. C. Esq. Lieut. 15th N. I. ...			8	
Cureton, Mrs. ..			10	
Currie, — Esq. Surgeon 18th I. C. ..			1	
Currier, C. Esq. ..	50			
Curtis, Major, ..	250			
Cust. R. Esq. C. S. ..	300			
D				
D'Agailar, Captain 4th Native Infantry, ...			20	
Dacosta, Captain G. L. 58th N. I. ..			12	
Dalhousie, The Most Noble the Mar- quis of K. T. Governor General, ..	1000			
Daly, Mrs. ..			25	
Daly, Mr. Assistant Overseer, ..	5			
Daly, Major H. A. ..	50		182	
Dalzell, Dr. ..			5	
Danic, Captain, ..			10	
Darker, Sergeant Major 4th Bn. A. ..	5			
Dartnell, Dr. H. M.'s 53rd Regiment, ..	10			
Darvall, Colonel 57th Native Infantry, ..	30		55	
Dashwood, A. J. Esq. Engineers, ..	10			

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Davidson, Major C. ..	1000			1000		
Davidson, Captain 66th Gorkha Regt. ..	368	11	8			
Davidson, Captain, ..	100					
Davidson, H. Esq. C. S. ..	50					
Davidson, Captain 29th Native Infantry.	5					
Davis, - Esq. Lieutenant, ..	4					
Davis, Captain Ex. Engineer, ..				20		
Davis, Captain J. F. Abbotabad, ..				12		
Davis, Mr. W. S. ..				5		
Davis, Sergeant Major- 14th N. I. ..				1	11	6
Dawes, Major General, ..	120					
Dawson, Captain J. ..	50					
DeBude, Mrs. E. ..				5		
D. C. ..	200					
D. C. ..	100					
Deakin, J. F. Esq. Assistant Surgeon, ..				10		
Deane, Mr. E. ..				3		
Dease, Mr. P. ..				5		
Deenauth, Rajah, ..	1000					
Dehra Shah, Abbotabad, ..				1		
Delhie Gazette Press. ..	400					
Delhie, Amateur Club, ..	159					
Delpratt, W. Esq. Assistant Surgeon, ..	100					
Dennis, Captain E. S. 62nd N. I. ..	110					
Dennis, A. D. Esq. Lieutenant H. A. ..	12					
Dennis, Col. M. G. H. M.'s Royl Rifles, ..	200					
Dennis, Colonel G. G. ..	100					
Dent, - Esq. Cornet, ..				10		
Depree, G. G. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	10					
DeQuency, P. J. Esq. H. M.'s 70th Regt. ..	20					
Dernant, Sergeant, ..				4		
Devetree, - Esq. Lieutenant ..				5		
Dewar, Captain 1st Light Cavalry, ..	50					
Dickey, Captain, ..				50		
Dickson, H. Esq. Lientenant, ..				25		
Dillon Mrs. ..				10		
Dimonte, Mr. W. ..				2		
Dirm, T. A. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..				25		
Dixon Captain, ..	5					
Dixon, Mr. ..				5		
Dodgin, Corporal, ..	11					
Dodgson, - Esq. Lieutenant 30th N. I. ..	32					
Dornolly, Mr. ..	100					
Donors -undry (names not stated per } J O'B Sanders Esq. ..	316	10	8			
Dorin, Captain H. A. Asst. Comy. Genl ..	50					
Douglas, Major G. R. ..	60					
Douglas, C. Esq. Surgeon, ..	16					

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Dove, Mrs. .. ..	..	..	..	5	..	..
Drewitt, Mrs. .. ..	..	..	..	5	..	..
Drummond, Colonel	100	..	..	..	..	..
Drummond, Esq. Lieutenant,	10	..	..	..	..	..
Duggan Mr. M. .. ..	..	..	..	10	..	..
Dumbleton, Captain, .. ..	..	..	..	20	..	..
Dunbar, Captain H. M.'s 75th Regiment,	8	..	..	..	..	..
Duncan, Major 43rd Light Infantry,	200	..	..	..	..	..
Duncan, Captain H. A.	100	..	..	..	..	..
Duncan, -Esq. Surgeon.	20	..	..	..	..	..
Dundas, Captain Artillery, .. ..	..	..	..	20	..	..
Dundas, Captain H. M's. Royal Rifles,	10	..	..	..	..	..
Dunford, Colonel H. M's. 70th Regt. .. ..	..	..	..	25	..	..
Dunlop J. Esq. Qr. Mr. H. M's. 75th Regiment,	5	..	..	..	..	..
Dunlop, R. H. Esq. C. S.	50	..	..	500	..	..
Dunmore, Captain 31st N. I.	16	..	..	..	..	..
Dupuis, Mrs. .. ..	..	..	..	5	..	..
Durnsford, Mrs. .. ..	..	..	..	20	..	..
Durrant, Mrs. .. ..	..	..	..	2	..	..
Durrant, -Esq. Lieutenant, .. ..	..	..	..	19	..	..
Dusham, -Esq. .. ..	..	..	..	5	..	..
E						
Earle, E. M. Esq. Lieut. 24th N. I.	10	..	..	..	..	..
Ebden, H. A. Esq. M. D. Surgeon,	50	..	..	..	..	..
E. C.	5	..	..	..	..	..
Ecclestone, Bombr. C. H. A.	5	..	..	..	..	..
Eckford, Major General C. B.	100	..	..	30	..	..
Eden, Captain Jeypore, .. ..	..	..	..	100	..	..
Edgeworth, M. P. Esq. C. S.	600	..	..	..	..	..
Edlin, -Esq. M. D. Surgeon,	100	..	..	..	..	..
Edmonstone, Captain,	20	..	..	..	..	..
Edwardes, Colonel C. B.	100	..	..	150	..	..
Egerton, -Esq. Lieut. 60th N. I.	60	..	..	..	..	..
Egerton, Mrs. .. ..	..	..	..	5	..	..
Eld, Major.	4	..	..	..	..	..
Eldridge, Mr. Riding Master.	2	..	..	..	..	..
Elliott, Mr. H. A. .. ..	..	..	..	5	..	..
Ellis, C. J. E. Esq. 6th Dragoon Guards,	550	..	..	110	..	..
Ellis, Major,	50	..	..	..	..	..
Ellison, Mr. W.	1	..	..	10	..	..
Evans, M's. .. ..	..	..	..	5	..	..
Eyre, Major Vincent C. B.	100	..	..	..	..	..
F						
Faddy, Captain S. B. 35th Native Infantry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Faddy, Captain L. B.	6	..	..	..	..	..

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
Fagan, Captain Deputy Pay Master, ..	100			
Faichnee, Mr. A. G. ..			5	
Fancy Fair Lahore proceeds of per } Miss Lawrence, ..	4038	1 9		
Fancy Fair Unballa proceeds of per } Mrs. Jackson, ..	3122	8		
Fane, General, ..	200			
Farrington Captain Deputy Commissioner	32			
Farrington, Mrs. ..			10	
Farquharson, Major 18th N. I. ..	15			
Farquhar Dr. H. A. ..	34			
Ferguson, Esq. ..			4	
Ferguson, Captain 53rd Native Infantry.	50			
Ferguson, Trump. H. A. ..	5			
Ferris, Major 20th Native Infantry, ..	36			
Fines from Servants (E.) ..	75			
Finnis, Mrs. ..			20	
Firebrand. ..			50	
Fisher, The Revd. ..			106	4
Fitz, Mr. J. ..			5	
Fitzgerald, C. M. Esq. Lieut. 36th N. I.	82			
Fitzgerald, — Esq. Lieutenant 75th N. I.	7			
Fitzgerald, Major M. ..	5			
Fitzpatrick, The Revd. H. ..			30	
Five N. C. Officers at Kohat, ..	25			
Five Native Officials Jullundur, ..			5	8
Fleming, — Esq. Lieutenant, ..	10			
Flewker, Sergeant Major, ..	5			
Flynn, Mr. E. ..	8			
Flyter, Captain 64th Native Infantry, ..	100			
Fooks, Captain Artillery, ..	32			
Foorde, Drum Major 62nd N. I. ..			5	
Forbes, L. Esq. Lieutenant. ..			20	
Forbes, H. Esq. Lieutenant 1st L. C. ..	30			
Forbes, Captain 2nd Light Cavalry, ..	50			
Ford, W. Esq. C. S. ..	45			
Ford Mrs. ..	20			
Fordyce, Colonel J. Artillery, ..	200			
Forrest, G. Esq. Lt. Asst. Comy. of Ordee			5	
Foster, Mr. Edward, ..			5	
Foster, Sergeant, ..			10	
Fowles, Captain, ..	32			
Fox, Qr. Mr. Sergeant 52nd N. I. ..	5			
Fox, Mr. ..			5	
Francis, Captain H. A. ..			100	
Francis, Capt. C. J. H. M.'s 9th Lancers	50			
Franks, R. R. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery,			10	
Franks, R. Esq. C. S. ..	5			

APPENDIX.

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Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Franks, Captain Artillery, ..	20					
Fraser, Captain C. B. ..	40					
Frazer, S. Esq. C. S. ..	101					
Free, Mrs. ..				20		
Free, Lieut. Colonel Bengal Cavalry, ..	24					
Freemason's Lodge Khyber, ..	100					
ditto ditto Jullundur, ..	25					
Freeth, W. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	72					
Freeth, Major ..	50			45		
Fermeaux,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..				8		
French, Mr. ..				5		
Friends to the Asylum, ..	300					
Friends in England (per Miss Lawrence), ..	70					
Friend, (per Lieut. McMullin), ..	10					
Friend, a (per J. A. A.) ..	50					
Friend, a (through F. W. Place Esq.) ..	100					
Friend, a (per J. O. B. Saunders Esq.) ..	16					
Friend, a ditto ..	167	12	10			
Friend, a ..	150					
Friend, a ..	30					
Frith, Major, ..	50					
Frith, Dr. 16th Punjab Infantry, ..				10		
Frost, Mr. J. ..				5		
Fullerton, Colonel H. M.'s 9th Lancers, ..	100					
Fulton,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	23			30		
Fulton G. W. W. Esq. Lieut. Engrs. ..				50	14	13
Fulton, Mr. ..				10		
Fund Balance of after erecting a Tablet to the memory of the Late Lieutenant Edwards, 15th Native Infantry, per Lieutenant Innes, ..	94	8	10			
G						
Gambier H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..				16		
Gammell, F. E. Esq. Lieut. Artillery ..	16					
Garden, Lieutenant Colonel C. B. ..	100					
Garden, A. M. Esq. Surgeon, ..				100		
Garratt, A. N. Esq. Lieutenant Engrs. ..	30					
Garratt, A. W. Esq. ..	10					
Garratt, T. Esq. ..	6					
Geddes, A. D. Esq. Lt. H. M.'s 27th Regiment, ..				5		
Gee, Messrs. ..				5		
Gennys,—Esq. Lieutenant 44th N. I. ..	30					
Gerison, Sergeant R. ..	50					
Gerrard, Colonel J. G. ..				10		
G. and B. Bagulpore, ..	32					
G. H. L. ..	50			50		

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Galloway, Colonel H. M.'s 70th Regt. ..				200		
Gibbon, A. Esq. Surgeon 65th N. I. ..	200					
Gibbon, and Co.				10		
Gibson, Mr. J. 1st European B. F. ..	16					
Gilbert, Major General Sir W, K. C. B,	100					
Gilchrist, Sergeant J. ..				10		
Giles,—Esq. ..				100		
Gilmore, J. A. Esq. C. S. ..	16					
Gilmore, M. A. Esq. C. S. ..	50					
Gilmore,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	60					
Giving, G. E. Esq. ..				50		
Glen, Mr. ..	10					
Glover, Captain T. G. Engineers, ..	20					
Goad, Major L. B, ..				150		
Godby, General C. B. ..	100					
Godby, C. J. Esq. Lieut. Corps of Guides	220					
Golab Singh Maharaja his Highness, ..	125000					
Goldie, Captain Engineers, ..	50			50		
Gomes, Mr. S. ..				1		
Gomm, Sir W. M. Major General G. } C. B. Commander-in-Chief,	1500					
Gomm, Lady, ..	500					
Gooderson, Mr. J. ..				4		
Goodwyn, Captain Engineers, ..	100					
Gordon, G. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery,..	5					
Gordon, Major 1st Sikh Infantry, ..	16					
Gordon, Captain T. 65th N. I. ..	5					
Gough, The Right Hon'ble and Lady, ..	2000					
Governor General The Right Hon'ble } Viscount Lord Canning, .. }				1000		
Gowan, W. M. Esq. Lieutenant, ..				100		
Gowan, Captain J. Y. 18th N. I. ..	368					
Gowan, Brigadier General and Mrs. ..	3 0			316		
Graham, Lieut. Colonel C. B. Artillery, ..	100					
Graham,—Esq. Lieut. 1st Sikh Infantry, ..	10			10		
Graham, T. Esq. ..				20		
Grainger, Mr. J. ..				10		
Grant Captain W. F. A. D. C. ..	100					
Graat, Major General Sir Pat. K. C. B. ..	300					
Grant, Colonel J. H. C. B. H. M.'s } 9th Lancers, .. }	100					
Grant, Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	5					
Greathed, Lt. Col. H. M.'s 8th Regt. ..	20					
Greathed, H. H. Esq. C. S. ..				200		
Greathed, Mrs. ..				10		
Greathed, H. Esq. C. S. ..				100		
Green, J. M. Esq. Lt. H. M.'s 70th Regt. ..				10		
Green, Mrs. Abbotabad, ..				5		

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Green, Captain G. 2nd Native Infantry,	50					
Greenhow. H. M. Esq. Assistant Surgn.				16		
Greig, J. Esq Senior Surgeon 5th L. C...	10					
Griffin, Mr. ..	4					
Grissell, Major J. H. 61st N, I. ..	120					
Gressenthwite, J. B. Esq. ..	200					
Groves, Quarter Master Sergeant J. ..				25		
Gubbins, J. P. Esq. C. S. ..	30					
Gubbins, M. R. Esq. C. S. ..	1000					
Gubbins, C. Esq. C. S. ..	200					
Gully, G. F. Esq. Lieut. D. P. W, ..	100					
Gunashee Lall, ..				7	2	
Gurnell, Captain, ..	20					
Guthrie, Colonel, ..	50					
H						
Hagart, Captain 52nd Native Infantry, ..	50					
Halket, Colonel C. B. ..				60		
Hall,—Esq. Lieutenant 52nd N. I. ..	32					
Hall,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	32					
Hall, Mr. C. ..	32					
Hall, Mr. M. ..	50					
Hall, Major A. 5th Light Cavalry, ..	10					
Hall C. H. Esq. Assistant Commr. ..				50		
Hall, Mrs. ..				10		
Hallifax, Colonel H. M.'s 75th Regt. ..	2			10		
Hallifax, Mrs. ..				10		
Hamier, Captain H. M.'s 87th Regt. ..						
Hamilton, Sir R. N. C. C. S. ..	250					
Hamilton. The Revd. ..	20					
Hamilton,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	15					
Hamilton, Captain 8th Regiment, ..	10					
Hamilton, Captain 9th Lancers, ..	40					
Hamilton, Mr J. C. ..	5					
Hamilton,—Esq. C. S. ..				20		
Hamilton, Major, ..				50		
Hamilton, Mr. H. W. ..				5		
Hamilton, Captain, ..				11		
Hamilton, The Revd. H. ..				350		
Hamilton, The Revd. C. ..				61	12	
Harding, Mr. J. ..				12		
Harding, Mr. Apothecary, ..				10		
Harding, Captain G. W. ..				40		
Harding, The Right Hon'ble G. C. B. ..	500					
Harding, B. Esq. C. S. ..	11					
Hare, Esq. Lieu. 60th Royal Rifles, ..	10					
Harety, A. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	60					
Harris, Captain W. D. 2nd B. F. ..	10					

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Harris,—Esq. Lieut. 17th N. I.	16					
Harrington, The Revd. H.				75		
Harrington, H. B. Esq. C. S.				300		
Harriott, Major D. G. A. General,				20		
Harrison, Captain E. H. A.	30					
Harrison, Dr. T. Staff Surgeon,	10					
Harrison, H. Esq. Lieutenant,	16			10		
Harrison, Mr. R. W. ..				10		
Harrison, Mrs... ..				5		
Hart, J. B. Esq. M. D.	100					
Hart, Mr. W. E. ..				5		
Harvey, Captain 10th Light Cavalry,				16		
Harward, T. W. Esq. Lieutenant,	20					
Hathaway, C. Esq. M. D.	150					
Hathorne, Captain H. M.'s 98th Regt..	16					
Haughton, Captain J. C. H.	60					
Haughton, R. Esq. ..				5		
Havelock, Major General Sir H. K.C.B.	100					
Havelock, Mrs. ..				32		
Hawkes, Mr. R. W. ..				2		
Hawkins, Mr. ..				5		
Hays, The Revd. H. ..	200					
Hay, W. Esq. Lieutenant Malwa,	50			50		
Hay,—Esq. Lieutenant,..	50					
Hays, Mrs. ..	20					
Healy, Dr. ..	4					
Healy, J. P. Esq. ..				5		
Heath, A. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery,	18			30		
Heathcoat, Sergeant, ..				2		
Heavy, H. W. Esq. Ensign 51st Regt. ..				5		
Heberlity A. Esq. ..	2					
Helen, and Charley, ..				6		
Hemming, Dr. ..	50			50		
Henderson, F. C. Esq. ..	100					
Henderson, Captain B. ..	100			100		
Hepper, A. Esq. ..				10		
Herne, Mr. J. ..				5		
Hewitt, Sergeant H. M.'s 87th Regt,				1		
Hickey, Mrs. ..				5		
Hicks, Colonel and Mrs.				100		
Higgins, Mr. T. ..				20		
Higgins, Mr. A. ..				30		
Hill, Captain, ..				10		
Hillersdon, Major W. ..	10					
Hilliard, J. Esq. Surgeon,	16			10		
Hilton, G. A. Esq. Lieut 70th Regt.				10		
Hinxman —Esq. Lieut. Rifles,	30					
H. M.'s 10th Foot, ..	19					

APPENDIX.

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1856 & 1857		Name of Donors'		Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
P	Rs.			Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
		H. M.'s 53rd Regiment (Officers), ..	238				
		ditto 60th Rifles (N. C. O. & Men),	78	8			
		ditto 61st Regiment (Officers), ..	794				
		ditto 61st Regt. (N. C. O. & Men),				178	12
		Hobart, Captain,				25	
		Hockin, Captain P, R. 17th I. C. ..	600				
		Hodgkinson, Mr. E. ..				10	
		Hodgson, H. N. Esq. Lieut. 9th N. I. ..	16			150	
		Hodgson, Major General J. A. ..	50				
		Hodson, Miss, ..	32				
		Hoernle, The Revd. T. ..				5	
		Hoey, J. Esq. ..				16	
		Hogkin, Sergeant 3rd T. 3rd B. ..	10				
		Hoggan, General C. B. ...	32				
		Hoggan, Mrs. ..				10	
		Hogg, S. Esq. C. S. ..	16				
		Hogg, Mr. ..				16	
		Hogge,—Esq. Lieutenant,	25				
		Hogge, Colonel C. Artillery,	10				
		Hogge, Mr. C. ..				50	
		Holland, I. N. Esq. Lieutenant,				15	
		Hotham, Captain 75th Regiment, ..	6			17	
		Hubborne, Rough Rider Artillery,				1	
		Hughes,—Esq. Lieutenant,				50	
		Hughes, Mr. W. J. ..				50	
		Hughes, Captain H. ..	10				
		Hume, A. B. Esq. C. S. ..				50	
		Humer, Seth,	200				
		Humiliation Sermon Kussowlee per } Rev. J. J. Becher, }				366	12
		ditto Dugshaie per Revd. C. Sloggett,				127	8 6
		ditto St. Paul's Cathedral per the } Venble The Arch Deacon, }				1872	7 6
		ditto St. John's Church per ditto,..				1335	
		ditto ditto per Revd. W. Warde,				190	11 6
		ditto Bishop's College per ditto,..				98	14 6
		Hunt, Mrs. ..				9	
		Hunt, Mr. J. ..				2	
		Hunter, Major 15th Native Infantry, ..	100				
		Hunter,—Esq. Ensign, ..	16				
		Hunter, G. Esq. ..				5	
		Hunter,—Esq. Lieutenant,				50	
		Husden, Mr. E. ..				10	
		Huthwaite,—Lieut. Colonel Artillery,..	300				
		Hyde, Staff Sergeant, ..	10				
		I ..					
		Inglis, J. Esq. C. S. ..	20				
		Innes, Major 61st Native Infantry, ..	5			8	8 10

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Irving, Dr. ..	60					
Irving, A. Esq. Lt. 19th Punjab Infantry,				12		
J						
Jackson, W. Esq. Supdg. Surgeon, ..	100					
Jackson, Mrs. W. proceeds of Fancy Fair	254					
Jackson, Captain F. C. ..	50					
Jackson, J. C. Esq. M. D. ..				100		
Jacob, Misses, ..				10		
Jacob, W. Esq. Lieutenant, ..				30		
James, The Revd. H. T. ..				100		
James,—Esq. Lieutenant 32nd N. I. ..	32					
Jameson, Mrs. ..				20		
Jameson, Mrs. ..				10		
Jarman, Mr. W. ..				5		
Jay, The Revd. W. J. ..				281	14	
J. B. G. ..	1000					
Jeffery Rough Riding Corpl. 1st T. 3rd B.	5					
Jefferson,—Esq. C. S. ..	250					
Jefferies,—Esq. Lieutenant and Adjt. ..	50					
Jenkins,—Esq. Lieutenant 1st L. C. ..	50					
Jenkins, Mrs. ..				4		
Jennings, Revd. J. M. ..	150					
Jeune,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	5					
Johnson,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	50					
Johnson, Captain H. C... ..				100		
Johnston, Bugler ..	20					
Johnston,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..				16		
Johnstone, Col. H. M.'s 87th Regt. ..	390					
Johnstone, Sergeant Comrt. Depart, ..				5		
Jones, Mr. J. G. ..				10		
Jones, A. S. Esq. Lieutenant 9th Lancers				100		
Jopp, Captain 16th Bom. N. I. ..	10					
K						
Kashmire, ..				15		
Kavanagh, Staff Sergeant H. A. ..	5					
Kayes, Major E. H. A. ..	275			50		
Keating, Gunner W, 1st T. 3rd Bde. ..	10					
Keating, Sergeant H. A, ..	10					
Keeley, Captain, ..				12		
Keer—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	5					
Keer, Mrs. ..				15		
Keelly, Mr. W. ..				12		
Keiller, Captain G. 6th Native Infantry, ..	50					
Kelsey,—Esq M. D. ..				5		
Kelly, Mr. W. ..				20		
Kemp, D. Esq. Lieutenant, ..				10		

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
Kennedy, T. G. Esq. Lieut. 62nd N. I.	20			20		
Kennedy, Major General J.	100					
Kenny, Mr. J.				2		
Keyes, Captain C. P.	50					
Kidd, R. C. Esq. Lieutenant,	24					
King, J. G. Esq.	4					
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ditto ditto Rawul Pindee,				30		
Saer, Goban,	100					
Sale of Company Drill,	8			50		
Sale, Captain,				60		
Salkeld, P. Esq. Lieutenant.				10		
Salmon, Captain C. S. 51st N. I.	10					
Salter, Lieutenant Colonel,	32					
Saltmarshe, A. Esq. Lieut. H.M.'s 70th				10		
Regiment,				25		
Salway, E. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..				20		
Sandeman, Mrs.						
Sandham,—Esq. Lieutenant 1st L. C. ..	25			100		
Sankey, M. C. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery,	10					
Sapte, Brande Esq. C. S.	16					

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
Satchwell, R. M. Esq. Lieut. 1st N. I. ..	8		10	
Saunders, C. B. Esq. C. S. and Mrs. ..	50			
Scarlett, Mr. F. R. ..			30	
Schandler, Mr. ..			2	
Scheberas, A. Esq. Lieut. H. M's. 70th } Regiment,	10		10	
Sconce, A. Esq. C. S. ..	100			
Sconse, H. Esq. Lieutenant, ..			5	
Scott, Major Artillery, ..			100	
Scott, Major Assistant Comrt. Genl. ..			12	
Scott, F. C. Esq. 28th N. I. ..			5	
Scott, Dr. ..	16			
Scott, — Esq. Lieut. Horse Artillery, ..	10			
Scott, Brigadier C. B. ..	50			
Scott, Major A. C. 70th N. I. ..	164	3		
Scott, Esq. Lieut. 12th Regt. N. I. ..	20			
Scott, Capt. J. 3rd Bombay Cavalry, ..	15			
Scott, — Esq. Lieutenant Duttyar. ..	40			
Scott, — Esq. Cornet 7th Light Cavalry, ..	5			
Scott, Mrs. ..			10	
Scott, Mrs. ..			5	
Scott, Mrs. ..			5	
S. D. K. Baghulpore, ..	4			
Seamore, J. Bm. 1st T. 3rd B. H. A. ..	5			
Seaton, Major C. B. ..	10			
Shadwell, L. Esq. Lt. H. M's 98th Regt. ..	50			
Shakespear, A. Mrs. ..			5	
Shakespear, Sir R. Colonel, ..	225			
Shank, A. Esq. C. S. ..	10			
Sharpe, The Revd. J. ..	10			
Sharpe, Captain Engineers, ..	100			
Sharpe, Sergeant 3rd T. 3rd B. H. A. ..	2			
Sharpe, Mrs. ..			20	
Shaw, — Esq. Lieutenant, ..			5	
Shaw, Mr. H. ..			5	
Shaw, Mr. G. ..			5	
Shaw, Mr. ..			5	
Shaw, Revd. W. ..	26			
Shebbeare, T. Esq. Lieutenant, ..			8	8 10
Sheehan, Mr. W. F. ..			1	
Sheehan, J. Sergt. 1st T, 3rd B. H. A. ..	5			
Shepherd, A. H. Captain 14th I. C. ..	109			
Shepherd, J. Esq. Cornet 1st L. C. ..	120	6 8		
Shib Chunder Mitter Shahpore, ..			40	
Short, Mrs. ..			5	
Short, W. D. Esq. C. S. ..			5	
Shuldham, Colonel 15th Native Infantry, ..			78	5 8
Shuldham, Mr. E. H. ..	10			

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Shuler, Colonel Bombay Army, ..	100			
Shute, Mrs. ..			5	
Shute, Colonel T. H. M.'s 70th Regt. ..			50	
Sibley,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	10			
Sibley, Mrs. ..			10	
Sibbald, Colonel C. B. ..	20			
Siddons, Captain, ..	10			
Sigley, W. Staff Sergeant H. A. ..	10			
Silva, Mr. A. ..	5			
Sim Geo. Esq. Lieutenant Engineers, ..	50			
Simeon,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..			20	
Simeon, Captain Major of Brigade, ..	16		42	
Simeon, A. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	10			
Simla Reunion Fund per Colonel Mountain C. B. }	204			
Simms,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	10			
Simons, A. Esq. Lieutenant H. A. ..	32			
Simpson,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	20			
Simpson, Capt. Asst. Comy. General, ..	50		10	
Simpson, Mrs. ..	10			
Sirdars of the Umballa District on the fall of Delhie. }			200	
Skene, Capt. Supdt. and Comg. at Jhansi, ..			25	
Sleeman, Lieutenant Colonel A. G. G. ..	800		50	
Small, Dr. D. H. ..	25			
Smallman, J. Mr. Asst. Exe. Officer, ..	10		50	
Smallpage, F. E. Esq. Lieutenant, ..			42	
Smelt, H. Esq. C. S. ..	50			
Smith Dudley, R. Esq. ..			100	
Smith, Mr. J. H. Lahore, ..			2	
Smith, M. G. Esq. Lieut. 57th N. I. .			16	
Smith, Miss Abbotabad, ..			10	
Smith, Mrs. Abbotabad, ..			10	
Smith, Miss, ..			10	
Smith, Mr. P. ..			10	
Smith, B. Esq. Surgeon Artillery, ..			25	
Smith, Captain J. H. 16th Irregular C...			5	
Smith, C. M. Esq. Civil Surgeon, ..	40			
Smith,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	5			
Smith, Moseley Esq. C. S. ..	500		400	
Smith, Major General, ..	100			
Smith, A. S. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	20			
Smith,—Esq. C. S. ..	150			
Smith, H. M. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	16			
Smith,—Esq. Lieutenant 16th I. C. ..	5			
Smith,—Esq. Ensign 29th Native Infantry ..	5			
Smith, A. Captain 3rd Punjab Infantry, ..	47			
Smith, G. Esq. Lieut. 13th N. I. ..	60			

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Smith, G.C. Major 3rd L. C. ..	60			
Smyth, Lieutenant Colonel J. H. H. A. ..	16		250	
Sneyd, Captain N. R. 57th N. I. ..	62		29	
S. N. G... ..	972			
Snow, Captain 9th. Light Cavalry, ..	10			
Spadding, S. Gunner 1st T. 3rd B. H. A. ..	2			
Sparling, Mrs. ..			5	
Speck, Lieut. Colonel 17th N. I. ..	50			
Spence, J. Esq. C. S. ..	20			
Spence, Mr. G. ..			25	
Spenser, Captain, ..			25	
Spenser, Mr. H. ..			10	
Spiers, A, Lieut. Colonel 11th N. I. ..	50			
Spiers, A. J. Esq. C. S... ..	500			
Spottiswoode Major, ..	10			
Spriggs, Sergeant 3rd T. 3rd B. H. A. ..	1			
Spry, H. W. Esq. Assist. Surgeon, ..			5	
Spry, A. B. The Revd. ..			415	8
Stacey, Miss (Simla) ..			15	
Stafford, J T Esq. Lieut. 3rd P. C. ..	15			
Stainforth, S. B. Esq. Lieut. and Adj. ..	52			
Stalker, Major General C. B. ..	100			
Stalker, Brigadier General Bombay, ..	50			
Stannus, J. H. Esq. Lieut. 5th L. C. ..	50			
Stedman, Lieut. Colonel 1st L. C. ..	50			
Steinbach, Colonel Maharajah Goolab } Singh's Service, .. }	50			
Stephens, Mr. J. ..	2		2	
Stephens, Major, ..			100	
Stephens, Captain H. V. Loodiana, ..	60			
Stevens, Mr. J. ..	32			
Stevens, Major J. ..	100			
Stevenson,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	50			
Stewart,—Esq. Lieutenant Engineers, ..			20	
Stewart,—W. Esq. Lieutenant, ..			16	
Stewart, Captain C. B. 3rd N. I. Oude,..			50	
Stewart, Dr. A. H. M's 14th Dragoons, ..	16			
Stewart, Captain R. 16th N. I. ..	50			
Stewart, W. Esq. Lieut. Artillery, ..	32			
Stothert, H. Esq. Lieut. 4th N. I. ..			10	
Strachey,—Esq. Lieutenant 66th N. I. ..	100			
Straker,—Esq. M. D. Asst. Surgn. ..			5	
Straker, Dr. Supg. Surgeon By. Army,..	79			
Strawbridge, Revd. A. Umritsur, ..			16	
Stroud, C. Sergeant Major Artillery, ..			10	
Sturt, Colonel W. M. N. ..	25			
Stubbs, Captain 49th N. I. ..	100			
tubbs, F. W. Esq. Lieut. Artillery, ..			20	

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
Stud Department, received of Officers } of, Per Revd. J. B. D'Aguilar, .. }	600			
Sundries per Captain O'Wilkinson, ..			14	
Swatman, Colonel 15th N. I. ..	100			
Swinton, A. A. Esq. C. S. ..	100			
Swinley, Major, ..	60			
Swinhoe, H. Esq. Lieut. 30th Regt. N. I. ..	16			
Syme,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	16			
Symonds, R. Esq. Factory Supt. ..			10	
Symson, Captain, ..			10	
Synge, Captain, ..			10	
T				
Tait, Major Commanding 3rd I. C. ..	100			
Taitson, Mrs. ..			10	
Talbot, H. Esq. ..			15	
Tapsell, Mr. ..	5			
Taylor, B. Esq. C. S. Agra, ..	50			
Tayor, Major R. Deputy Comr. Punjab, ..	155		50	
Teague, Mrs. ..	1			
Teasdale, Mr. H. ..			1	
Tebbs, G. Captain, ..	50			
Tej Singh, Rajah, ..	5000			
Teschemaker, F. R. Esq. Lt. Bombay A. ..	50			
Thakoor, Persaud (Doobey,) ..	200			
Thank Offering A. ..	400			
Theobald, W. Esq. ..			50	
Theobald, W. Esq. C. S. Cuttack, ..	50			
Thomas,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..			8	8
Thomson, Captain W. A. A. G. G's. B. } Guard, .. }	90	10		
Thomason, J. The Hon'ble Lieut. Govr..	500			
Thompson,—Esq. Qr. Mr. H. M's. 70th } Regiment, .. }	10		20	
Thompson, Captain Revenue Survey Dept.	25			
Thompson, Lieut. Col. 40th Regt. N. I. ..	20			
Thompson, W. J. Major A. C. G. ..	100			
Thompson, C. Esq. Assistant Surgeon, ..			16	
Thompson, P. Esq. Lieut. Artillery, ..			50	
Thompson, Mrs. ..			2	
Thompson, Mrs. ..			10	
Thornton, E. Esq. C. S. ..			40	
Thorpe, Mr. J. J. ..			10	
Thorsley, Major A. A. G. G. ..	300			
Thring,—Esq. Surgeon, ..	5			
Tierney, W. Esq. C. S. ..	3			
Ting, Sergeant Artillery, ..			5	
Timins, Colonel H. M's. 70th Regiment,	32			

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
Tombs, Major Artillery, ..	32		126	
Toole, Qr. Mr. Sergeant 4th Bengal A... ..	5			
Toolsee Ram, Moonshee Ex. A Comr. ..			6	
Tottenham,—Esq. Lieut. Collected by, ..	145			
Tovey, A. C. H. Esq. Lt. H. M's. 70th } Regiment, .. }			10	
Tovey,—Esq. Lieut. J. T. Engineers, ..	63			
Townsend,—Esq. Lieut. Assistant Surgn.			16	
T. P. J. ..	10			
Traill, G. B. Esq. Lieut. Artillery. ..			25	
Travers,—Esq. Lieut. 1st Punjab Cavalry.	20			
Travers,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	5			
Travers. Lieutenant Colonel, ..			25	
Tremenhere, Colonel C. B. ..	200			
Trisser, Mr. Conductor,..			2	
Tritton, Mrs. ..			5	
Troohig,—Esq. Sergt. 1st T. 3rd B. H.A.	10			
Tronson, Captain R. N. 2nd B. F. ..	16			
Trotter,—Esq. Lieut. and Adj. 45th N. I.	4			
Trotter, Mr E. W. Madhopore, ..			10	
Trotter, W. L. Esq. Lieut. 45th N. I. ..			16	
Trower, Captain C. P. 23rd Right N. 1...	100			
Trower, Captain. ..			10	
Tucker, Dr. 17th Regiment N. I. ..	16			
Tulloh, Captain Assistant Commissioner,			5	
Turnbull, G. D. Esq. C. S. ..			200	
Turnbull, G. D. Captain, ..			100	
Turnbull,—Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..			16	
Turnbull, A. Esq. Vetry. Surgeon, ..	10			
Turner,—Esq. Lieutenant 21st N. I. ..	4			
Turner, Captain 1st Regiment N. I. ..			10	
Turner, Major F. Artillery, ..			100	
Tuson, H. The Revd. ..	25		500	
Tweedale, E. Captain 8th L. C. ..	100			
Tyrhill, Mrs. ..			5	
Tyrwhitt,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	20			
Tytler W. F. Captain A. Qr. M. G. ..	100			
U				
Unadjusted Account of Officers 4th } Regiment N. I. .. }			23	3 9
Upjohn, T. Corporal 1st T. 3rd B. H. A.	5			
V				
Vaillant, Captain, ..	50			
Van Courtland Mrs. ..	100		100	
Vaughan, C. Esq. ..			10	
Vaughan, Captain 5th Punjab Infantry,..	100			

APPENDIX.

LXXXI

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A P.	Rs.	A P.
Vaughan, Revd. J. on behalf of Asst. } Surgeon J. Hinton, .. }	50			
Vaughan,—Esq. Lieutenant 21st N. I. ..	25			
Vanrennan, D. C. Esq. Lieut. Artillery,	50			
Vernon, Captain, ..	5			
Viret, F. C. The Revd. ..	244			
Vincent, Mr. ..			20	
Voight Mr. ..			20	
Volk, P. Esq. C. S. ..			20	
Vyall, J. Mr. Steward 9th Lancers, ..	16			
W				
Wade, Mr. W. Madhopore, ..			5	
Wake, Captain, ..	100			
Walcott, E. Y. Esq. Ensign 57th N. I. ..			10	
Walden, P. A. D. Gr. H. A. ..	5			
Wale, Captain Comg. Seikh Infantry, ..			50	
Walker, J. T. Esq. Lt. Bombay Engrs...	16		100	
Walker, H. Esq. C. S. ...			25	
Walker, Dr. ..	50			
Walker, E. W. E. Esq. Lieut. Artillery,	41			
Walker, Captain, ..			25	
Wallace, Mr. J. ..	16			
Wallace,—Esq. Lieutenant 74th N. I. ..	20			
Waller, Lieutenant Colonel Artillery, ..	40			
Walter, Mrs. W. ..			5	
Warburton, Captain A. A. G. C. ..	100			
Ward, H. Esq. Lieutenant 33rd N. I. ..	50			
Ward,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	10			
Ward, J. N. Esq. ..	4			
Warncliffe,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..			5	
Warner,—Esq. Lieutenant W. 7th L. C. ..	5			
Watson, W. Esq. Supertending Surgeon,	50			
Watson, Dr. J. C. 58th Regiment, ..	75			
Watson, Captain A. D. C. ..	20			
Wauchope, R. A. Esq. 57th N. I. ..			5	
Waugh, Colonel, ..			50	
Webb, Mr. T. ..			5	
Wedderburn, J. Esq. C. S. ..	200			
Weller, Captain J. H. ..	350			
Wells, B. Mr. ..			5	
Wellwisher, A. ..	10			
West, J. Far. 1st T. 3rd B. H. A. ..	5			
West, Mr. J. H. Umballa, ..			5	
Western, Major J. R. ...	16			
Weston,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	50			
Weston, Lieut. Colonel 31st Regt. N. I.,	50			

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.		1856 & 1857	
	Rs.	A/P.	Rs.	A/P.
Weston, Messrs, ..			5	
Weymss, Colonel 9th Light Cavalry, ..	16			
Wheeler, Brigadier C. B. ..	50		32	
Wheeler, Colonel S. G. 37th Regt. N. I. ..	1000			
White, Mr. P. W. ..			5	
White, Mrs. ..			5	
White, Dr. J. 13th Irregular Cavalry, ..	50			
White, A. Esq. Asst. Surgn. 45th N. I. ...	5			
Whiting, Revd. W. J. ..	100			
Widow, A. ..	5			
Wilkie, Major 4th Native Infantry, ..			32	
Wilkinson, Sergeant, ..			1	
Wilcox, Mrs. ..			2	
Wilcox, Lieutenant Colonel, ..	100			
Williams, Mr. J. F. ..			3	
Williams, Mr. N. E. Dera Ismal Khan, ..			8	
Williams, Mr. B. ..			4	
Williams, Dr. ..			10	
Williams, F. Esq. C. S... ..			100	
Williams, Captain, ..	28			
Williamson, Lt. Col H. M.'s 27th Regt. ..	20			
Willis, Captain J, Asst. Comy. General, ..	10		36	
Willis,—Esq. Lieut. S. A. C. General, ..			16	
Willing, Mrs. ..			10	
Wilson, Mrs. A. ..			5	
Wilson, W. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ...			25	
Wilson, T. H. Esq. Lieut. 57th N. I. ..			10	
Wilson, Dr. ..	10			
Wilson, T. A. Esq. ..			20	
Winthorp, W. Esq. C. S. ..	100			
Wintle, Lieut. Colonel 29th Regt. N. I. ..	20			
Wise, J. P. Esq. C. S... ..			50	
Wise, J. Esq. Surgeon Artillery, ..			25	
Wollaston,—E. Lieut. and Adj. M.B.C. ..	100			
Wood, Lieutenant Colonel Artillery, ..	50			
Wood, Sergt. 3rd T. 3rd Brigade H. A. ..	2			
Wood, Colonel M. S. G. G. ..	100			
Wood, W. C. Esq. Ex. Asst. Comr. ..			5	
Woodcock, S. Esq. Lieut. Artillery, ..	50			
Woodcock, Captain Artillery, ..			50	
Woodroffe, Sergt. 3rd T. 3rd B. H. A. ...	1			
Woodward, Mr. W. P. ..			10	
Woodward, Mr. J. ..			1	
Wrench, W. Captain 5th Light Cavalry, ..	5			
Wriford,—Esq. Lieut. 7th Light Cavalry, ..	20			
Wright, Mrs. Abbotabad, ..			10	
Wroughton, Miss Simla, ..			15	
Wylly, A. F. Esq. Lieutenant, ..	10			

Name of Donors'	Up to 1856.			1856 & 1857		
	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A	P.
X						
X's. contribution to the Peshawur col- } lection, }				500		
X. Y. Z. }				80		
Y						
Yarsley, J. Bomr. 1st T. 3rd B. H. A. ..	2					
Yule, Major H. M.'s 16th Lancers, ..	100					
Yule, H. Esq. Lieutenant Engineers, ..	100					
Yule, Captain, ..	50					
Young, K. Colonel J. A. G. ..	600			200		
Young, Captain Sappers and Miners, ..	100					
Young, Captain Comy. of Ordnance } Delhi, }				200		
Young,—Esq. Lieutenant Engineers, ..	50					
Young, C. M. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery, ..	32			35		
Young,—Esq. Lieutenant, ..	50					
Young, J. R. Esq. ..				60		
Young Ladies at Mrs. Havelock's school, ..				24		
Young, Miss... ..				4		
Younghusband, Captain, ..				100		

~~~~~

Dr.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

|                                                                                            |    |    |        |    |    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|--------|----|----|
| Balance in hand from year 1855,..                                                          | .. | .. | 3,896  | 14 | 0  |
| Subscriptions,..                                                                           | .. | .. | 33,360 | 6  | 11 |
| Donations, ..                                                                              | .. | .. | 17,698 | 3  | 11 |
| Allowance of 10 Rupees per mensem for Children on the Government Foundation, (L. O. S.) .. | }  |    | 15,880 | 2  | 11 |
| Allowance for outwards of the L. O. S. maintained in the Asylum, ..                        | }  |    | 3,350  | 5  | 11 |
| Trust Deposit on account of Children, ..                                                   | .. | .. | 339    | 1  | 2  |
| Rent, ..                                                                                   | .. | .. | 91     | 8  | 0  |
| Interest of Government paper &c. ..                                                        | .. | .. | 3,847  | 15 | 4  |
| Parents, Payments, ..                                                                      | .. | .. | 2,280  | 9  | 9  |
| Total Co.'s Rupees,.....                                                                   |    |    | 90,745 | 3  | 11 |

Dr.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

|                                                                                          |    |    |         |    |    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|---------|----|----|
| Balance on hand from year 1856,..                                                        | .. | .. | 2,862   | 0  | 11 |
| Subscriptions,..                                                                         | .. | .. | 17,511  | 11 | 11 |
| Donations, ..                                                                            | .. | .. | 68,129  | 3  | 3  |
| Allowance of 10 Rs. per mensem for Children on the Government, (L. O. S.) Foundation, .. | }  |    | 12,417  | 5  | 7  |
| Allowance for outwards of the L. O. S. maintained in the Asylum, ..                      | }  |    | 3,185   | 0  | 9  |
| House Rent, ..                                                                           | .. | .. | 662     | 8  | 0  |
| Parents Payments, ..                                                                     | .. | .. | 1,391   | 13 | 7  |
| Balance, .. .. 4673 15 8                                                                 |    |    |         |    |    |
| Total Co.'s Rupees,.....                                                                 |    |    | 106,159 | 12 | 0  |

W. J. PARKER,

Principal &amp; Secretary L. M. A.

Examined and found Correct,

F. D. VIVIAN,

Auditor of Accounts from 1853 to 1857 inclusive.

# APPENDIX.

LXXXV

FOR THE YEAR 1856.

Cr.

|                                                                                                                                                      |        |    |    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----|----|
| Salaries of European Staff, .. .. .                                                                                                                  | 13,122 | 7  | 8  |
| Wages of Native Establishment,.. .. .                                                                                                                | 4,743  | 0  | 6  |
| Provisions, .. .. .                                                                                                                                  | 16,529 | 14 | 11 |
| Clothing, Bedding &c. .. .. .                                                                                                                        | 10,791 | 2  | 6  |
| Printing report for 1855, Books and Stationery, }<br>Advertisements, &c. .. .. . }                                                                   | 2,275  | 6  | 0  |
| Postage, .. .. .                                                                                                                                     | 308    | 11 | 6  |
| Sundries, including necessities for Establishment, }<br>Repairs Furniture and Fittings, and other charges not coming under the above heads,.. .. . } | 5,817  | 5  | 6  |
| Completion of Girls' house, House for Steward }<br>new Hospital, sundry out offices, &c. &c. .. .. . }                                               | 23,967 | 12 | 2  |
| Profit and loss account Printing Establishment, ..                                                                                                   | 329    | 6  | 3  |
| Balance in hand, .. .. .                                                                                                                             | 2,862  | 0  | 11 |
| Total Co.'s Rupees,.....                                                                                                                             | 80,745 | 3  | 11 |

FOR THE YEAR 1857.

Cr.

|                                                                                                                |         |    |    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----|----|
| Salaries of European Staff, .. .. .                                                                            | 14,204  | 10 | 1  |
| Wages of Native Establishment,.. .. .                                                                          | 6,427   | 12 | 5  |
| Provisions, .. .. .                                                                                            | 28,260  | 0  | 8  |
| Clothing, Bedding, &c... .. .                                                                                  | 19,985  | 8  | 10 |
| Books, Stationery, Printing and Advertisements, ..                                                             | 1,723   | 9  | 0  |
| Sundries, comprising Repairs Necessaries for Establishment, Furniture and Fittings, &c. &c. .. }               | 7,574   | 10 | 5  |
| Postage, .. .. .                                                                                               | 126     | 6  | 0  |
| Arrears, Building materials, &c. Completion }<br>of Boys, House, Girls' dining Hall and other works, .. .. . } | 20,605  | 11 | 7  |
| Profit and loss Printing Office, .. .. . 880 1 0*                                                              | 2,577   | 7  | 5  |
| ditto Watson & Co. Calcutta, 1,97 6 5 }                                                                        | 4,673   | 15 | 7  |
| Balance in hand 28th February 1858, .. ..                                                                      |         |    |    |
| Total Co.'s Rupees,.....                                                                                       | 106,159 | 12 | 0  |

\* N. B. The Printing account shows a balance loss on both years. But there are good debts outstanding to the amount of Rs. 3500 and a stock of books for sale and use and paper value 700 Rupees more.



REPORT AND CASH STATEMENT FOR FIRST  
HALF OF 1858.

Whilst the preceding report was passing through the press, intimation was received by Telegraph, that it was the intention of Government to assume the entire charge of the Lawrence Asylum from the 1st July. Subsequently, copies of the Official Correspondence on the subject were forwarded to the Secretary. The spirit in which the subjoined letter of the Honorable Court of Directors, is written, will, the Committee think, give satisfaction to all the friends of the Institution. The fear has been expressed, that the Asylum, if assumed by Government, would be entirely altered in its character and management; and the exercise of individual responsibility would be effectually arrested by the interference of an authority at a distance, and unable to judge accurately of circumstances.

There is exhibited however in this letter a manifest anxiety to maintain the Institution in all its integrity as what it has to some extent been and was intended to be made under its late Founder and President.

*“Extract from a Despatch from the Honorable the Court of Directors in the Public Department, No. 44 of 1858 dated 23rd March 1858. Paras. 3 and 4. Para 3.—*Impressed therefore with a sense of the great public importance of the Lawrence Asylum, and with the policy, no less than the duty, of affording to the children of the European Soldiers in India, the physical and moral advantages which it is the object of the Asylum to secure for them, we have resolved not to await the report we have called for, but to sanction at once the assumption of the charge of the Lawrence Asylum, to be supported, saving the payments made by the parents of non-Orphan children, out of the public funds, and conducted under the Supervision of Government Officers.

4.—The wise and comprehensive scheme on which the Asylum was established, will probably render unneces-

sary any material alterations of plan: and indeed any change which would deprive the Institution of the character stamped on it by its distinguished founder, is to be deprecated. It will be necessary to consider carefully to what authority, whether to a Committee as at present, or to an individual Officer, the immediate control of the Asylum should be entrusted, and on this point being settled, the rules for the admission of children, and for the management of the Establishment should undergo a detailed examination. We desire that before the revised rules for conducting the Asylum as a Government Institution are finally adopted, they be submitted for our orders together with a Statement of the Establishment, and of all the expenditure, which it may be proposed to incur. In fixing the scale of Establishment, and expenditure, we rely on every care being taken to limit the cost to the lowest amount, consistent with thorough efficiency.

(True extract)

(Signed) CHAS. MACLEOD,  
*Registrar Foreign Department.*

(True Copies)

(Signed) W. KIRKE,  
*Superintendent."*

The Guardians congratulate the Subscribers on the termination of their charitable exertions. Many noble instances of self denial have helped to make the Asylum what it is; and most honourable to the Indian community has been the way in which it has been supported. Since the mutinies, fresh efforts have been made to secure for it some degree of permanence, and make up for the losses it has sustained. About two Lacs of Rupees have been collected, here, and in England. But this sum would only to a limited extent have secured the object in view, nor as it reasonable to hope that the unaided generosity of the Indian Public would have been sufficient to enable it for the future to extend its

advantages to such greatly increased numbers, as the present increase in the European Army demands that it should do. It must therefore be satisfactory to all interested in the Institution to find, that the Indian Government has stepped forward to supplement the charitable efforts which the Subscribers have made and to do, what with all their efforts they could not do, to place the Asylum on a permanent basis.

The Guardians in each successive report have thankfully acknowledged the providence of God in the career of the Asylum, and the generous liberality of its numerous subscribers, and they now append a final list of subscribers, with much gratitude for past support. They trust they may be forgiven if they express a hope, that some, at least, of that benevolence to which they have been so much indebted, may be turned into a new channel; and that the "Aboo Lawrence School" may enjoy the same fostering care which the Lawrence Asylum has experienced.

*Sanawur,*  
*31st July, 1858.* }



**LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS, AND DONATIONS RECEIVED FROM 1ST  
FEBRUARY TO 30TH JUNE 1858, INCLUSIVE.**

| Name and Period.                               |    |            | Amount. |      |
|------------------------------------------------|----|------------|---------|------|
|                                                |    |            | Rs.     | A P. |
| Anson, Major O. H. St. George,                 | .. | 1858       | 30      |      |
| Arnold, W. D. Esq.                             | .. | "          | 200     |      |
| Aris, Seargant Commissariat Department,        | .. | "          | 2       |      |
| Artillery, 1st Troop 1st Bde. Horse Artillery, | .. | "          | 14      | 1    |
| ditto 3rd Troop 1st Bde.                       | .. | "          | 39      | 2    |
| ditto 2nd Troop 2nd Bde.                       | .. | "          | 39      | 8    |
| ditto 1st Com. 1st Batn.                       | .. | "          | 35      |      |
| ditto 2nd Com. 1st Batn.                       | .. | "          | 14      | 3    |
| ditto 3rd Com. 1st Batn.                       | .. | "          | 24      | 3 3  |
| ditto 1st Com. 2nd Batn.                       | .. | "          | 45      |      |
| ditto 3rd Com. 2nd Batn.                       | .. | "          |         | 11   |
| ditto Staff 2nd Batn.                          | .. | "          | 2       | 8    |
| ditto 2nd Com. 3rd Batn.                       | .. | "          | 53      | 7    |
| ditto 3rd Com. 4th Batn. (Staff)               | .. | "          | 10      |      |
| ditto 6th Com. 6th Batn.                       | .. | "          | 42      |      |
| ditto Recruit Depôt Meerut,                    | .. | "          | 28      | 5    |
| Bagott, Major Nusseeree Battalion,             | .. | 1858       | 2       |      |
| Baker, Captain W. T. ditto                     | .. | "          | 12      |      |
| Baker, Mr. Sub-Cond. r.                        | .. | "          | 5       |      |
| Beatson, W. B. Esq. M. D.                      | .. | "          | 50      |      |
| Blanchard Major,                               | .. | 1857-1858  | 110     |      |
| Boileau, Col. A. H. E. Engrs.                  | .. | 1856-57-58 | 180     |      |
| Boileau, Col. Commanding 4th Batn.             | .. | 1858       | 8       |      |
| Browne, W. Esq. Horse Artillery                | .. | "          | 1       |      |
| Buckle, H. B. Esq. M. D.                       | .. | "          | 3       |      |
| Butt, W. B. Esq. M. D.                         | .. | "          | 27      |      |
| Carleton, Staff Surgeant T. M. T. Battery      | .. | 1858       | 4       | 8    |
| Cocks, Arthur Esq. C. S.                       | .. | "          | 200     |      |
| Cornolly, F. H. Esq. Lieutenant,               | .. | "          | 1       |      |
| Cooper. Mr. Cond. M.                           | .. | "          | 7       |      |
| Cornwall, Sergeant Major E.                    | .. | "          | 1       |      |
| Cripps, A. W. Esq. Lieutenant,                 | .. | "          | 5       |      |
| Dandridge, C. C. Esq. Lieutenant,              | .. | 1858       | 7       |      |
| Dennis, Captain E. S.                          | .. | "          | 50      |      |
| Dickens, Captain A. D.                         | .. | "          | 100     |      |
| Douglas, R. Esq. Lieutenant,                   | .. | "          | 5       |      |
| Drought, Colonel 60th Native Infantry..        | .. | "          | 5       |      |
| Dumbleton, Captain A. V.                       | .. | "          | 8       |      |
| Eekford, Major General C. B.                   | .. | 1858       | 50      |      |
| Edgeworth, M. P. Esq. C. S.                    | .. | 1857-1858  | 100     |      |

| Name and Period.                          |    |      | Amount. |    |    |
|-------------------------------------------|----|------|---------|----|----|
|                                           |    |      | Rs.     | A  | P. |
| Farrer, the Revd. F.                      | .. | 1858 | 10      |    |    |
| Flewker, Sergeant Major, ..               | .. | "    | 3       |    |    |
| Franks, R. R. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery,  | .. | "    | 10      |    |    |
| Garstin, Captain E. S.                    | .. | 1858 | 4       |    |    |
| Goad, G. S. Esq. Ensign, ..               | .. | "    | 4       |    |    |
| Government Subscription, ..               | .. | "    | 800     |    |    |
| Gowan, Major General, ..                  | .. | "    | 4       |    |    |
| Graham, G. T. Esq. Lieutenant,            | .. | "    | 9       |    |    |
| Greathed, Captain W. W. Engineers,        | .. | "    | 50      |    |    |
| Green, Captain W. C.                      | .. | "    | 9       |    |    |
| Greenwoods, Sergeant, ..                  | .. | "    | 1       | 12 |    |
| Grindall, Captain, ..                     | .. | "    | 8       |    |    |
| Halkett, Colonel, ..                      | .. | 1858 | 48      |    |    |
| Hamilton Captain, ..                      | .. | "    | 25      |    |    |
| Hamilton, Sir W. Bart, Lieutenant,        | .. | "    | 10      |    |    |
| H. M's. 8th (King's) Regiment,            | .. | "    | 97      | 4  |    |
| H. M's. 9th Lancers (Officers,)           | .. | "    | 276     |    |    |
| H. M's. 9th Lancers N. C. O. and Men,     | .. | "    | 133     | 15 |    |
| H. M's. 10th Foot, ..                     | .. | "    | 250     | 12 |    |
| H. M's. 27th Foot (Officers,)             | .. | "    | 164     |    |    |
| H. M's. 61st Regiment (Officers,)         | .. | "    | 165     |    |    |
| H. M's. 70th Regiment, ..                 | .. | "    | 116     |    |    |
| H. M's. 81st Regiment, ..                 | .. | "    | 170     | 12 |    |
| Hoey, J. R. Esq. Vetry. Surgeon,          | .. | "    | 21      |    |    |
| Hogg, S. S. Esq. C. S. ..                 | .. | "    | 50      |    |    |
| Howard, Captain E. W. E.                  | .. | "    | 9       |    |    |
| Innes, J. C. Esq. Lieutenant,             | .. | 1858 | 2       |    |    |
| Jones, A. S. Esq. Lieutenant 9th Lancers, | .. | 1858 | 5       |    |    |
| Jones, Colonel W. 49th Native Infantry,   | .. | "    | 5       |    |    |
| Jones, W. B. Esq. C. S. ..                | .. | "    | 5       |    |    |
| Johnstone, Captain H. C. Revenue Survey,  | .. | "    | 5       |    |    |
| Kaye, Major Artillery, ..                 | .. | 1858 | 40      |    |    |
| Larkins, Captain R.                       | .. | 1858 | 5       |    |    |
| Lawrence, Sir J. L. M. G. C. B.           | .. | "    | 1000    |    |    |
| Lewis, Captain H.                         | .. | "    | 80      |    |    |
| Lloyd, Captain B. P.                      | .. | "    | 200     |    |    |
| Marriott, Sergeant S. S.                  | .. | 1858 | 7       |    |    |
| McKenzie, Captain A.                      | .. | "    | 39      |    |    |
| McRae, ..                                 | .. | "    | 3       |    |    |
| Miles, Captain C. W.                      | .. | "    | 96      |    |    |
| Murphy, Staff Sergeant E. (Late,)         | .. | "    | 2       |    |    |

# APPENDIX.

xc1

| Names and Period.                          |           |  | Amount. |    |    |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------|--|---------|----|----|
|                                            |           |  | Rs.     | A  | P. |
| Obbard, Captain, ..                        | 1858      |  | 9       | 3  | 6  |
| Officers, Punjab Divn. (June,) ..          | "         |  | 19      | 11 |    |
| Page, E. D. Esq. Local Lieutenant,..       | 1858      |  | 24      |    |    |
| Paske, E. Esq. Lieutenant, ..              | "         |  | 50      |    |    |
| Piercy, Captain H. J. ..                   | "         |  | 2       |    |    |
| Pollock, F. R. Esq. Lieutenant, ..         | 1856-1857 |  | 200     |    |    |
| Presant T. Esq. Lieutenant, ..             | 1858      |  | 5       |    |    |
| Prior, Major C. ..                         | "         |  | 7       |    |    |
| Renny, Captain R. ..                       | 1858      |  | 6       |    |    |
| Richards, Major General Sir W. K. C. B.    | "         |  | 96      |    |    |
| Sanctuary, Captain J. P. ..                | 1858      |  | 1       |    |    |
| Sankey, M. C. Esq. Lieut. and Adj. Arty.   | "         |  | 24      |    |    |
| Schruder, Mr. Sub. Condr. ..               | "         |  | 3       |    |    |
| Shipley, Col. N. Y. H. M's. 27th Regiment, | "         |  | 540     |    |    |
| Stainforth, J. B. Esq. Lieutenant, ..      | "         |  | 15      |    |    |
| Steel, Brigadiar J. C. B. ..               | "         |  | 50      |    |    |
| St. George, Captain J. H. ..               | "         |  | 12      |    |    |
| Taylor, J. S. Esq. Lieutenant Engineers,   | 1858      |  | 60      |    |    |
| Thompson, Captain J. F. ..                 | "         |  | 16      |    |    |
| Tudor, J. B. Esq. Lieutenant, ..           | "         |  | 6       |    |    |
| Walker, T. N. Esq. Lieutenant, ..          | 1858      |  | 5       |    |    |
| Watson, Captain T. (Bhagulpore,) ..        | "         |  | 12      |    |    |
| Watson, J. Esq. Lieut. and Adj. 4th Batn.  | "         |  | 10      | 8  |    |
| Watson, J. Esq. Lieut. Comg. 4th P. Cavy.  | "         |  | 48      |    |    |
| Williams, F. Esq. C. S. ..                 | "         |  | 100     |    |    |
| Williams, Captain H. P. Dy. Pay Master,    | "         |  | 4       |    |    |

## DONATIONS.

| Names of Donors.                                 |    | Amount. |       |
|--------------------------------------------------|----|---------|-------|
|                                                  |    | Rs.     | A. P. |
| Alexander, Captain,                              | .. | 10      |       |
| Alone, Jno. Esq.                                 | .. | 150     |       |
| Anderson, Capt. G. G.                            | .. | 50      |       |
| Anonymous, ..                                    | .. | 50      |       |
| Anson, Major, ..                                 | .. | 5       |       |
| Arthur, J. R. Esq. C. S.                         | .. | 50      |       |
| Aspundiarjee, Mr.                                | .. | 3       |       |
| Atherton, H. Esq. C. S.                          | .. | 5,000   |       |
| Balance, of Soldiers' Banquet Landour,           | .. | 26      |       |
| Bappigee Vittoba, Mr.                            | .. | 3       |       |
| Barton, Mrs. Colonel proceeds of work sold,      | .. | 300     |       |
| B. E. ..                                         | .. | 4,800   |       |
| Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, ..                      | .. | 943     | 5 7   |
| Boswell, J. J. Esq. Lieutenant,                  | .. | 16      |       |
| Boswell, Captain, ..                             | .. | 16      |       |
| Bourchier, Colonel Artillery, ..                 | .. | 10      |       |
| Calcutta, Patriotic Fund, ..                     | .. | 5,750   |       |
| Carey, DeVic F. Esq. Lieutenant Artillery,       | .. | 10      |       |
| Chisholm, Mr. ..                                 | .. | 4       |       |
| Cockburn, R. Esq. ..                             | .. | 50      |       |
| Cole, W. T. Esq. Deputy Collector Shahbundur, .. | .. | 15      |       |
| "Collection, A." per Major G. Kirby. ..          | .. | 179     |       |
| Company Drill, sale of, per Colonel Shuldham, .. | .. | 12      |       |
| Cookes, Captain Artillery, ..                    | .. | 6       |       |
| Corbett, Captain C. A. ..                        | .. | 25      |       |
| Cox, Major General, ..                           | .. | 50      |       |
| Dadabo Pullunjee, Mr. ..                         | .. | 5       |       |
| Deane, Mr. J. R. ..                              | .. | 30      |       |
| D'Gruyther, W. H. Esq. ..                        | .. | 25      |       |
| Dick, Major General, ..                          | .. | 20      |       |
| Dinapore Relief Fund, ..                         | .. | 100     |       |
| Eckford, Mr. ..                                  | .. | 10      |       |
| Edwards, Mss. ..                                 | .. | 2       |       |
| Eli Bucksh, Native Merchant Landour,             | .. | 15      |       |
| Eser, Mr. ..                                     | .. | 2       |       |
| Fernandes, Mr. ..                                | .. | 1       |       |
| Forsyth, Mr. ..                                  | .. | 5       |       |
| Frere, H. B. E. Esq. ..                          | .. | 500     |       |
| Friend, A at Deyrah, ..                          | .. | 50      |       |
| Friend, A per W. H. D'Gruyther Esq. ..           | .. | 25      |       |

| Names of Donors.                                | Amount. | Rs. A P. |  |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------|----------|--|
| Friend, A per Captain Dudgeon,                  | 25      |          |  |
| Friend, A per the Revd. F. Farrer,              | 50      |          |  |
| Garrett, A. Esq. Lieutenant,                    | 100     |          |  |
| Gibbs, J. Esq. Assistant Judicial Commissioner, | 100     |          |  |
| Gillespie A. Esq. Lieutenant,                   | 16      |          |  |
| Grierson, Dr. Staff Surgeon,                    | 100     |          |  |
| Hall, Mrs.                                      | 20      |          |  |
| Hamilton, Captain,                              | 32      |          |  |
| Hay, Mr.                                        | 10      |          |  |
| Henderson, Captain,                             | 100     |          |  |
| Hicks, Captain, 22nd Native Infantry,           | 39      |          |  |
| H. M's. 24th Regiment (Officers,)               | 149     |          |  |
| Jacob, W. Esq. Lieutenant,                      | 70      |          |  |
| Khyber, Masonic Lodge,                          | 500     |          |  |
| Lobo, Mr.                                       | 1       |          |  |
| Maher, W. Esq. Deputy Collector,                | 20      |          |  |
| Mahomed Roza Moonshee,                          | 2       |          |  |
| Maister, Captain G. Artillery,                  | 50      |          |  |
| McKinnon, J. Esq.                               | 20      |          |  |
| Melville, P. S. Esq. C. S.                      | 100     |          |  |
| Mutiny Fund London,                             | 10,000  |          |  |
| Murray, Captain, Mussooree,                     | 10      |          |  |
| Nicolls, Captain Ex. Engineer,                  | 300     |          |  |
| Norman, Captain H. M's. 10th Regiment,          | 160     |          |  |
| Offertory Fund per Revd. H. Tuson, Mussooree,   | 90      |          |  |
| ditto per Revd. J. P. Harris, Allahabad,        | 100     |          |  |
| Panton, Mr. J.                                  | 25      |          |  |
| Panton, Mr. J. W...                             | 5       |          |  |
| Paterson, Captain A. H.                         | 100     |          |  |
| Pestonjee Hormusjee, Mr.                        | 2       |          |  |
| Phillips, Captain J. C.                         | 16      |          |  |
| Pixton, Esq. Lieutenant,                        | 30      |          |  |
| Poynder, Mr.                                    | 5       |          |  |
| Preedy, Major H. N.                             | 100     |          |  |
| Quin, T. Esq. Lieutenant,                       | 50      |          |  |
| Reid, H. S. Esq. Director Public Instruction,   | 100     |          |  |
| Richards, Major General Sir W. K. C. B.         | 80      |          |  |



| Names of Donors.                                     | Amount. |      |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------|------|
|                                                      | Rs.     | A P. |
| Ritchie, Orderly Room Sergeant, ..                   | 5       |      |
| Rudman, Captain W. H. M's. 32nd Regiment, ..         | 20      |      |
| Ryley, Captain G. .. ..                              | 30      |      |
| Sage, Mrs. .. ..                                     | 16      |      |
| Scott, T. F. O. Esq. Lieutenant, ..                  | 50      |      |
| Sheikh Ahmed, Moonshee, ..                           | 2       |      |
| Shipley, Colonel N. Y. 7th Fusiliers, ..             | 300     |      |
| Simmons, Mr. Clerk, ..                               | 5       |      |
| Shuldham, Colonel, ..                                | 25      |      |
| Southey, Captain Deputy Collector, ..                | 10      |      |
| Spencer, Mr. J. A. ..                                | 5       |      |
| Spread, Captain, ..                                  | 20      |      |
| Stewart, M. J. Esq. C. S. ..                         | 50      |      |
| Sokaram, Moonshee, ..                                | 3       |      |
| Stewart, Major Collector, ..                         | 50      |      |
| Surveyors, 4 Native Captain Hamiltons' Office, ..    | 8       |      |
| Swetenham, Major, ..                                 | 10      |      |
| Thank Offering, A. ..                                | 65      |      |
| ditto from portion of Lucknow Garrison, per } ..     | 257     |      |
| Rev'd. J. P. Harris, ..                              |         |      |
| Thanks for preservation during the war 1857-1858, .. | 100     |      |
| Thomson, G. Esq. E. A. Comr. ..                      | 100     |      |
| Todd, Mr. .. ..                                      | 10      |      |
| Toolsing, Mr. H. Clerk, ..                           | 5       |      |
| Tyrwhitt, Captain Commanding Police Bat. Meerut ..   | 100     |      |
| Unclaimed property sale of, at Officers' Mess. } ..  |         |      |
| H. M's. 75th Regiment, ..                            |         |      |
| Urmston, H. B. Esq. Lieutenant, ..                   |         |      |
| Vincent, General, .. ..                              |         |      |
| Vivian, E. J. Esq. M. D. ..                          |         |      |
| Viret, the Rev'd. T. C. ..                           |         |      |
| Wade, Mr. Joseph, .. ..                              |         |      |
| Waddy, Captain, .. ..                                | 16      |      |
| Walcott, E. G. Esq. Lieutenant, ..                   | 25      |      |
| Walker, Captain J. T. ..                             | 100     |      |
| Warner, Mr. .. ..                                    | 1       |      |
| Wangh, Col nel, .. ..                                | 20      |      |
| Williams, Major G. .. ..                             | 100     |      |
| Williamson, Colonel H. M's. 27th Regiment, ..        | 300     |      |
| Willing, Mrs. .. ..                                  | 10      |      |
| Wriford, Captain C. R. ..                            | 50      |      |

# FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

FOR THE FIVE MONTHS FROM 1ST FEBRUARY TO 30TH JUNE 1858.

Dr.

Cr.

|                                           | Rs.    | A  | P. |                                           | Rs.    | A  | P. |
|-------------------------------------------|--------|----|----|-------------------------------------------|--------|----|----|
| Balance from 1857, .. ..                  | 4,673  | 15 | 8  | Sundries,* .. ..                          | 7,685  | 7  | 0  |
| Subscriptions, .. ..                      | 7,234  | 12 | 0  | Salaries, .. ..                           | 6,509  | 12 | 8  |
| Donations, .. ..                          | 17,775 | 1  | 7  | Wages of Native Establishment, .. ..      | 3,356  | 9  | 3  |
| Govt. Allowance for In-wards L. O. S. ..  | 8,333  | 8  | 8  | Clothing, .. ..                           | 3,574  | 5  | 1  |
| ditto Out-wards, .. ..                    | 2,191  | 14 | 4  | Provisions, .. ..                         | 6,020  | 15 | 9  |
| Parents Payments, .. ..                   | 556    | 0  | 0  | Books, Stationery, Printing 4,000 Re- ..  | 4,548  | 7  | 6  |
| Special Donation for Scholarship H. A. .. | 5,000  | 0  | 0  | ports and advertisements, .. ..           | 4,860  | 10 | 7  |
| ditto ditto ditto B. E. .. ..             | 5,000  | 0  | 0  | Completion of Buildings and repairs, ..   | 362    | 14 | 0  |
| TRUST DEPOSITS. .. ..                     |        |    |    | Postage, .. ..                            | 45     | 15 | 0  |
| Thomason Medal, .. .. 104 0 0 }           | 132    | 13 | 0  | Interest, .. ..                           | 15,611 | 5  | 11 |
| Jane Baker, .. .. 28 13 0 }               | 1,663  | 5  | 6  | Balance carried to account of the Govt. } |        |    |    |
| Printing Office Profit, .. ..             | 15     | 0  | 0  | of India. .. ..                           |        |    |    |
| Rent, .. ..                               |        |    |    |                                           |        |    |    |
| Total Co.'s Rupees, ....                  | 52,576 | 6  | 9  | Total Co.'s Rupees, ....                  | 52,576 | 6  | 9  |

\* Comprising necessities for Establishment, Furniture and fittings, Water Establishment and all charges not specially noted.

*Donations to Special objects.*

| Names of Donors.                         | Amount. |    |    |
|------------------------------------------|---------|----|----|
|                                          | Rs.     | A  | P. |
| Artillery, 3rd Company 2nd Battalion, .. | 8       | 15 |    |
| Anonymous, .. ..                         | 150     |    |    |
| Becher, The Revd. J. Y. .. ..            | 30      |    |    |
| Ford and Self, Messrs. Landour, ..       | 16      |    |    |
| H. M.'s 24th Regiment, .. ..             | 56      |    |    |
| ditto 32nd ditto Light Infantry, ..      | 127     |    |    |
| ditto 61st ditto Officers .. ..          | 72      |    |    |
| ditto 75th ditto, .. ..                  | 58      |    |    |
| Jacob, W. Esq. Lieutenant, .. ..         | 10      |    |    |
| Obbard, Captain H. S. .. ..              | 0       | 15 | 6  |
| Officers Lahore Division, .. ..          | 12      |    | 6  |
| Russell, W. H. Esq. .. ..                | 25      |    |    |

STATEMENT OF ASSETS TO CREDIT OF THE LAWRENCE  
MILITARY ASYLUM, ON THE 1ST JULY, 1858.

1.—20 Government promissory Notes for Companies  
Rupees 5,000 each, the gift of Maharajah Gulab Singh  
of Cashmere, viz.

|       |                                   |       |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| 29731 | { of 1854-55 dated 30th June 1854 |       |
|       | the 4 per cent loan,              |       |
| 29732 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29733 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29734 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29735 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29736 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29737 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29738 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29739 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29740 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 20741 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29742 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29743 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29744 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29745 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29746 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |
| 29747 | ..... ditto .....                 | 5,000 |

|       |                   |       |
|-------|-------------------|-------|
| 29748 | ..... ditto ..... | 5,000 |
| 29749 | ..... ditto ..... | 5,000 |
| 29750 | ..... ditto ..... | 5,000 |

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 100,000

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |         |   |    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---|----|
| 2.—A promissory note, number not known, the gift of H. Atherton Esq. C. S. (deposited as is No. 1. with the Secretary to the Bank of Bengal and on which some interest is due amount not known) <i>for a Scholarship</i> , .....      | 5,000   | 0 | 0  |
| 3.—A promissory note No. 6835 of 2555 of 1842-43 dated 10th March 1855 deposited by the Trustees of the "Thomason Testimonial" the interest to purchase Thomason Medals for the reward of good conduct and progress in Studies, ..... | 1,300   | 0 | 0  |
| 4.—Cash deposited by B. E. to found a Scholarship, .....                                                                                                                                                                              | 5,000   | 0 | 0  |
| 5.—Interest due on the 20 promissory notes No. 1. from 1st January 1857 to 1st July 1858, 1 years' and a half, .....                                                                                                                  | 6,000   | 0 | 0  |
| 6.—Allowance due for In-wards of the L.O. S. for April May and June, not yet received, @ 1,400 per mensem, .....                                                                                                                      | 4,200   | 0 | 0  |
| 7.—Allowance due for Out-wards of Lower Orphan School, H.E.I.C.S. from 1st January to 1st July 1858, .....                                                                                                                            | 3,000   | 0 | 0  |
| 8.—Allowance due for Out-wards of Lower Orphan School, H. M. S. for May and June, 1858, .....                                                                                                                                         | 145     | 0 | 0  |
| 9.—Parents' payments due, .....                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 100     | 0 | 0  |
| 10.—Good debts due to the Printing Office account, about, .....                                                                                                                                                                       | 1,500   | 0 | 0  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 126,245 | 0 | 0  |
| 11.—Cash balance on the 1st July 1858,                                                                                                                                                                                                | 15,611  | 5 | 11 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 141,856 | 5 | 11 |

The actual cash Balance is, 15,611-5-4, but this includes the 5,000 Rupees mentioned above by B. E.

MEMO. OF BUILDINGS MADE OVER TO GOVERNMENT,

| <i>Officers' Houses.</i>             | <i>Value.</i> |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Principal's house and Offices, ..... | 9,000         |
| Medical Officer's, ,, .....          | 6,000         |
| Head Master's, .. ,, .....           | 2,500         |
| 1st Assistant's and Offices, .....   | 2,000         |
| 2nd Assistant's,... ,, .....         | 1,400         |
| Clerk's, .. .. .. ,, .....           | 1,500         |
| Steward's..... ,, .....              | 2,500         |
|                                      | <hr/>         |
|                                      | 24,900        |

*Main Buildings.*

|                                           |         |
|-------------------------------------------|---------|
| Girls' house and Offices, .....           | 60,000  |
| Boys' house and Offices, .....            | 72,000  |
| Chapel and library, .....                 | 21,000  |
| Boys' School room, .....                  | 10,000  |
| Public works' class room,... ..           | 1,000   |
| Printing .....                            | 2,900   |
| Pupil Teachers' .....                     |         |
| Mule House, .....                         |         |
| Tank, .....                               |         |
| Parents' .....                            | 1,200   |
| Houses in .....                           | 1,200   |
|                                           | <hr/>   |
|                                           | 178,400 |
|                                           | <hr/>   |
|                                           | 198,300 |
| Enclosure walls, roads and repairs, ..... | 11,000  |
|                                           | <hr/>   |
|                                           | 209,300 |
|                                           | <hr/>   |











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Brief account of past ten years of  
Widener Library

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